

Public Health COVID-19 update

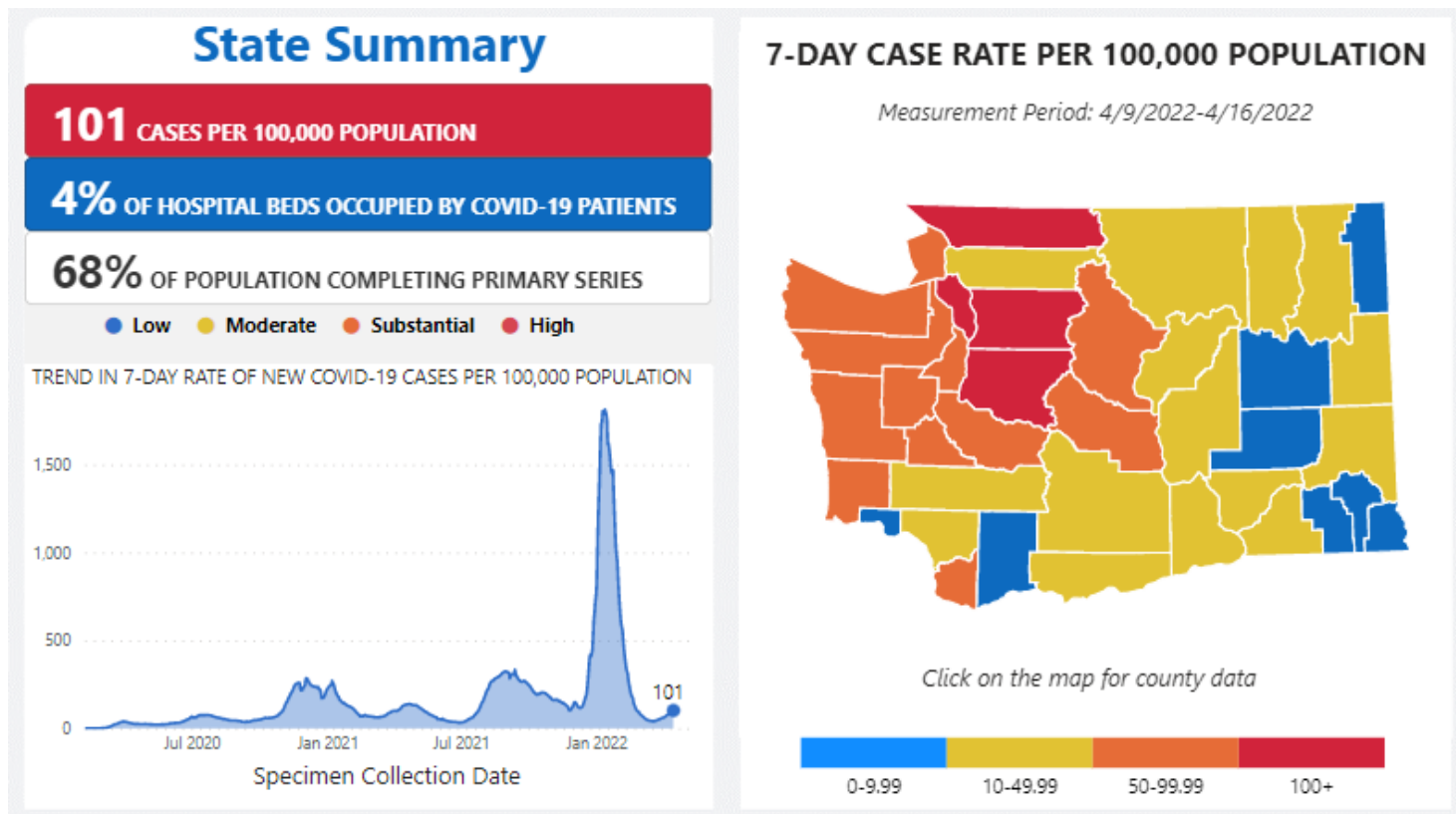
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Washington COVID-19 activity

