

VOTERS' PAMPHLET

Washington State Elections
& Clark County

General Election
November 5



2024

Official Publication



WASHINGTON
Secretary of State

Ballots mailed out by **October 18**
1 (800) 448-4881 | sos.wa.gov/elections

Dear fellow Washingtonians,

I am pleased to present the 2024 November 5 General Election Voter Pamphlet on behalf of the Office of the Secretary of State. This general election allows you to have a say in our government at the local, state, and national levels and choose our nation's next president.

Elections are the cornerstone of democracy, and I encourage you to utilize the comprehensive guides provided by the Office of the Secretary of State to make informed decisions.

You must be registered to vote to make your voice heard. Online and mail voter registrations and updates must be received by Oct. 28. You can register in person at a county elections office until 8 p.m. on Election Day.

The redesigned VoteWA.gov portal allows voters to check their registration status and register for text alerts of ballot processing. [VoteWA](https://VoteWA.gov) provides access and security essential for Washington's voter access enhancements, which include Automatic Voter Registration and the Future Voter program.

You can easily vote from the comfort of your home and use the paid postage provided with your ballot, as long as the ballot is postmarked by Election Day. The USPS recommends mailing ballots back at least one week before Election Day.

All voters may cast their ballot up until 8 p.m. on Election Day at a county election office or any of the more than 500 secure drop-boxes and voting centers located throughout Washington.

The Office of the Secretary of State is committed to safe and secure elections for every community across Washington.

Sincerely,



Kevin McMahan
Assistant Secretary of State

Register to Vote

Use VoteWA.gov to:

- Register to vote
- Update your info
- Track ballot status



Tracking your ballot is easier than ever!

Sign up for text notifications when you register or update your info at VoteWA.gov.



Or text VOTE to VOTEWA (868392).

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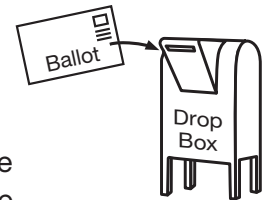


Deadlines

Ballots mailed to voters by: October 18
 Register by mail, received by: October 28
 Register online by: October 28
 Register in person by: November 5, 8 p.m.
 Election Day: November 5

Voter tip:

Use an official drop box before 8 p.m. on Election Day. Or, if you choose to mail your ballot, the USPS recommends a week before Election Day. Don’t let a late postmark disqualify your ballot.



? Who donates to campaigns?

View information on financial contributors for federal candidates:

Federal Election Commission

www.fec.gov
 Toll Free 1 (800) 424-9530

View financial contributors for state and local candidates and measures:

Public Disclosure Commission

pdc@pdc.wa.gov
 www.pdc.wa.gov
 Toll Free 1 (877) 601-2828

i Political parties

Washington State Democrats

PO Box 4027
 Seattle, WA 98194
 (206) 309-8683
 info@wa-democrats.org
 www.wa-democrats.org

Washington State Republican Party

11811 NE 1st St
 Ste A306
 Bellevue, WA 98005
 (425) 460-0570
 info@wsrp.org
 www.wsrp.org

i Candidates submitted their information for this pamphlet prior to printing. For the most current information, sign in to **VoteWA.gov**.

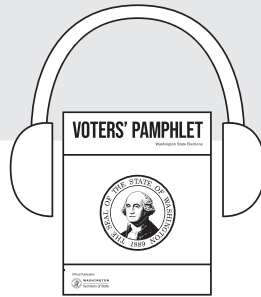
Are accessible voting options available?

Audio voters' pamphlet available at

www.sos.wa.gov/elections.

No internet access? To receive a copy on a USB drive, call 1 (800) 448-4881.

Contact a county elections office to find an accessible voting unit near you.



Student Engagement Hubs



Public universities offer Student Engagement Hubs to ensure that students never miss an election just because they're away from home.

For dates, hours, and locations, contact student leadership at:

- CWU Ellensburg
- EWU Cheney
- TESC Olympia
- UW Bothell
- UW Seattle
- UW Tacoma
- WSU Pullman
- WSU Tri-Cities
- WSU Vancouver
- WWU Bellingham

Are language services available?

Los votantes del estado de Washington pueden acceder a un folleto electoral para las elecciones generales y a un formulario de inscripción electoral en español en Internet en **sos.wa.gov/elections**.

Ingrese a **VoteWA.gov** para consultar su guía electoral personalizada en Internet o para inscribirse y actualizar su información electoral.

Los votantes de los condados de Yakima, Franklin y Adams reciben materiales electorales bilingües. Los votantes del condado de King pueden solicitar sus materiales de votación en español.

Para solicitar una edición impresa del folleto electoral o de un formulario de inscripción electoral en español, llame al **1 (800) 448-4881**.

華盛頓州的選民可以由網上取得中文版普選選民手冊以及選民登記表，網址為 **sos.wa.gov/elections**。

請瀏覽**VoteWA.gov**以查看您的個人化網上選民指南，或登記及更新您的選民資料。

金郡的選民可以索求中文版投票資料。

如欲索取中文選民手冊印副本或選民登記表，請致電 **1 (800) 448-4881**。

Cử tri tại tiểu bang Washington có thể truy cập trực tuyến Sách Hướng dẫn Cử tri cho cuộc Tổng tuyển cử và mẫu đơn đăng ký cử tri bằng Tiếng Việt tại địa chỉ **sos.wa.gov/elections**.

Truy cập **VoteWA.gov** để xem trực tuyến hướng dẫn dành cho cử tri được cá nhân hóa của quý vị hoặc đăng ký và cập nhật thông tin cử tri của quý vị.

Cử tri tại Quận King có thể yêu cầu tài liệu bỏ phiếu đã được dịch sang Tiếng Việt.

Để yêu cầu bản in của sách hướng dẫn cử tri hoặc mẫu đơn đăng ký cử tri bằng Tiếng Việt, xin quý vị vui lòng gọi số **1 (800) 448-4881**.

The federal Voting Rights Act requires translated elections materials.

How do I register to vote?

Online: Register at VoteWA.gov.

By mail: Request a paper form be mailed to you or print your own at sos.wa.gov/elections.

No internet access? Call 1 (800) 448-4881.

In person: Visit a county elections office (listed at the end of this pamphlet).

Registration deadlines



By mail or online: Your application must be received no later than October 28.

In person: Visit a local voting center no later than 8 p.m. on November 5.

Check your registration info at VoteWA.gov.

Qualifications

To vote, you must be at least 18 years old, a U.S. citizen, a resident of Washington, and not currently serving a sentence of total confinement in prison for a felony.



What if I'm not 18 yet?

If you are 16 or 17, become a Future Voter!

Sign up with your Washington state driver's license, permit, ID, or the last four digits of your Social Security number. You'll be automatically registered to vote when you qualify.



Felony conviction?

Your right to vote is restored when you are no longer serving a sentence of total confinement in prison.



You must re-register to vote in order to receive a ballot.

You may re-register to vote by mail, in person, or online at VoteWA.gov.

Moved? Update your voting address

Contact a county elections office to request a ballot at your new address.



By October 28: Have your application received by mail or updated online.

Or

By November 5: Visit a local voting center in person.

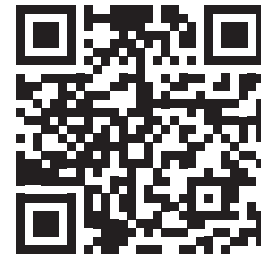
i The Washington State Legislature established a webpage with interactive budget information created by the Legislative Evaluation and Accountability Program (LEAP) Committee and the Office of Financial Management (OFM).

WA Budget Summary:

<https://fiscal.wa.gov/budgetsummary>

Legislative Information Center:

1 (800) 562-6000



How can you access this webpage?

- Type the URL into your browser
- Scan the QR code with your smartphone or tablet
- Call the Legislative Information Center

What's in the budget?

Operating Budget: pays for day-to-day operations of state agencies, colleges and universities, and public schools (including federal funds and dedicated funds).

Transportation Budget: pays for transportation activities, such as designing and maintaining roads and public transit.

Capital Budget: pays for acquiring and maintaining state buildings, public schools, higher education facilities, public lands, parks, and other assets.

Initiatives and referenda are used by the people to create state laws.

Initiative

Any registered voter may propose an initiative to create a new state law or change an existing law.

Initiatives to the People are proposed laws submitted directly to voters.

Initiatives to the Legislature are proposed laws submitted to the Legislature.

Before an **Initiative to the People** or an **Initiative to the Legislature** can appear on the ballot, the sponsor must collect...



324,516
registered voters'
signatures

8% of all votes in the last Governor's race

Referendum

Referendum Bills are proposed laws the Legislature has referred to voters.

Referendum Measures are laws recently passed by the Legislature that voters have petitioned to be referred to the ballot.

Any registered voter may petition that a law proposed by the Legislature be referred to voters before taking effect.

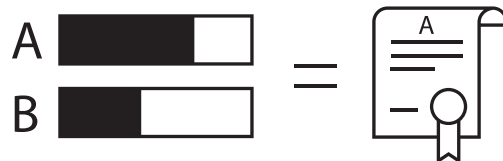
Before a **Referendum Measure** can appear on the ballot, the sponsor must collect...



162,258
registered voters'
signatures

4% of all votes in the last Governor's race

Initiatives and referenda become law with more than 50% of the vote.



Initiative Measure No.

2066

Initiative Measure No. 2066 concerns regulating energy services, including natural gas and electrification.

This measure would repeal or prohibit certain laws and regulations that discourage natural gas use and/or promote electrification, and require certain utilities and local governments to provide natural gas to eligible customers.

Should this measure be enacted into law?

Yes

No

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The Secretary of State is not responsible for the content of statements or arguments (WAC 434-381-180).

Explanatory Statement

Written by the Office of the Attorney General

The Law as It Presently Exists

Earlier this year, the Washington Legislature passed a law that regulates Puget Sound Energy (PSE), a large utility that provides gas and electricity to customers. That law is known as the “Washington Decarbonization Act.”

The Decarbonization Act consolidates PSE’s numerous reporting and planning requirements into a single plan, which must be submitted to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (UTC). The plan must forecast customer energy demand and provide proposals for reducing greenhouse gas emissions from its operations. PSE’s plan must explain how it will transition from natural gas to electricity in a cost-effective way and how it will coordinate with local utilities when it targets an area for further electrification. In deciding whether to accept or reject the plan, the UTC must consider whether it reduces greenhouse gas emissions, meets energy efficiency targets, and results in a reasonable cost to customers.

The Decarbonization Act further prohibits PSE from offering customers rebates or incentives to buy appliances that use natural gas. Instead, PSE must educate its customers about the benefits of transitioning to electricity and the availability of rebates or incentives for energy efficient electric appliances.

The Decarbonization Act also sets requirements for how the UTC determines rates for PSE customers. For example, it would change how the UTC must calculate the depreciation of gas plants when determining rates.

The Effect of the Proposed Measure if Approved

If approved, Initiative Measure No. 2066 would repeal or amend certain provisions of the Decarbonization Act. Specifically, Initiative Measure No. 2066 would prohibit PSE rate plans that restrict access to gas service and any planning requirements that render gas service cost-prohibitive. It would allow PSE to offer rebates to purchase natural gas appliances or equipment and PSE would not be required to educate customers about the benefits of electrification or the availability of rebates for energy efficient appliances. It would also remove requirements that PSE target certain areas for electrification and coordinate with local utilities to further electrification.

The measure would also require gas utilities and local governments to provide natural gas to customers who demand it, even if other energy services or energy sources are available. It would further prohibit local governments, air pollution control agencies, and the State Building Code Council from prohibiting, penalizing, or discouraging the use of gas.