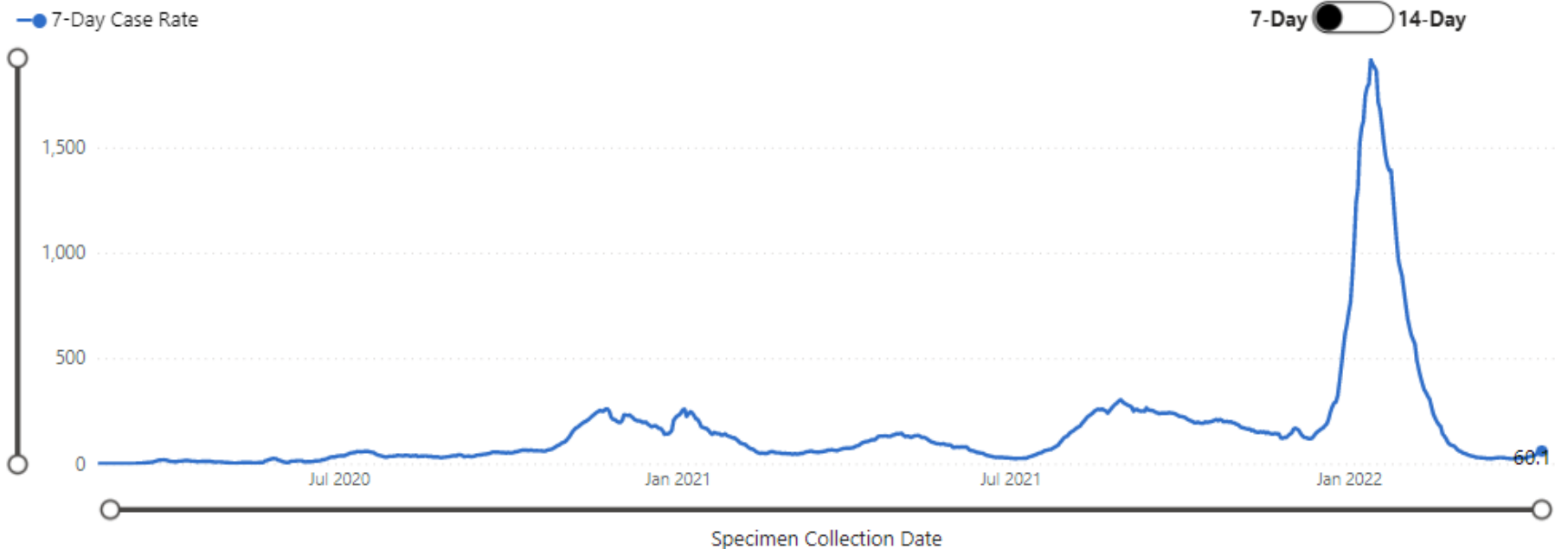
- Statewide COVID-19 case rates are beginning to increase; some counties are seeing higher rates than others.
 - 7-day case rate through April 16 is 101 cases per 100,000 people.
- Statewide hospitalization rates remain low.
 - 7-day hospitalization rate through April 16 is 2.3 admissions per 100,000.



Clark County COVID-19 activity

- Clark County COVID-19 case rates are low but beginning to increase.
 - 7-day case rate through April 16 is 60 cases per 100,000 people.
- Clark County hospitalization rates are low but increased in the last week.
 - 7-day hospitalization rate through April 16 is 2.4 admissions per 100,000.
 - About 5% of hospital beds are occupied by COVID-19 patients.

TREND IN 7-DAY RATE OF NEW COVID-19 CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION



BA.2

- While rates are low, we are keeping an eye on the omicron BA.2 subvariant, which is causing case numbers to increase elsewhere in the US and the world.
- BA.2 accounts for most COVID-19 cases in the US, according to [CDC](#).
 - For the week ending April 23, BA.2 accounted for 97% of cases.
 - The new sublineage BA.2.12.1 accounted for 29% of those cases
 - For the week ending April 16, BA.2 accounted for 94% of cases, of which 19% were BA.2.12.1.
- BA.2 also accounts for most cases in Washington, according to [state DOH](#).
 - For the week ending April 9, BA.2 accounted for 91% of cases.
 - That's up from 84% the previous week and 46% four weeks ago.
 - Due to the time it takes to complete sequencing, the most recent time period is based on a very small number of sequenced cases and likely to be adjusted over time.



Clark County COVID-19 vaccination

- The number of people getting vaccinated and boosted has stalled.
 - 66% of people 5+ years are fully vaccinated in Clark County
 - 57% of fully vaccinated people 12+ years have received a booster in Clark County.

PERCENT VACCINATED, WITHIN AGE GROUP



COVID-19 boosters

- Everyone 12 years and older is eligible for a booster dose. Boosters should be given:
 - At least 2 months after receiving the Johnson & Johnson vaccine
 - At least 5 months after receiving the Pfizer or Moderna vaccine
- The CDC recently issued recommendations for a second booster dose for certain people:
 - Those 50 years and older
 - People who received the Johnson & Johnson vaccine for their primary dose and booster dose
- CDC guidance also says people who are moderately or severely immunocompromised can choose to get a second booster dose.
- People eligible for a second booster dose can get a dose of an mRNA vaccine – Pfizer or Moderna – at least 4 months after getting their first booster dose.