Fiscal Impact Statement

Written by the Office of Financial Management
For more information visit www.ofm.wa.gov/ballot

FISCAL IMPACT SUMMARY

If voters approve Initiative 2066, there will be a net increase in state costs for rulemaking activities at state agencies of approximately \$29,100. There could be an increase in state revenues due to gas utilities needing to purchase additional carbon auction allowances and increased public utility tax revenue, but the amount of increased revenue is unknown. Local governments will have increased costs to redo some Growth Management Act planning work, but the total costs of doing so are indeterminate. Two cities that operate gas utilities could have increased costs for carbon auction allowances, but those costs are also indeterminate.

General Assumptions

- The effective date of the initiative is December 5, 2024.
- The provisions of the initiative apply prospectively, not retroactively.
- The estimates use the state’s fiscal year (SFY) of July 1 through June 30. State fiscal year 2025 is July 1, 2024, through June 30, 2025

State Revenue

Department of Ecology

Under the Climate Commitment Act, the Department of Ecology administers the Cap-and-Invest Program, which sets a cap on overall carbon emissions in the state and requires businesses to obtain carbon emission allowances equal to their covered greenhouse gas emissions. Under the program, any gas utility that is responsible for 25,000 metric tons or more of carbon dioxide-equivalent emissions per year is required to acquire emissions allowances equal to its emissions. Gas utilities currently receive free emission allowances to help ease the cost burden of transitioning away from fossil fuels. In 2024, the utilities receive emission

allowances equal to 86% of their utility’s emissions, and that amount decreases by 7% per year ongoing.

Initiative 2066 would prohibit natural gas utilities from offering incentives to customers to terminate their natural gas service and requires utilities providing natural gas to offer natural gas service to those who demand it. This change could result in utilities being required to buy more emission allowances than anticipated under current law, resulting in greater demand at allowance auctions, which could increase the prices paid for allowances and thereby generate increased carbon allowance auction revenues for the state. Because the future demand for natural gas is unknown, any change in revenue to the state is indeterminate.

Department of Revenue

Under the initiative, there could be an impact to public utility taxes collected. The Department of Revenue cannot determine how many customers would use natural gas or how long it would take for utilities to offer it to all users in their service area; therefore, the total impact to state public utility tax revenue is indeterminate.

State Expenditures

State agency expenditures are estimated to be a net total of \$29,100 over five state fiscal years as a result of the initiative. Costs and savings by agency are:

Table 1. Expenditures, by agency (State General Fund and Public Services Revolving Account)

(See Table 1 on page 10.)

State Building Code Council

The initiative would require the State Building Code Council (SBCC) to amend various energy and building codes that limit the use of natural gas. To amend those codes, the SBCC would convene technical advisory group meetings, committee meetings, council meetings, and public hearings in various locations in the state. The Department of Enterprise Services estimates the total cost of these activities would be \$49,100

Utilities and Transportation Commission

Current state law (Chapter 351, Laws of 2024) requires the Utilities and Transportation Commission (UTC) to initiate rulemaking. If the initiative passes, currently required rulemaking activities related to the cost of decarbonization and electrification measures would no longer be required. This would reduce UTC costs for that rulemaking by approximately \$20,000.

Department of Revenue

The department may have minimal administrative costs, which are indeterminate at this time.

Local Expenditure

Local Programs

Revenue and expenditure impacts on local governments are indeterminate.

The initiative would impact Growth Management Act (GMA) planning of the 108 largest cities and counties. To achieve greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction goals required by the GMA, cities and counties have been assuming the phase out of natural gas in their plans. If the initiative passes, they can no longer assume the phasing out of natural gas to achieve the GHG emissions goal. Therefore, the GMA planning work completed by cities and counties on the GHG emissions reduction goal would need to be redone. The revisions would include marketing and outreach about the new GHG emission targets, revising and implementing local ordinances, and amending local plans, which will vary by city and county. Since too many variables are unknown, the costs are indeterminate.

Two municipalities in Washington are natural gas providers and are required to participate in the Climate Commitment Act’s cap-and-invest program: the City of Enumclaw and City of Ellensburg. If I-2066 passes, these cities may need to purchase additional carbon emission allowances to meet their obligations under the Climate Commitment Act to reduce greenhouse gas emissions over time. However, the total impact on these utilities cannot be known at this time.

Table 1 – Expenditures, by agency (State General Fund and Public Services Revolving Account)					
	SFY 2025	SFY 2026	SFY 2027	SFY 2028	SFY 2029
State Building Code Council	\$5,400	\$43,700	\$0	\$0	\$0
Utilities and Transportation Commission	(\$20,000)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	(\$14,600)	\$43,700	\$0	\$0	\$0

Argument for

Vote “Yes” to Protect Energy Choice and Stop Gas Bans

You deserve the choice to use clean and efficient natural gas for *heating* and *cooking*. The state and big energy companies are striking deals to ban natural gas service from all homes and businesses. I-2066 *protects your* ability to use natural gas – giving *you* control over your energy choices.

Gas Bans Hurt Everyone

Gas bans will impact everybody, whether you own or rent your home. They drive up energy bills, which is devastating for people with low and fixed incomes. Current law requires homeowners to pay *all* conversion costs to switch from gas to electric appliances—an average of \$40,000/home. Nobody should ever be *forced* to switch to all-electric appliances. Voting “Yes” on I-2066 stops forced conversions and lets people choose for themselves whether they want gas or electric appliances at home.

Small Businesses Need Natural Gas

Thousands of businesses rely on natural gas. Countless restaurants, breweries, cultural cuisines, manufacturers, and others require gas to make the world-class food and products Washington is known for. I-2066 keeps these businesses open, protects jobs, and brings down costs for consumers.

Clean Natural Gas Is Safe and Reliable

Protect access to heating and cooking when the power goes out. Corporate energy companies have notified customers they will cut electricity when (not if) the electric grid is overloaded, even in the cold, dark winter. Washington needs clean and reliable natural gas to stay warm and cook. Vote “Yes!”

Rebuttal of argument against

I-2066 is very simple. It protects your choice to have natural gas service. The opposition wants to confuse you. They don't mention natural gas because they know it's a popular consumer choice. They want to ban this clean energy source and have you pay the costs. What will you do when the power goes out? Gas bans are already happening, so vote “Yes” on I-2066 to protect the option of gas for heating and cooking.

Written by

Tiffany Turner, Boutique Hotel and Restaurant Owner; **Tod Sakai**, Homebuilder and Remodeler; **RJ Whitlow**, Brewery Owner; **Alexa Lee**, Homeowner and Mom; **Dean Stoneburner**, Operating Engineer, IUOE 302 Union Member; **Jaz Matharu**, M.D. Pulmonary Disease and Critical Care Physician

Contact: (360) 352-7800; contact@protectenergychoice.com; ProtectEnergyChoice.com

Argument against

Vote No To Prevent Higher Energy Bills

2066 would mean more expensive energy bills. It would require utility companies to continue investing in outdated technology and aging infrastructure, and the costs would be passed onto families and businesses. *Voting “No” will make energy more affordable, protecting all Washingtonians, including seniors and families living on low incomes.*

Vote No to Protect Energy Efficiency

2066 would roll back sensible modern standards that make homes and businesses more energy efficient. Efficient buildings lower utility bills and help the power stay on during storms, extreme weather, and increasing heat waves. *Voting “No” will lower costs for families, keep people safe, keep homes comfortable, and ensure a reliable power supply.*

Vote No To Defend Clean Energy and Clean Air

2066 would undermine our path to clean energy and weaken our Clean Air Act, threatening health protections against harmful air pollution. It would prohibit local communities and utility companies from making responsible plans to reduce the use of dirty fossil fuels. The time to start planning is now: *Voting “No” will keep us on the path to cleaner, more affordable energy.*

Vote No To Put Communities First and Stop Powerful Interest Groups

2066 is part of a nationwide effort by fossil fuel corporations and well funded interest groups who want to make as much money as possible while Washington families pay higher energy bills. *Voting “No” will prevent powerful interests from increasing their profits at our expense.* 2066 is bad for Washington.

Rebuttal of argument for

State law already guarantees people can have natural gas if they want it. The powerful interest groups paying for 2066 will say anything to make money off of us. What this confusing initiative would actually do is stop towns, cities and counties from making decisions that work best for their communities. It would raise costs, threaten energy efficiency, and harm families. That's why nurses, small businesses, and builders say vote “No” to protect energy affordability.

Written by

Jenny Rae, Chuckanut Builders, Bellingham; **Marcy Bowers**, ExecDir, Statewide Poverty Action Network; **Devin Leingang**, Regional Manager, Sheet Metal Workers Local 66; **Mark Vossler**, MD., Cardiologist, Washington Physicians for Social Responsibility; **Paul Tabayoyon**, ExecDir, Asian Pacific Islander Coalition of Yakima; **Patience Malaba**, ExecDir, Housing Development Consortium of Seattle-King County

Contact: (206) 981-3896; info@no2066.org; www.no2066.org

Initiative Measure No.

2109

Initiative Measure No. 2109 concerns taxes.

This measure would repeal an excise tax imposed on the sale or exchange of certain long-term capital assets by individuals who have annual capital gains of over \$250,000. This measure would decrease funding for K-12 education, higher education, school construction, early learning, and childcare.

Should this measure be enacted into law?

Yes

No

Explanatory Statement 13
Fiscal Impact Statement 13
Arguments For and Against 16



The Secretary of State is not responsible for the content of statements or arguments (WAC 434-381-180).

Explanatory Statement

Written by the Office of the Attorney General

The Law as It Presently Exists

The State of Washington imposes various taxes to raise revenue to fund state government. Those taxes include the retail sales tax, the business and occupation tax, the state property tax, and various other state taxes. In 2021, the Legislature passed a law creating a tax on the sale or exchange of certain long-term capital assets, commonly referred to as a “capital gains tax.”

The capital gains tax applies to only some types of capital assets held for longer than a year, such as stocks, bonds, precious metals, or artwork. The tax does not apply to the sale of certain assets, including:

- real estate;
- retirement savings accounts or deferred compensation accounts;
- cattle, horses, or breeding livestock if more than 50 percent of the taxpayer’s income is from farming or ranching;
- property that is depreciable or that is treated as an expense under identified federal tax laws;
- timber or timberland, including sales of timber or timberland that result in dividends or distributions from real estate investment trusts;
- certain commercial fishing privileges; and
- goodwill received from the qualifying sale of an auto dealership.

The capital gains tax allows an annual, standard deduction of \$250,000 for each taxpayer, which means that the tax applies only to taxpayers who make capital gains over \$250,000 in any tax year. For spouses and domestic partners, the combined standard deduction is limited to \$250,000, regardless of whether they file joint or separate returns.

The tax rate is seven percent for covered gains. So, for example, if a person bought \$150,000 worth of stock and sold it ten years later for \$500,000, they would have a net gain of \$350,000. The first \$250,000 of that gain would be exempt from tax, and the taxpayer would owe seven percent tax on the remaining \$100,000 of gain, for a total capital gains tax due of \$7,000.

The capital gains tax also allows several other deductions, including:

- gains from the sale or transfer of a qualifying family-owned business that had gross revenue of less than \$10 million within the past year; and

- charitable donations above \$250,000, up to a maximum \$100,000 deduction.

The law also sets forth how the tax is administered. It includes provisions for allocating gains to Washington versus other states, credits for certain taxes paid to other states, procedures for filing tax returns, and penalties for attempts to evade payment of the tax. Certain figures, like the standard \$250,000 deduction, the qualifying gross revenue for the small-business deduction, and charitable donation amounts, are adjusted annually based on inflation.

The first \$500 million collected from the capital gains tax each year is deposited into the education legacy trust account, which supports K-12 education, expands access to higher education, and provides funding for early learning and childcare programs. Any amounts collected above \$500 million are applied to the common school construction account, which funds the construction of facilities for common schools.

The Effect of the Proposed Measure if Approved

If approved, this measure would repeal the capital gains tax law, and Washington State would no longer impose taxes on the sale or exchange of long-term capital assets. This would also eliminate the funding collected from the tax that currently goes to K-12 education, higher education, early learning, childcare, and school construction.

Fiscal Impact Statement

Written by the Office of Financial Management
For more information visit www.ofm.wa.gov/ballot

FISCAL IMPACT SUMMARY

If approved by voters, Initiative 2109 will result in an estimated state revenue loss of \$2.2 billion over five state fiscal years. This would reduce funding dedicated for K–12 education, higher education, early learning and child care. Future reductions to funds dedicated for K–12 school construction are possible but not currently forecasted. The estimated net savings for administrative expenses for two state agencies are \$10.1 million over five state fiscal years. No local government fiscal impacts are known.

GENERAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The effective date of the initiative is December 5, 2024.
- The provisions of the initiative apply prospectively, not retroactively.

- The Department of Revenue (DOR) ceases all collection activities on the effective date, including those activities that are in progress.
- Estimates use the state's fiscal year (SFY) of July 1 through June 30. State fiscal year 2025 is July 1, 2024, to June 30, 2025.
- Calendar year refers to January 1 to December 31.

REVENUE

Local Revenue

The initiative will not impact local revenue.

State Revenue

The initiative is estimated to result in revenue loss of \$2,163,000,000 over five fiscal years from the Education Legacy Trust Account. The first \$500,000,000, indexed to inflation, is deposited into the Education Legacy Trust Account each fiscal year. The Education Legacy Trust Account supports K–12 education, expands access to higher education and provides funding for early learning and child care programs. Additional revenue is deposited into the Common School Construction Account to fund K–12 school facility construction.

STATE REVENUE ASSUMPTIONS

Revenue estimates are based on DOR's excise tax data and the Economic and Revenue Forecast Council (ERFC) June 2024 capital gains tax revenue forecast. Capital gains tax year refers to the calendar year.

The following additional assumptions are made for calculation purposes:

- Forecasted capital gains taxes for tax year 2024, due in April 2025, will not be collected and result in a revenue loss for state fiscal year 2025.
- The long-term growth rate used is the rate forecasted by the ERFC in June 2024.
- The June 2024 capital gains tax forecast assumes zero capital gains tax revenue to the Common School Construction Account; therefore, there is zero revenue impact to this account due to the initiative.

State Revenue Impacts

Table 1. Revenue loss, by account

(See Table 1 on page 15.)

STATE GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES

State Agency Implementation Cost Assumptions

State agency savings are estimated to be a net total of \$10,147,700 over five state fiscal years as a result of the initiative. Savings by agency are:

Table 2. Expenditures, by agency (State General Fund and Legal Services Revolving Account)

(See Table 2 on page 15.)

Office of the Attorney General

The Office of the Attorney General (AGO) will save \$23,000 in each state fiscal year from 2025 through 2029. This amounts to total savings of \$115,000 over this five-year period.

The AGO estimates savings due to less litigation and less need for client advice services. The AGO expects DOR to need minimal legal advice as the department deals with specific cases where taxpayers seek refunds. It is assumed that cases contesting capital gains tax assessments that had not already been paid will drop, because the department can no longer collect the assessed taxes.

Department of Revenue

The department will save a net of \$10,032,700 over the five-year period between 2025 and 2029. It is assumed that the existing State General Fund appropriation for administering the capital gains tax will end as of June 30, 2025. For state fiscal year 2025, the amount already provided is sufficient to administer the capital gains tax without additional funding. For state fiscal years 2026 through 2029, savings of \$2,703,000 per state fiscal year are assumed for capital gains tax administration duties that will no longer be required. The department will also incur costs of \$779,300 during this period as described below. The department's duties to administer taxes include maintaining records, processing refunds and assisting taxpayers with amended returns for up to five prior tax years. Therefore, the department will continue to have costs related to administering the capital gains tax and the related business and occupation (B&O) tax credit for capital gains tax filers for tax years 2022 and 2023 through December 31, 2028. Starting on January 1, 2029, DOR will have additional costs to decommission the capital gains tax and related B&O tax credit in computer systems. It is assumed that the State General Fund will be the funding source for this work.

In state fiscal year 2025, DOR will have costs that will be paid with existing funds for the following activities:

- Updating special notices and excise tax advisories, canceling interim guidance statements and updating other capital gains tax information on the website.
- Amending two administrative rules.

- Administering computer system changes and testing for capital gains tax and related B&O tax credits.

In state fiscal years 2026, 2027, 2028 and 2029 the department will have costs for the following activities:

- Accounting activities related to capital gains tax.
- Processing paper correspondence, responding to web messages, answering phone questions and assisting taxpayers with reporting and navigating the web reporting portal.
- Processing returns, payments and all associated work items, including issuing refunds for overpayments.
- Hearing administrative reviews that provide taxpayers with an informal, non-adversarial dispute resolution process for reviewing a disputed department action, such as a denial of a refund request or tax ruling. The department will incur additional costs if the dispute continues to the Board of Tax Appeals or the courts.
- Making necessary computer system changes and performing required computer system testing as service packs and core system upgrades occur.

In state fiscal year 2029, the department will also have costs to decommission the capital gains tax and related B&O tax credit in the computer system and to perform related required computer system testing.

Table 1 – Revenue loss, by account					
	SFY 2025	SFY 2026	SFY 2027	SFY 2028	SFY 2029
Education Legacy Trust Account	(\$424,000,000)	(\$398,000,000)	(\$422,000,000)	(\$447,000,000)	(\$472,000,000)
Common School Construction Account	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	(\$424,000,000)	(\$398,000,000)	(\$422,000,000)	(\$447,000,000)	(\$472,000,000)

Table 2 – Expenditures, by agency (State General Fund and Legal Services Revolving Account)					
	SFY 2025	SFY 2026	SFY 2027	SFY 2028	SFY 2029
Office of the Attorney General	(\$23,000)	(\$23,000)	(\$23,000)	(\$23,000)	(\$23,000)
Department of Revenue	\$0	(\$2,364,900)	(\$2,433,800)	(\$2,604,600)	(\$2,629,400)
TOTAL	(\$23,000)	(\$2,387,900)	(\$2,456,800)	(\$2,627,600)	(\$2,652,400)

Argument for

“Yes” on I-2109 repeals Washington’s new backdoor income tax.

Washingtonians have overwhelmingly rejected an income tax 11 times, yet lawmakers disregarded the voters’ wishes and passed a capital gains income tax. Voting “Yes” on I-2109 upholds the will of the people. The IRS, every other state, and the dictionary classify capital gains as income.

“Yes” on I-2109 protects home sales and retirement savings from tax expansion.

While proponents claim that “only the rich will pay,” this capital gains income tax is clearly intended to expand and pave the way for a statewide income tax. The Senate author stated, “Adopting a capital gains tax is one of the best things we could do to help advance the possibility of an income tax in our state.” Protect your home and retirement by voting “Yes.”

“Yes” on I-2109 maintains the State’s education funding guarantee.

Washington’s constitution mandates full funding for public education. Our public education system receives over \$18,500 per student per year, one of the highest in the country. Voting “Yes” on I-2109 ensures our children’s education remains fully funded without new taxes.

“Yes” on I-2109 protects working families, small business, and tech innovation.

If we continue down this path, we risk driving family-wage jobs and job creators out of Washington as they relocate to states with lower tax rates. Voting “Yes” on I-2109 helps ensure Washington remains a center of innovation, opportunity, and family-wage jobs.

Rebuttal of argument against

The legislature is constitutionally required to fund education and has ample funding. When this tax passed, we had a \$3 billion surplus followed by \$15 billion the next year. Sufficient funding exists. While the current tax has exemptions, it is clearly a steppingstone to a statewide income tax. Vote yes, as voters have 11 times before, to protect your home and retirement from additional taxes and ensure job creators continue coming to our state.

Written by

Suri Reddy, Small Business Owner; **Marcus Charles**, Neumos, Croc 2.0, Local 360, co-founder CHBP; **Rob McKenna**, former Washington State Attorney General; **Vijay Boyapati**, Software Engineer; **Chris Gildon**, State Senator, Republican, Puyallup; **Todd Allred**, Plumbing, Heating and Cooling Contractors Association

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Argument against

No On 2109: Stop Cuts To Education, School Construction, and Childcare

I-2109 eliminates billions of dedicated education dollars—worsening our school funding crisis, reducing access to affordable childcare and early learning, and cutting investments in crumbling schools. I-2109 also eliminates funds from pre-K, special education, job training, and community colleges. Cuts will force job losses in childcare and education at a time when we need more support for kids and families— not less.

Less Than 1% Of Washingtonians Pay Extraordinary Profits Tax

Retirement funds, real estate, small family owned businesses, and farms are all exempt from the capital gains tax. In fact, less than 1% of Washingtonians will pay this tax; it only applies to stock sale *profits* over \$250,000 per year.

Reject Washington’s Upside Down Tax Code

Washington has the nation’s second most upside down tax code, with middle-class families paying a three times larger share of their income on state and local taxes than the wealthiest households. *Super wealthy Washingtonians should pay a fair share for education and early learning.*

Teachers And Childcare Providers: “Don’t Let A Hedge Fund Millionaire Buy This Election”

I-2109 is sponsored by hedge fund millionaire Brian Heywood, who will personally benefit from this initiative. Teachers, childcare providers, early learning experts, K-12 leaders, parents, and small business owners are united in urging you to vote No. *Don’t give the super wealthy a tax cut that will harm kids, and shift the tax bill to the rest of us.*

Rebuttal of argument for

Here are the facts: 99.8% of Washingtonians will not pay the capital gains on extraordinary stock profits – it only applies to stock sale *profits* over \$250,000 per year. The law clearly exempts retirement and college savings, as well as sale of real estate, farms, and small businesses. Join small business owners and workforce development leaders counting on affordable childcare for employees, and tax fairness for middle income families— please vote No.

Written by

Stephan Blanford, Ed.D, Executive Director, Children’s Alliance; **Holly Lindsey**, Mom, Owner, Kids Ranch Daycare, Longview; **Jenny Slagle**, Vice President, Spokane School Board; **April Sims**, President, Washington State Labor Council; **Jacob Vela**, League of Education Voters Foundation; **Katie Baird**, Ph.D, Professor of Economics, UW Tacoma

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Initiative Measure No.

2117

Initiative Measure No. 2117 concerns carbon tax credit trading. This measure would prohibit state agencies from imposing any type of carbon tax credit trading, and repeal legislation establishing a cap and invest program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. This measure would decrease funding for investments in transportation, clean air, renewable energy, conservation, and emissions-reduction.

Should this measure be enacted into law?

- Yes
- No

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The Secretary of State is not responsible for the content of statements or arguments (WAC 434-381-180).

Explanatory Statement

Written by the Office of the Attorney General

The Law as It Presently Exists

In 2021, the Washington Legislature enacted the Climate Commitment Act, which directed the Department of Ecology to design and implement a cap-and-invest program to reduce statewide greenhouse gas emissions. The program works by setting an emissions limit, or cap, and then lowering the cap over time to help ensure Washington meets the greenhouse gas reduction commitments previously set elsewhere in state law. Under the Climate Commitment Act, large emitters of greenhouse gas pollution subject to the program must either reduce their carbon emissions or pay for “allowances” to cover their emissions.

The cap-and-invest program applies to certain large emitters of greenhouse gas pollution, including large facilities, fuel suppliers, natural gas and electric utilities, waste-to-energy facilities (starting in 2027), and railroads (starting in 2031). Generally, entities with annual emissions below 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent are not required to obtain allowances to cover their emissions. Carbon dioxide equivalent is a measure used to compare the emissions from various greenhouse gases based on their global warming potential. Additionally, the emissions from certain facilities and certain types of fuel are not subject to the law. These include emissions from fuels used for agriculture or the transportation of agricultural products, aviation fuels, marine fuels combusted outside of Washington, and fuels exported out of Washington. The law also exempts emissions from national security facilities and certain municipal solid waste landfills.

Large emitters of greenhouse gas pollution covered by the program must obtain allowances equal to their covered emissions. Allowances are available through auctions administered by the Department of Ecology. The price of allowances sold at auctions fluctuates depending on market demand. Allowances can also be bought or sold through secondary markets at any time based on market prices. A portion of each polluter’s compliance obligation may also be met using offset credits, which are also bought and sold on a secondary market. An offset credit is purchased from developers of projects that the Department of Ecology has verified will result in permanent greenhouse gas reductions. Three types of polluters are issued free allowances that

can be used to cover some or all of their emissions: “emissions-intensive, trade exposed” industries, natural gas utilities, and electric utilities.

All polluters covered by the program must report their greenhouse gas emissions and submit their allowances or other compliance instruments to the Department of Ecology according to a specific schedule. Failure to submit the required number of allowances by the applicable deadline results in an automatic penalty requiring the polluter to submit four allowances for each missing one. Failure to comply with other requirements of the cap-and-invest program is subject to fines of up to \$50,000 per violation, per day.

Proceeds from the allowance auctions are appropriated by the Legislature and must be invested in climate projects throughout the state, including projects to increase climate resiliency, fund alternative-transportation grant programs, and help Washington transition to a low-carbon economy. State agencies that receive auction proceeds must conduct environmental justice assessments when allocating those funds, consistent with requirements set elsewhere in state law. At least 35% of auction proceeds are required to be used for projects that provide a direct benefit to people in communities disproportionately impacted by environmental harms. Additionally, at least 10% of auction proceeds must be used for projects with Tribal support. The Department of Ecology is required to provide an annual report to the Legislature summarizing how the auction proceeds have been used and whether each project produced verifiable emissions reductions. In 2023, cap-and-invest auctions raised \$1.8 billion.

In addition to establishing the cap-and-invest program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, the Climate Commitment Act also establishes a program for the Department of Ecology to reduce emissions of certain air pollutants (particulate matter, ozone, nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, lead, and sulfur dioxide) in communities that the Department of Ecology has determined are overburdened and highly impacted by air pollution. This part of the Act requires Department of Ecology to collect data needed to determine which sources contribute the most to air pollution in these communities. The Climate Commitment Act then requires the Department of Ecology to work with local air agencies to analyze this data and use it to develop and enforce stricter air quality standards where appropriate.

The Effect of the Proposed Measure if Approved

If approved, Initiative Measure No. 2117 would repeal the Climate Commitment Act, and bar state agencies from implementing carbon tax credit trading programs. Repealing the Climate Commitment Act would eliminate the climate and air quality programs described above as well as the funding source for investments in climate projects throughout the state.

Fiscal Impact Statement

Written by the Office of Financial Management
For more information visit www.ofm.wa.gov/ballot

Summary

If approved by voters, Initiative 2117 will reduce state revenue from carbon allowance auctions by \$3.8 billion and reduce state expenditures by \$1.7 billion between the effective date of the initiative and June 30, 2029. This would reduce or eliminate funding for numerous programs and projects, including for: transportation emissions reduction; transit, pedestrian safety; ferry and other transportation electrification; air quality improvement; renewable and clean energy; grid modernization and building decarbonization; increasing the climate resilience of the state's waters, forests and other ecosystems; fire prevention and forest health; and restoring and improving salmon habitat. Local government fiscal impacts are indeterminate.

General assumptions

- The effective date of the initiative is December 5, 2024.
- The carbon allowance auction scheduled to take place on December 4, 2024, will not occur, as the auction certification and financial settlement process would extend past the day the initiative takes effect.
- The provisions of the initiative apply prospectively, not retroactively.
- The estimates use the state's fiscal year (SFY) of July 1 through June 30. State fiscal year 2025 is July 1, 2024, through June 30, 2025.

State revenue impact

Summary

Initiative 2117 would repeal the law that requires the Department of Ecology (ECY) to hold carbon allowance auctions, called the Climate Commitment Act; therefore, the state would no longer collect revenue from those auctions. The Climate Commitment Act also

established a secondary market for private parties to trade allowances and offset credits; therefore, the state would no longer collect revenue from the business and occupation (B&O) tax assessed on certain secondary market transactions.

The Climate Commitment Act carbon allowance auctions began in February 2023 and have generated \$2.15 billion in revenue between then and the auction of June 5, 2024. Under the initiative, the last auction would take place on September 4, 2024. The three remaining auctions scheduled in state fiscal year 2025 would be canceled. For state fiscal years 2025 through 2029, the projected reduction in revenue is \$3.9 billion from the canceled auctions (\$3.8 billion) and a loss of B&O tax collection (\$40 million). Auction revenue projections are calculated using ECY's June revenue forecast.

Projected revenue impact to Washington State

(See Table 1 on page 27.)

Revenue impact and fund balance transfers in state fiscal year 2025

The projected revenue loss would be \$758.1 million in state fiscal year 2025. Three of the four annual carbon allowance auctions would not take place and allowance sales generating B&O taxes would end.

The initiative eliminates five accounts created under the Climate Commitment Act. If the initiative is approved, the remaining funds in those five accounts will be transferred to two new accounts: (1) Transportation Carbon Emissions Reduction Account and (2) Consolidated Climate Account (ESHB 2134, Section 614, Chapter 310, Laws of 2024 and ESSB 5950, Section 907, Chapter 376, Laws of 2024).

The Climate Commitment Act and the state operating and transportation budgets direct the distribution of carbon allowance auction revenues and make various transfers between the five Climate Commitment Act accounts and other transportation accounts. Under the initiative, there would not be sufficient revenue to make all the required revenue distributions and budget transfers. These transfers are prioritized as follows: (1) statutory distributions and (2) date of fund transfers specified in the 2023–25 operating and transportation budgets.

An estimated \$1 million to \$300 million would be transferred into the Transportation Carbon Emissions Reduction Account, and \$700 million to \$900 million would be transferred into the Consolidated Climate Account. These amounts would be available to spend

through June 30, 2025.

The exact amount of funding that would transfer into the two new accounts is unknown, because the amounts will be based on: actual agency spending through December 5, 2024; revenue collected from the auction scheduled on September 4, 2024; and implementation of the various fund transfers.

Other revenue impacts

Beginning in state fiscal year 2025, Business and Occupation (B&O) and Public Utility taxes would not be collected on the purchase, sale or trading of carbon allowances and offset credits by general market participants, resulting in lower state revenue.

Currently, general market participants are not required to purchase allowances, have not voluntarily assumed a compliance obligation by opting into the program, and are not eligible to receive allowances from the state at no cost. General market participants must pay B&O tax or public utility tax on these transactions. These participants may include investment banks, hedge funds, trading firms, and companies that want to invest in offset projects. B&O taxes are credited to the state General Fund, which funds various government agencies and activities, and to the Workforce Education Investment Account, which funds educational and training programs. For estimating purposes, the decrease in public utility taxes collected has a minimal impact. All impacts are shown under the B&O tax.

State expenditure impact

Summary

Thirty-seven state agencies have spending authority from Climate Commitment Act funds in the current biennium for programs, projects, and as grants for local governments, community groups, school districts and Tribes. Initiative 2117 would eliminate the revenue source that pays for these programs. The remaining funds already collected would transfer to the Transportation Carbon Emissions Reduction Account and to the Consolidated Climate Account. The 2024 supplemental transportation, operating and capital budgets identify which programs and projects would and would not be eligible for this funding if the initiative passes. Spending authority of \$1.7 billion in state fiscal year 2025 would no longer exist because the budget appropriations would be eliminated along with repeal of the accounts.

Spending authority of \$230.4 million would be available in the Transportation Climate Emissions Reduction

Account and spending authority of \$653.8 million would be available in the Consolidated Climate Account. It is assumed that funding transferred to the new accounts would continue to be spent through the end of the current state fiscal year or until revenues are exhausted.

A net total of approximately \$2.6 billion of spending authority in state fiscal years 2025–2029 would no longer be available under the initiative to operate programs and pay for grants from the state operating, capital and transportation budgets.

Additionally, the transportation spending plan approved by the Legislature assumes \$1 billion would be available in state fiscal years 2026–2029 for projects to improve transit, electrify ferries, advance ultrahigh-speed rail and for initiatives to improve pedestrian safety. This money would no longer be available.

Currently, Climate Commitment Act auction revenue is spent from multiple accounts with different purposes.

Carbon Emissions Reduction Account

- The Carbon Emissions Reduction Account receives the first deposit of revenue, in an amount specified in law, and must be used to reduce carbon emissions from the transportation sector, such as projects to reduce single-occupancy passenger vehicle miles driven; for alternative fuel infrastructure and incentive programs; emission reduction programs for freight transportation; and for ferries and other maritime and port activities.
- Seven state agencies have spending authority from the account in the current biennium, which includes funding for the equivalent of more than three full-time staff. Agencies would lose authority to spend \$205.2 million this biennium, and \$230.4 million in spending authority would be transferred to the Transportation Carbon Emissions Reduction Account.
- Two accounts receive funding solely from the Climate Emissions Reduction Account: Climate Active Transportation Account (CATA) and Climate Transit Programs Account (CTPA). These accounts would not be eliminated by the initiative; however, the initiative would eliminate the only revenue source for these accounts.
- Funding provided through CATA and CTPA could still be spent through the end of the biennium, June 30, 2025. This funding pays for grant programs such as Safe Routes to Schools, Tribal transit, active transportation local projects and support to transit agencies and other providers

serving people with disabilities, seniors, children and people living in rural areas.

Climate Investment Account

- Revenue from the auctions is deposited into the Climate Investment Account after the required distribution to the Carbon Emissions Reduction Account and can be used for administering the Climate Commitment Act, tracking spending and reporting, and Tribal capacity grants.
- Seven state agencies have spending authority from the account in the current biennium, which includes funding for the equivalent of nearly 116 full-time staff.
- Agencies would lose authority to spend \$12.2 million through the rest of the biennium, and \$23.1 million in spending authority would be transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account. However, a significant portion of that funding is for activities required by the Climate Commitment Act, and under the initiative, these activities would stop.
- After reserving an amount for administration of the Climate Commitment Act, funds in the Climate Investment Account are distributed to the Climate Commitment Account and the Natural Climate Solutions Account.

Climate Commitment Account

- The Climate Commitment Account can be used for development of renewable and clean energy, grid modernization, building decarbonization, industrial efficiency, low-income and worker assistance, climate change mitigation for Tribes, Growth Management Act planning, and the Working Families Tax credit.
- Thirty state agencies have spending authority from the account in the current biennium, which includes funding for the equivalent of nearly 136 full-time staff. Agencies would lose authority to spend \$419.7 million through the rest of this biennium, and \$476.5 million in spending authority would be transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account.

Natural Climate Solutions Account

- The Natural Climate Solutions Account can be used to pay for programs and projects that increase the resilience of the state's waters, forests and other ecosystems to the impacts of climate change; conserve forestlands; and increase natural climate carbon-pollution-reduction capacity.
- Twelve state agencies have spending authority from the account in the current biennium, which

includes funding for the equivalent of more than 58 full-time staff. Agencies would lose authority to spend \$147.3 million through the rest of the biennium, and \$134.9 million in spending authority would be transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account.

Air Quality and Health Disparities Investment Account

- The Air Quality and Health Disparities Investment Account can be used to pay for projects that monitor and improve air quality and reduce health disparities in overburdened communities.
- The account receives auction revenue after the required distribution to the Carbon Emissions Reduction Account. Statute does not specify the amount; however, the Legislature has stated its intention that not less than \$20 million each biennium should be transferred to the account.
- The ECY currently has a total of \$21.8 million in spending authority from the account, which includes funding for the equivalent of nearly five full-time staff.
- Under the initiative \$19.3 million in spending authority would be transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account.

Projected spending impact to Washington State:

(See Table 2 on page 27.)

Carbon Emissions Reduction Account

Impact on the Carbon Emissions Reduction Account in the current biennium:

(See Table 3 on page 28.)

Significant activities that would be eliminated in SFY 2025 under the initiative:

- Construction of hybrid-electric ferries and ferry terminal electrification – \$42 million, Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT)
- Public-private partnerships, including funding added in 2024 for zero-emission vehicle and infrastructure grant programs for commercial vehicles, fire engines and utility service vehicles; local projects to improve safe routes to schools; and pedestrian and bicycle safety – \$40.9 million, WSDOT
- Rail projects, including Puyallup Tribe and Anacortes port electrification – \$35.5 million, WSDOT
- Local capital projects, including funding to complete the Guemes Island ferry replacement – \$32.9 million, WSDOT

- Public bus and transit facility projects – \$29.9 million, WSDOT
- Zero-emission vehicle supply equipment infrastructure for state agencies – \$13.5 million, Department of Enterprise Services (DES)
- Grant funding for electric boats for federally recognized Tribes, Tribal enterprises and Tribal members – \$5 million, Department of Commerce (COM)
- Zero-emission student transportation grants – \$4 million, ECY
- Transportation planning for the 2026 World Cup – \$1 million, WSDOT
- Impact study of implementing emissions standards for ocean-going vessels – \$477,000, Joint Transportation Committee

Future impacts from SFY 2026–SFY 2029:

WSDOT would lose anticipated future funding and spending authority for ongoing programs of approximately \$2.8 million each biennium, including:

- Free ferry fares for youth,
- Free youth fares on Amtrak, and
- Assistance and education for state agency alternative fuel usage.

Additionally, money would not be available for future transportation projects. The 2024 supplemental budget transportation spending plan, approved by the Legislature and used to develop future budgets, plans on spending \$1 billion for various projects. These projects include transit grants to improve safety and mobility near schools, ferry vessel and terminal electrification, Tribal port electrification projects, advancing ultrahigh-speed rail, and initiatives to improve pedestrian safety.

Climate Active Transportation Account and Climate Transit Programs Account

Impact on the Climate Active Transportation and Climate Transit Programs Accounts in the current biennium:

(See Table 4 on page 28.)

Significant activities that would be eliminated in SFY 2025 under the initiative:

None

Future impacts from SFY 2026–SFY 2029:

For the purposes of this fiscal impact statement, it is assumed future spending from the accounts will end when the remaining fund balances are exhausted. It's unknown what funding may be available to spend beyond June 30, 2025.

Examples of programs and funding from the current biennium that would no longer have funding include:

- Grants for transit agency operating and capital expenses – \$188.9 million, WSDOT, CTPA
- Pedestrian and bicyclist route improvement projects – \$82.2 million, WSDOT, CATA
- Grants to sustain and expand transit services to people with disabilities, seniors, children and people living in rural areas – \$60.1 million, WSDOT, CTPA
- Move Ahead WA public transportation projects – \$46.6 million, WSDOT, CTPA
- Grants to increase safe walking and biking routes to schools, including crossing improvements, speed management, sidewalks, bike lanes, shared use paths, streetlights, ADA improvements, education and encouragement activities – \$45.4 million, WSDOT, CATA
- Funding to transit agencies for cost-effective capital projects that reduce the carbon intensity of the Washington transportation system – \$39.4 million, WSDOT, CTPA
- Grants to support transport vehicles and transit facilities – \$38 million, WSDOT, CTPA
- Projects to improve active transportation connectivity for pedestrians along and across current and former state highways in overburdened communities – \$25 million, WSDOT, CATA
- Grants through the Complete Streets Program for projects on city streets or county roads that improve or add facilities for pedestrians, bicyclists and transit users to improve safe access – \$19.1 million, Transportation Improvement Board, CTPA
- Support for existing and expanded transit services to people with disabilities and the elderly population throughout rural and small urban areas of the state – \$18 million, WSDOT, CTPA
- Funding for a School-Based Bicycle Safety Education Program for Washington state public schools; safety and skills training; and education materials including bicycles to school districts, educational service districts and community-based organizations – \$16.8 million, WSDOT, CATA

Climate Investment Account

Impact on the Climate Investment Account in the current biennium:

(See Table 5 on page 28.)

Significant activities that would be eliminated under the initiative:

- Grants added in 2024 for Tribal capacity to engage and work on climate related projects – \$5 million, ECY
- Funding to pursue linking Washington’s carbon market with the California/Quebec market – \$1.8 million, ECY

Activities that would cease in SFY 2025 under the initiative:

- Implementation of the Climate Commitment Act, including carbon allowance auctions, allocation of no-cost allowances, oversight of the secondary market, regulation of offset projects, tracking emissions reductions produced by expenditures of auction proceeds, and statewide greenhouse gas inventory work – \$9.1 million, ECY, Environmental and Land Use Hearings Office
- Development of a data portal and other strategies to improve public understanding of expenditures from Climate Commitment Act accounts – \$2.6 million, ECY, Office of Financial Management (OFM)
- Grants to Tribal governments to support developing carbon offset projects – \$2 million, ECY
- Setting stricter standards for technology used to limit emissions from stationary emission sources that are the greatest contributors of air pollution in overburdened communities – \$1.5 million, ECY
- Expansion of air quality monitoring in overburdened communities highly impacted by air pollution, and estimations of the health impacts associated with the air quality experienced in overburdened communities – \$557,476, ECY, Department of Health (DOH)

Future impacts from SFY 2026–SFY 2029:

The ECY and other agencies would lose anticipated future spending authority for ongoing programs of approximately \$35 million each biennium to administer the Climate Commitment Act. ECY would lose funding no longer required for administration of the cap-and-invest program. ECY would lose funding to expand the state’s air quality monitoring network and improve air quality standards in overburdened communities highly impacted by air pollution.

The ECY would also lose \$31.5 million per biennium for grants to Tribes to increase capacity to engage and work on climate-related projects and for carbon offset project development and \$3.8 million to make improvements to Washington’s inventory of greenhouse gas emissions.

Climate Commitment Account**Impact on the Climate Commitment Account in the current biennium:**

(See Table 6 on page 29.)

Significant activities in SFY 2025 that would be eliminated under the initiative:

- Funding to support energy efficiency and decarbonization improvements in multifamily and commercial properties – \$100 million, COM
- Projects and technology to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in local communities, especially in overburdened communities – \$74.1 million, COM
- Energy renewal projects across the University of Washington’s (UW) campuses and hospital system – \$38.9 million, UW
- Grants to K–12 schools for indoor air quality assessment and air filtration systems – \$30 million, Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI)
- Matching funds to support participation in a federal Department of Energy loan program for large-scale energy development – \$25 million, COM
- Grants to grow Washington’s clean energy manufacturing economy – \$21.5 million, COM
- Grants to improve the state’s progress towards greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals in hard-to-decarbonize industries – \$13 million, COM
- Expansion of Central Washington University’s (CWU) geothermal energy production – \$12.5 million, CWU
- Design and construction of a dairy digester to produce renewable energy and compost from manure sources, post-consumer food and compostable wastes – \$10 million, Washington State University (WSU)
- Sports and Recreation Center energy efficiency improvements – \$10 million, Eastern Washington University
- Funding to support local governments to implement greenhouse gas reduction plans – \$10 million, COM
- Support for Lummi Indian Business Council clean energy projects – \$7.6 million, COM
- Replacement of Western Washington University’s (WWU) steam plant with a mostly electric and water-based heating system – \$7 million, WWU
- Providing equipment to residential, recreational or educational facilities to improve air quality in King County – \$6 million, ECY

- Replacement of windows at the Yakima Valley School to increase energy efficiency – \$5.1 million, Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS)
- Grants to support non-emitting thermal energy networks – \$5 million, COM
- Grant funding to reduce food waste and support hunger relief and food assistance needs – \$4.8 million, ECY, Washington State Department of Agriculture (WSDA)
- Improved energy efficiency of the CWU Science Building – \$4.5 million, CWU
- Grants to assist community-based organizations, local governments, Tribes and other eligible entities to write, administer federal grants and track grant opportunities – \$3.6 million, COM
- Funding to help consumers find and take advantage of the home energy improvement funding - \$3.5 million, COM
- Funding to offer education, planning, technical assistance, and community engagement to enable clean energy access - \$3 million, COM
- Conducting building energy efficiency assessments – \$3 million, DSHS
- Funding to reduce greenhouse gas emissions associated with manure-handling systems at dairy and livestock farms – \$3 million, Washington State Conservation Commission (SCC)
- Funding to advance campus decarbonization – \$3 million, WSU
- Assistance for community-based organizations, local governments, Tribes and other entities to access federal clean-energy tax incentives – \$2.9 million, COM
- Grants to increase the reuse of industrial waste products – \$2.1 million, COM
- Grants to improve the energy efficiency of buildings at community and technical colleges – \$2 million, State Board of Community and Technical Colleges

Future Impacts from SFY 2026–SFY 2029:

Sixteen state agencies would lose anticipated future spending authority for ongoing programs of approximately \$200 million in state fiscal years 2026–2027 and \$130 million in state fiscal years 2028–2029 for multiple activities including clean energy development, environmental justice work and climate adaptation planning.

Natural Climate Solutions Account

Impact on the Natural Climate Solutions Account in the current biennium:

(See Table 7 on page 30.)

Significant activities in SFY 2025 that would be eliminated under the initiative:

- Forestland and coastal land preservation:
 - Funding for the Quinault Indian Nation to buy forestland – \$25 million, Department of Natural Resources (DNR)
 - Funding to purchase forestlands for conservation and protection of endangered species – \$15 million, DNR
 - Purchasing properties to place into conservation status – \$10.8 million, DNR
 - Grants for coastal restoration and resiliency – \$7.9 million, Recreation and Conservation Office (RCO)
 - Algae and other blue carbon sequestration projects – \$7 million, COM
 - Grants to support community forests – \$5.8 million, RCO
 - Grants to improve carbon storage on agricultural lands – \$5 million, WSDA
- Fire prevention and forest health:
 - Funding for forest health treatments to increase resilience to fire – \$3 million, DNR
 - Grants to local governments and private landowners for projects to increase forest health and community wildfire resiliency – \$2.5 million, SCC
 - Community-based wildfire risk reduction and forest-health activities, such as engagement with landowners, removal of fire hazard materials and brush clearing – \$2 million, SCC
- Riparian area and salmon habitat protection:
 - Restoration and protection of salmon habitat – \$25 million, RCO
 - Fish passage barrier removal projects – \$22.2 million, RCO
 - Estuary and salmon habitat restoration – \$11.1 million, RCO

Future impacts from SFY 2026–SFY 2029:

Nine state agencies would lose anticipated future spending authority for ongoing programs of approximately \$50 million each biennium to continue work on programs and projects which increase the resilience of the state’s waters, forests and other vital ecosystems to the impacts of climate change; conserve forestlands; and increase natural carbon-pollution reduction capacity.

Air Quality and Health Disparities Investment Account

Impact on the Air Quality and Health Disparities Investment Account in the current biennium:

(See Table 8 on page 30.)

Activities in SFY 2025 that would be eliminated under the initiative:

- None

Future impacts from SFY 2026–SFY2029:

The account would be eliminated along with \$40 million in anticipated future funding for ongoing programs administered by ECY to improve air quality and reduce health disparities in overburdened communities.

Other state agency spending impacts

Compliance costs:

The University of Washington (UW) and Washington State University (WSU) are covered entities under the Climate Commitment Act and are required to purchase or acquire compliance instruments (carbon-emission allowances and offset credits) to account for their covered greenhouse gas emissions. Under the initiative, this requirement would be eliminated. The UW would save an estimated \$3.4 million in state fiscal year 2025 and \$3.8 million each year in state fiscal years 2026–2029. WSU would save \$3.3 million in state fiscal year 2025 and \$3.7 million each year in state fiscal years 2026–2029.

Both universities receive state funding to cover a portion of this obligation cost. The remainder must be paid for by other funding sources. The UW currently receives \$1,733,000 in State General Fund each state fiscal year to pay for a portion of their obligation. WSU currently receives \$1,718,000 in State General Fund each state fiscal year to pay for a portion of their obligation. The 2024 supplemental operating budget provided an additional \$4.3 million in state fiscal year 2024 and \$2.6 million in state fiscal year 2025 from the State General Fund for WSU to pay for their obligation.

Rulemaking:

Under the initiative, ECY would conduct rulemaking from January 2025 through December 2027 to repeal Climate Commitment Act rules and to amend rules regarding greenhouse gas emission reporting. Estimated costs are \$1.2 million from the State General Fund for staff to conduct this rulemaking and for support from the Office of the Attorney General.

Lease costs:

WSU has leased a building in Richland, Washington to

house the Institute for Northwest Energy Futures and is paying for this lease with funding from the Climate Commitment Act. WSU is contractually obligated for future expenses through December 1, 2026. Under the initiative, this funding would be eliminated, and WSU would need to find other funds to pay these expenses. The cost is estimated at \$810,000 in state fiscal year 2026 and \$809,000 in state fiscal year 2027 and would likely be paid for with the State General Fund.

Federal funding:

Several state agencies and local governments use Climate Commitment Act funding as a required match to receive federal funding, and this match funding is often required before applying for federal grants. Under the initiative, these federal grants would be at risk if the Climate Commitment Act funds are not replaced. It is unknown exactly how much federal funding the state or local governments would receive that would be matched with Climate Commitment Act funding in the future. Therefore, the potential impact of the initiative on the amount of federal funds the state and local governments would receive is indeterminate. Some examples are included.

Currently, Transit Formula and Special Needs grant local projects use Climate Commitment Act funding for federal match. The federal amount that would not be funded each fiscal year is approximately \$12 million. For rural mobility projects, the amount is approximately \$8 million each fiscal year.

The Cascadia High-Speed Rail Program was accepted under the Corridor Identification and Development (CID) Program, which is a long-term federal grant pipeline. Federal funding for the next steps for the High-Speed Rail Program requires state matching funds. The program is currently negotiating with the federal railroad administration for a CID grant award amount. These negotiations assume availability of \$25 million of Climate Commitment Act funding in the current biennium for state match – and ability to extend spending, if needed – to align with the reimbursement cycle for the federal grant. Under the initiative, WSDOT would be unable to accept \$391.7 million of federal funding in state fiscal years 2025–2029 through the CID Program without alternative funding.

Performance audit:

Under the initiative, the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) would not conduct a mandated performance audit of Climate Commitment Act implementation which is required by December 1, 2029. The estimated savings to JLARC is \$200,000 from the State General Fund in state fiscal year 2029.

Local government impacts

Grant and award programs

Passage of the initiative would reduce Climate Commitment Act funding provided by state agencies to local governments and K–12 public schools. Currently, cities, counties, K–12 schools and other local entities can receive grants, loan or contract funding from approximately 130 programs across dozens of state agencies. Under the initiative, all these programs would lose funding past June 30, 2025. Between December 5, 2024, and June 30, 2025, approximately 50 programs and \$415.7 million would be eliminated. It is unknown which local governments would apply for grants or loans and be awarded funding, or the amounts of such awards that would be eliminated under the initiative.

Significant programs in SFY 2025 that would be eliminated under the initiative:

- Local capital transportation projects, including zero-emission infrastructure; public transportation projects; commercial, fire engine and public utility vehicles and infrastructure; port electrification; and clean energy infrastructure – \$119 million, WSDOT
- Projects to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and support planning – \$91 million, COM
- Energy efficiency improvements for commercial and multifamily buildings – \$45 million, COM
- Salmon and estuary recovery and restoration projects – \$37.2 million, RCO, SCC
- School District Indoor Air Quality & Energy Efficiency program – \$30 million, OSPI
- Fish passage barrier removal – \$23.2 million, COM, RCO
- Forest health, fire prevention and fire wise grant program – \$13.2 million, DNR, RCO, SCC
- Coastal lands restoration and resiliency program – \$7.9 million, RCO
- King County air quality mitigation – \$6 million, ECY
- Food waste reduction grants – \$4.8 million, ECY, WSDA
- Zero-emission student transportation grants – \$4 million, ECY
- Community forest grant program – \$3 million, DNR
- Sustainable Farms & Fields grants program – \$3 million, SCC
- Forest health and fire wise grant program – \$2.4 million, SCC

Impacts on publicly owned natural gas utilities

Two cities in Washington provide natural gas to local ratepayers. They participate in the Climate

Commitment Act's cap-and-invest program due to the level of their carbon emissions: the City of Enumclaw and the City of Ellensburg. The initiative repeals the cap-and-invest program, and these two cities would no longer be required to acquire allowances or offset credits equal to their carbon emission levels. The cap-and-invest program currently gives the two cities free allowances in an amount that initially covers all their emissions and then declines at 7% per year through 2030 and 2% per year after 2030. If these utilities decrease emissions (decarbonize) faster than 7% per year, they could return the monetary value of any unused allowances to their ratepayers. Under the initiative, through 2030, the total value of the free allowances that these cities would not receive is forecasted at \$13.4 million.

Impacts on publicly owned electricity utilities

Currently, 53 cities, counties and other publicly owned entities that provide electricity to local ratepayers participate in the cap-and-invest program that would be eliminated under the initiative. Currently, these utilities receive free allowances to cover the total cost burden of compliance, including administrative costs and the costs of acquiring allowances or offset credits equal to the carbon emissions from the power plants that serve their ratepayers. These utilities can use the free allowances to meet their cap-and-invest compliance obligations. Alternatively, they can use some of the free allowance value to implement programs that benefit ratepayers. Under the initiative, through 2030, the total value of the free allowances that these entities would not receive is forecasted at \$1.3 billion.

Table 1 – Projected revenue impact to Washington State					
Account	SFY 2025	SFY 2026	SFY 2027	SFY 2028	SFY 2029
Carbon Emissions Reduction Account	(\$672,271,000)	(\$71,823,000)	(\$71,823,000)	(\$71,823,000)	(\$71,823,000)
Climate Transit Programs Account	\$0	(\$201,106,000)	(\$201,106,000)	(\$201,106,000)	(\$201,106,000)
Climate Active Transportation Account	\$0	(\$86,188,000)	(\$86,188,000)	(\$86,188,000)	(\$86,188,000)
Climate Investment Account, portions of which are distributed to the Climate Commitment Account and Natural Climate Solutions Account	(\$79,285,000)	(\$472,765,000)	(\$422,789,000)	(\$402,426,000)	(\$301,837,000)
Air Quality and Health Disparities Improvement Account	(\$2,500,000)	(\$10,000,000)	(\$10,000,000)	(\$10,000,000)	(\$10,000,000)
General Fund-State	(\$3,400,000)	(\$7,100,000)	(\$7,400,000)	(\$7,800,000)	(\$8,100,000)
Workforce Education Investment Account	(\$600,000)	(\$1,200,000)	(\$1,200,000)	(\$1,300,000)	(\$1,400,000)
Total	(\$758,056,000)	(\$850,182,000)	(\$800,566,000)	(\$780,643,000)	(\$680,514,000)

Table 2 – Projected spending impact to Washington State:					
Account	SFY 2025	SFY 2026	SFY 2027	SFY 2028	SFY 2029
Carbon Emissions Reduction Account	(\$435,594,125)	(\$1,387,000)	(\$1,387,000)	(\$1,387,000)	(\$1,387,000)
Transportation Carbon Emissions Reduction Account	\$230,354,125	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Climate Active Transportation Account	(\$0)	(\$9,533,500)	(\$9,533,500)	(\$9,533,500)	(\$9,533,500)
Climate Transit Programs Account	(\$0)	(\$179,850,000)	(\$179,850,000)	(\$179,850,000)	(\$179,850,000)
Climate Investment Account	(\$35,256,884)	(\$35,443,000)	(\$35,443,000)	(\$35,094,000)	(\$35,094,000)
Climate Commitment Account	(\$896,196,884)	(\$102,620,000)	(\$97,523,000)	(\$66,026,000)	(\$64,389,000)
Natural Climate Solutions Account	(\$282,251,136)	(\$25,392,000)	(\$27,953,000)	(\$22,956,000)	(\$25,853,000)
Air Quality and Health Disparities Investment Account	(\$19,333,611)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Consolidated Climate Account	\$653,797,443	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund-State	(\$6,349,000)	(\$6,152,000)	(\$6,364,000)	(\$7,500,000)	(\$7,700,000)
General Fund-Federal	(\$45,000,000)	(\$70,000,000)	(\$70,000,000)	(\$70,000,000)	(\$236,700,000)
Total	(\$835,829,954)	(\$430,377,000)	(\$428,053,500)	(\$392,346,500)	(\$590,506,500)

Table 3 – Impact on the Carbon Emissions Reduction Account in the current biennium:		
Agency	Spending authority eliminated	Spending authority transferred to the Transportation Carbon Emissions Reduction Account
Department of Commerce	(\$5,000,000)	\$0
Department of Ecology	(\$4,000,000)	\$0
Department of Enterprise Services	(\$13,500,000)	\$0
Department of Natural Resources	\$0	\$671,724
Joint Transportation Committee	(\$477,000)	\$2,243,091
Washington State Department of Transportation	(\$182,263,000)	\$227,439,310
Washington State Parks & Recreation Commission	\$0	\$0
Total	(\$205,240,000)	\$230,354,125

Table 4 – Impact on the Climate Active Transportation and Climate Transit Programs Accounts in the current biennium:		
Agency	Spending authority eliminated	Spending authority retained
Transportation Improvement Board	\$0	\$7,067,000
Washington State Department of Transportation	\$0	\$322,984,552
Total	\$0	\$330,051,552

Table 5 – Impact on the Climate Investment Account in the current biennium:		
Agency	Spending authority eliminated	Spending authority transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account
Department of Ecology	(\$12,081,799)	\$21,058,099
Department of Health	\$0	\$489,012
Department of Licensing	\$0	\$0
Environmental and Land Use Hearings Office	\$0	\$838,354
Office of Financial Management	(\$2,370)	\$565,450
Recreation and Conservation Office	\$0	\$116,800
Washington State Conservation Commission	(\$105,000)	\$0
Total	(\$12,189,169)	\$23,067,715

Table 6 – Impact on the Climate Commitment Account in the current biennium:		
Agency	Spending authority eliminated	Spending authority transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account
Central Washington University	(\$16,973,000)	\$1,300,473
Columbia River Gorge Commission	\$0	\$70,250
Department of Architectural and Historic Preservation	\$0	\$506,755
Department of Children, Youth and Families	\$0	\$3,199,000
Department of Commerce	(\$269,919,794)	\$303,908,217
Department of Corrections	(\$600,000)	\$1,600,000
Department of Ecology	(\$9,792,103)	\$17,917,345
Department of Enterprise Services	(\$1,617,575)	\$0
Department of Health	\$120,000	\$79,236,333
Department of Labor & Industries	\$0	\$3,463,669
Department of Natural Resources	(\$862,000)	\$5,423,409
Department of Revenue	\$0	\$281,500
Department of Social and Health Services	(\$9,958,915)	\$0
Department of Veteran's Affairs	\$0	\$200,000
Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council	(\$68,000)	\$4,561,612
Employment Security Department	\$0	\$329,837
Eastern Washington University	(\$9,998,000)	\$50,000
Governor's Office of Indian Affairs	\$0	\$495,218
Office of Financial Management	(\$875,000)	\$3,240,284
Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction	(\$30,000,000)	\$7,525,000
The Evergreen State College	\$0	\$0
University of Washington	(\$39,053,000)	\$9,055,869
Washington State Board of Community & Technical Colleges	(\$2,475,000)	\$5,781,000
Washington State Conservation Commission	(\$3,048,483)	\$22,400,000
Washington State Department of Agriculture	(\$3,407,000)	\$2,553,592
Washington State Department of Fish & Wildlife	\$0	\$1,056,113
Washington State Parks & Recreation Commission	(\$950,000)	\$1,462,443
Washington State University	(\$13,000,000)	\$352,823
Western Washington University	(\$7,000,000)	\$0
Workforce Training Board	\$0	\$508,273
Total	(\$419,717,870)	\$476,479,014

Table 7 – Impact on the Natural Climate Solutions Account in the current biennium:		
Agency	Spending authority eliminated	Spending authority transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account
Department of Commerce	(\$7,975,000)	\$2,600,546
Department of Ecology	(\$2,079,963)	\$21,451,072
Department of Enterprise Services	\$0	\$0
Department of Health	\$0	\$22,828
Department of Natural Resources	(\$54,594,358)	\$26,464,652
Military Department	\$0	\$84,022
Recreation and Conservation Office	(\$72,006,000)	\$57,279,700
University of Washington	\$0	\$486,602
Washington State Conservation Commission	(\$5,603,713)	\$24,331,293
Washington State Department of Agriculture	(\$5,000,000)	\$114,884
Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife	\$0	\$1,145,241
Washington State Parks & Recreation Commission	(\$75,000)	\$936,263
Total	(\$147,334,034)	\$134,917,102

Table 8 – Impact on the Air Quality and Health Disparities Investment Account in the current biennium:		
Agency	Spending authority eliminated	Spending authority transferred to the Consolidated Climate Account
Department of Ecology	\$0	\$19,333,611
Total	\$0	\$19,333,611

Argument for

Vote “Yes” on I-2117 to repeal Washington’s expensive, unfair, and wasteful CO2 tax

The CO2 tax increases the cost of gasoline and energy and drives up the price of everything we buy. A hidden tax that hurts low-income people most while providing large handouts to special interests. That’s why a bipartisan group of climate scientists, farmers, small business owners, and environmental justice advocates is voting “Yes” on I-2117 to cut energy prices and protect jobs.

The CO2 tax is built on broken promises

Politicians promised the CO2 tax would make gasoline prices go up by only “pennies.” Instead, the CO2 tax added nearly 40 cents per gallon at the pump, making Washington’s fuel some of the *most expensive in the nation*. Plus, the tax will *double* in just a few years.

Energy inflation hits low-income families hardest

While working families struggle with higher prices, politicians offer token, election-year “credits” to hide the real costs of the tax. The state even made it *illegal* for utilities to tell people the CO2 tax is hiking up their bills. This tax is unfair and kills small businesses and good jobs.

The CO2 tax goes mainly to government and special interests—not fighting climate change

The CO2 tax gives *billions* to government bureaucrats, with little left for tackling pollution and climate change. Lots of cash for special interests, but almost nothing to stop wildfires or improve air quality. Vote “Yes” to support environmental action that prioritizes the planet not politics.

Rebuttal of argument against

Advocates of the CO2 tax – the largest energy tax in state history – claim it doesn't increase energy costs. They *know* this is false. We all felt the harm from soaring gasoline prices. Repealing the tax lowers prices. Tax supporters also *know* the law prohibits the taxes from maintaining roads and bridges. Ending the tax will *not* hurt transportation. Don't be fooled by dishonest scare tactics. Vote “Yes” to pay less and protect low-income Washingtonians.

Written by

Nichole Banegas, Environmental Justice Leader; **Cliff Mass**, Professor of Atmospheric Sciences; **Ben Tindall**, Executive Director of Save Family Farming; **Sheri Call**, President & CEO, Washington Trucking Associations; **Todd Myers**, environmental author, former Puget Sound Salmon Recovery Councilmember; **Matt Boehnke**, State Senator, 8th Legislative District

Contact: No information submitted

Argument against

I-2117 is a purposely misleading, poorly written initiative that won't do a thing to guarantee lower costs for working families. It will endanger our health and safety and would devastate our transportation system.

I-2117 is a threat to our air, land and water - putting our health at risk.

I-2117 would jeopardize vital protections for our waterways, including rivers, lakes and streams. It would mean more toxic pollution in the air we breathe, resulting in more adults and kids suffering with asthma and illness. It would gut programs that protect our communities from wildfires and eliminate efforts to support salmon recovery and fish habitat.

I-2117 threatens the safe, reliable functioning of our entire transportation system.

I-2117 would cut one-third of funding for our state's already stretched transportation plan, making traffic congestion worse and commutes even longer. These drastic cuts would impact every corner of our state, putting major road and bridge projects addressing congestion, safety and freight mobility in danger of severe delays or outright cancellation. I-2117 reduces funding to restore a ferry system already in crisis and would drastically slash transit service.

An unprecedented coalition opposes I-2117.

The devastating harm I-2117 would cause has produced a uniquely broad and diverse coalition united in opposition. Over 350 organizations – including firefighters, small businesses, leading companies, doctors, nurses, labor unions and environmental leaders – and Tribal Nations have joined together to fiercely oppose I-2117. *No* to more pollution. *No* to more traffic congestion. *No* on I-2117. It's a bad deal for Washington.

Rebuttal of argument for

The people behind I-2117 make many misleading claims. If its supporters wanted to lower gas prices, they should have pushed an initiative to cut the gas tax. There is *nothing* in I-2117 that guarantees lower gas prices – but it *will* mean more pollution in our air and waterways, and more asthma and illness. It *will* devastate our transportation system, increasing traffic congestion and commute times, and costing jobs. Don't be fooled. Vote *no* on 2117.

Written by

Mark Riker, Executive Secretary, Washington Building & Construction Trade Council; **Leonard Forsman**, Chairman Suquamish Tribe, Affiliated Tribes of Northwest Indians; **Maia Bellon**, The Nature Conservancy in Washington, Board Chair, Tumwater; **Richard de Sam Lazaro**, Transportation Choice Coalition, Board President; **Lindsey Kirsch**, Pediatric Registered Nurse; **Jason Wilkins**, State Council of Firefighters, Spokane, Wildland Taskforce Leader

Contact: (206) 331-3969; info@no2117.com; no2117.com

Initiative Measure No.

2124

Initiative Measure No. 2124 concerns state long term care insurance.

This measure would provide that employees and self-employed people must elect to keep coverage under RCW 50B.04 and could opt-out any time. It would also repeal a law governing an exemption for employees. This measure would decrease funding for Washington's public insurance program providing long-term care benefits and services.

Should this measure be enacted into law?

- Yes
- No

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The Secretary of State is not responsible for the content of statements or arguments (WAC 434-381-180).

Explanatory Statement

Written by the Office of the Attorney General

The Law as It Presently Exists

In 2019, the Washington Legislature created a public long term care insurance program that is commonly known as “WA Cares.” The program provides people who meet its requirements up to \$36,500 (plus increases based on inflation) to pay for certain long term care services, such as nursing home care.

The insurance program is funded through mandatory contributions from most employees in Washington. Employers must deduct 0.58 percent of an employee’s wages. Participation is mandatory for most employees whether they are full-time, part-time, or temporary workers. Payroll deductions began on July 1, 2023.

Some employees in Washington do not contribute to the long term care insurance program and are not eligible for the program’s benefit. In general, federal employees, employees of federally recognized tribes, and persons who are self-employed do not participate in the long term care insurance program. However, federally recognized tribes and persons who are self-employed may choose to participate.

Certain employees may apply for voluntary exemptions from participation in the program. Employees who may apply for voluntary exemptions include veterans with service-connected disabilities, spouses or registered domestic partners of active-duty military members, temporary workers on a non-immigrant visa, and, under recent changes to the law, workers whose permanent address is outside Washington. In addition, employees who obtained private long term care insurance before November 2021 were eligible to apply for an exemption until December 2022.

Participants must contribute to the long term care insurance program for a minimum number of years before they are eligible to apply for benefits. In general, participants must contribute for either (1) at least ten years, without a gap of five or more consecutive years, or (2) for three of the last six years before the date a person applies for benefits. A person born before 1968 may receive partial benefits based on the number of years they have contributed to the program.

The long-term care insurance benefit is available only to individuals who need assistance with at least three activities of daily living, such as eating, getting in or out of bed, dressing, taking medications, or bathing. In addition, a person is eligible for the benefit only if they are at least 18 years old. For Washington residents, benefits first become available on July 1, 2026.

The Effect of the Proposed Measure if Approved

If adopted, Initiative Measure No. 2124 (I-2124) would change how participation in the long term care insurance program works. Employees and self-employed persons who are currently participating in the program would be able to opt out at any time. A person who opts out would not contribute premiums to the program and would not be eligible for the \$36,500 benefit.

I-2124 would also require that employees or self-employed persons in Washington elect to keep coverage under the program.

This measure does not specify the timing or process for employees or self-employed persons to either “elect to keep coverage” or opt out of the program. I-2124 would give the Employment Security Department authority to adopt rules to implement the measure’s requirements.

I-2124 would also repeal the statute that created a voluntary exemption for employees who had purchased long term care insurance before November 2021.

Fiscal Impact Statement

Written by the Office of Financial Management
For more information visit www.ofm.wa.gov/ballot

FISCAL IMPACT SUMMARY

If voters approve Initiative 2124, there will be additional expenses to the state due to administrative costs. Estimated expenses for the first three state fiscal years combined are in the range of \$12,623,250 to \$31,215,960. There is an assumed decrease in state revenues due to workers opting out of the program and no longer paying premiums. It is unknown how many current and future workers will choose to continue to participate in the program. Therefore, the total impacts to revenue and program costs, including the amount for paying future benefits, are indeterminate. There are no known local government fiscal impacts.

General Assumptions

- The effective date of the initiative is December 5, 2024.
- For those choosing to opt out, premium collections would stop the first day of the following calendar quarter after the opt-out request is made.
- The provisions of the initiative apply prospectively, not retroactively.
- Workers who do not have an exemption from the Long-Term Services and Supports program (LTSS) will continue paying premiums unless and until they affirmatively opt out of the program.

- Estimates use the state's fiscal year (SFY) of July 1 through June 30. State fiscal year 2025 (SFY25) July 1, 2024, to June 30, 2025.

REVENUE

State Revenue

Unless otherwise exempted from the LTSS program, the Employment Security Department (ESD) collects mandatory premiums from Washington workers at a current rate of 0.58% of a worker's wages. Premiums collected are placed in the Long-Term Services and Supports Trust Account to cover benefit payments and administrative costs. Workers who choose to opt out of the program if the initiative passes will no longer contribute toward these costs or receive benefits.

Current actuarial projections assume program revenue to reach \$952 million in state fiscal year 2025, sufficient to cover benefit payments beginning in state fiscal year 2027 when combined with previously collected premiums in the Long-Term Services and Supports Trust Account. If the initiative passes, it is unknown how many workers would choose to opt out of the program. Therefore, revenue impacts are indeterminate. For illustrative purposes only, if 25% less in premiums were collected, the state fiscal year 2025 revenue would be \$714 million. If 75% less in premiums were collected, the state fiscal year 2025 revenue would be \$238 million.

An analysis by the Office of the State Actuary indicates that if rates of non-participation are high enough, the Long-Term Services and Supports Trust Account could become insolvent as early as state fiscal year 2027.

Once benefits become available to eligible LTSS participants in July of 2026, there may be potential savings to the Medicaid program related to delaying usage of long-term care services and supports covered by Medicaid. The potential impact of this initiative on any Medicaid savings is indeterminate because projected impacts to benefit payments cannot be defined since the demographic makeup of those who would choose to remain in the program is unknown.

EXPENDITURES

There are currently 4.1 million workers in Washington state, with 3.9 million participating in the LTSS program. It is unknown how many of those workers will choose to remain in the program. Therefore, estimated expenditures for benefits and administrative costs are indeterminate. For this reason, this analysis identifies costs associated with a range of scenarios, from 25%,

50% and 75% of workers electing to opt out of the program. All expenditures noted within this analysis would come from revenue in the Long-Term Services and Supports Trust Account.

Customer Support (Non-indeterminate costs: SFY25: \$1,310,000; SFY26: \$584,000; SFY27 and ongoing: \$236,000; and indeterminate costs)

Additional customer support teams would be needed at both the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) and the Employment Security Department (ESD) to address an ongoing increase in calls and inquiries from the public. Agencies do not anticipate a decrease in their existing customer service costs if fewer people choose to participate in the program.

DSHS provides customer service and addresses questions and complaints for the LTSS program, including referring individual customers to other appropriate agencies. Depending on the percentage of workers electing to opt out, and assuming that 10% of those individuals will contact DSHS for a call that is five minutes in duration, increased staffing costs would begin in December of 2024.

Ranges of the staff required and costs based on 25% to 75% of workers electing to opt out:

(See Table 1 on page 36.)

In addition to these costs, DSHS will need to purchase software services and technical consulting services required to implement call center technology, costing \$1,000,000 in state fiscal year 2025.

ESD collects and assesses employee LTSS program premiums. Therefore, ESD assumes that the following work will be needed:

- Provide customer service to workers, including self-employed individuals, with questions regarding maintaining and opting out of coverage.
- Upon request, mail documentation to employees that they may provide to employers concerning maintaining coverage in the program.
- Support employers with reporting and premium payments. ESD will process refunds to employers who withheld premiums incorrectly from their employees.
- ESD assumes that in the first year, 15% of the customers who opt out of the program will contact the department with questions or to request technical assistance, with each contact estimated at 15 minutes. In subsequent years, that rate of individuals requiring assistance will drop to 10%

of those choosing to opt out. Using the 25%, 50% and 75% range of opt-outs, ESD assumes increased staffing costs would begin in December of 2024.

Ranges of the staff required and costs based on 25% to 75% of workers electing to opt out:

(See Table 2 on page 36.)

These estimates also assume that eight current positions who process exemptions will be repurposed to provide customer service. To support the additional customer service staff, ESD estimates needing an additional five staff for training, designing operating procedures, fiscal support and conducting administrative actions. The costs for the support staff are \$310,000 in state fiscal year 2025, \$584,000 in state fiscal year 2026 and \$236,000 in state fiscal year 2027 and ongoing.

Information Technology Enhancements (Non-indeterminate costs: SFY25: \$883,000; SFY26 and ongoing: \$31,000)

ESD will develop IT system functionality to allow Washington workers the ability to opt out of the LTSS program. This system enhancement will take approximately 12 weeks to build and implement, and ESD will hire IT staffing and vendor teams to complete this work from December 2024 through February 2025, estimated to cost \$835,000 in state fiscal year 2025 and including 3.4 staff. Vendor services and IT staffing teams needed will include development, performance, security and management. Other IT infrastructure costs are estimated to be \$48,000 in state fiscal year 2025 for an additional testing environment and database capacity. Ongoing costs for database capacity are approximately \$31,000 per year starting in state fiscal year 2026.

Product Management (Non-indeterminate costs: SFY25: \$587,000)

ESD will hire a product management team, consisting of 4.3 temporary staff working through June 30, 2025, costing \$587,000 in state fiscal year 2025, to ensure legislation is implemented successfully by balancing value, usability, feasibility, sustainability risks and working with stakeholders.

Communications (Non-indeterminate costs: SFY25: \$426,000; SFY26: \$262,000; SFY27 and ongoing: \$178,000)

ESD will develop and implement communication plans to prepare employers and employer agents,

such as third-party payroll providers, for changes to wage filing requirements. The cost of creating and disseminating information through mailers to 183,000 employers is expected to be \$89,000 per mailing. ESD anticipates sending four mailings in state fiscal year 2025 (\$89,000 x 4 = \$356,000) and two mailings per year in state fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter (\$89,000 x 2 = \$178,000). In addition, ESD plans to hire a communications consultant for one year starting in December of 2024 to inform workers through their employers about the ability to maintain and opt out of the program and to inform employers about how to manage their employees' program coverage and changes to reporting requirements.

Legal Services, Appeals, Rule Making (Non-indeterminate costs: SFY25: \$90,000; and indeterminate costs)

The Office of Administrative Hearings may experience a reduction in projected appeals if fewer workers participate in the program. Therefore, a savings of roughly \$55,000 to \$165,000 may be realized depending on the percentage of workers that choose to opt out.

ESD is authorized to establish rules pertaining to the programmatic changes made within the initiative. Rulemaking is expected to cost \$90,000 in state fiscal year 2025. It is unknown what level of legal guidance ESD will need from the Office of the Attorney General to implement the rules and initiative. Therefore, any costs associated with legal guidance are indeterminate.

Benefit Payments (Indeterminate costs)

Benefits become available to eligible participants beginning in state fiscal year 2027. Current actuarial projections assume program benefit payments to cost approximately \$1.837 billion in state fiscal year 2027. Any impacts this initiative may have on future benefit payouts or associated administrative expenses are indeterminate at this time since the demographic makeup of those who would choose to remain in the program is unknown.

Table 1 – Ranges of the staff required and costs based on 25% to 75% of workers electing to opt out:			
	SFY25	SFY26	SFY27
Number of Staff	5.3 to 13.5	7.3 to 17.9	4.7 to 10
Cost Range	\$577,000 to \$1,409,000	\$740,000 to \$1,775,000	\$483,000 to \$994,000

Table 2 – Ranges of the staff required and costs based on 25% to 75% of workers electing to opt out:			
	SFY25	SFY26	SFY27
Number of Staff	18.8 to 66.6	24.5 to 89.5	18.8 to 71.9
Cost Range	\$1,921,890 to \$6,711,045	\$2,508,012 to \$8,990,311	\$1,940,348 to \$7,213,604

SFY27 costs would continue each year thereafter.

If I am a victim of a crime, can I vote safely?

Keep your voting address confidential

You may be able to enroll in the Address Confidentiality Program (ACP) and register as a Protected Records Voter if you are:

- A survivor of domestic violence, sexual assault, trafficking, stalking; or
- A criminal justice participant, election official, or protected health care worker who is a target for harassment.

To become a Protected Records Voter:

- You meet with a Certified Advocate who can assist with threat assessment, safety planning, and the program application.
- The best time to enroll is when you move or are planning to move to a location that is unknown to the offender and undocumented in public record.



Call 1 (800) 822-1065 or visit sos.wa.gov/acp.

Argument for

Yes on I-2124 makes the long-term care payroll tax program a voluntary choice.

The long-term care program is a mandatory payroll tax funded directly from employees' paychecks. Washington workers should have the choice over whether their hard-earned money is taken to fund the program. Voting "Yes" makes the payroll tax voluntary and gives workers the choice to remain in or leave the program.

Yes on I-2124 gives everyone a choice.

There is bipartisan support to pass I-2124. Over 500,000 Washington workers have already chosen to opt-out of the program. The opt-out window is closed for the rest of us. Voting "Yes" reopens the window for everyone.

Yes on I-2124 creates long-term care flexibility.

For many families, the long-term care program will only cover a few months of care. Workers may pay more into the program than they will ever use. For married couples, the benefits can't be transferred to spouses. Part-time employees, seniors, and anyone working less than 500 hours/year could be taxed and never receive benefits. Voting "Yes" creates long-term care flexibility for everyone.

Yes on I-2124 reduces the financial burden of a payroll tax.

Inflation is already hitting our pocketbooks and forcing us to make tough financial decisions at the kitchen table. An unpopular tax with an unfair government program is not the solution. Voting "Yes" reduces financial burdens and increases our household incomes.

Rebuttal of argument against

I-2124 gives all Washington workers the choice to participate or opt-out of the state program and mandatory payroll tax. The healthcare special interest lobby should not determine what decisions are best for you and your family. Washington voters are smart enough to decide what's best for themselves and anyone with a preexisting condition can stay in the program. Vote Yes on I-2124 to give Washington workers control over their long-term healthcare.

Written by

Mark Mullet, State Senator, Democrat; **Curtis King**, State Senator, Republican; **Peter Abbarno**, State Representative, Republican

Contact: (800) 562-6000; peter.abbarno@leg.wa.gov; www.RepresentativePeterAbbarno.com

Argument against

I-2124 takes away benefits we need due to injuries, illnesses, disabilities, or age

Experts report I-2124 will take away Washington's long-term care insurance program that covers us when we are disabled, ill, or aging. It will take away our only affordable and guaranteed coverage available because Medicare and private health insurance do not cover long-term care, which 70% of us will need at some point.

I-2124 increases costs, pushes more of us into debt

I-2124 would take away long-term care benefit payments and will leave 3.9 million working people with the broken private long-term care insurance market as their only option. Private insurance increases expensive premiums, denies claims, and discriminates against women, charging them up to 70% more than men.

I-2124 hurts women most

More than 800,000 Washingtonians, mostly women, are currently unpaid caregivers for a parent, in-law, spouse, or other loved one. I-2124 will increase pressure on women to juggle work, family, and provide unpaid care for loved ones in need, impacting their earning power.

I-2124 harms people with histories of cancer, diabetes, or high blood pressure

Under I-2124, millions of people with pre-existing conditions will be left with no care coverage options since private insurance companies regularly reject those of us with pre-existing conditions. I-2124 is opposed by Washington State Nurses Association, AARP, Leukemia & Lymphoma Society, Washington State Labor Council, Planned Parenthood Alliance Advocates, League of Women Voters.

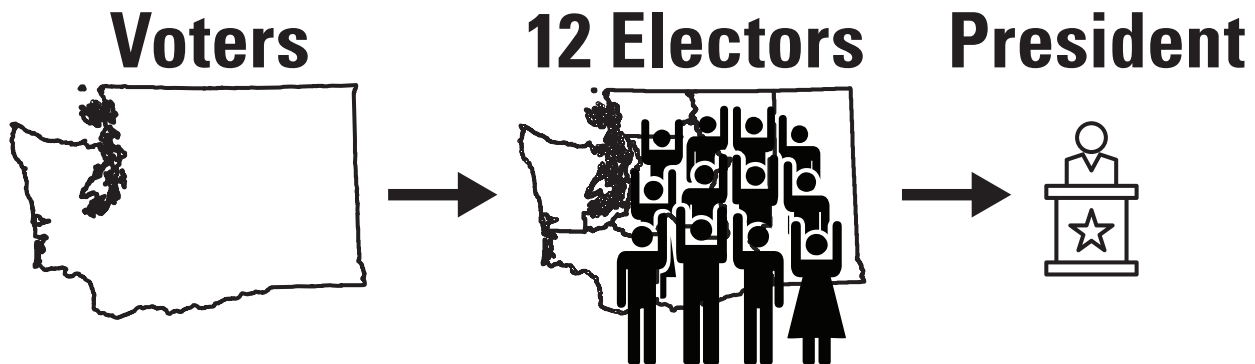
Rebuttal of argument for

I 2124 is misleading. That's why it's strongly opposed by the WA State Nurses Association, AARP, League of Women Voters, Leukemia & Lymphoma Society, and 100 other organizations representing doctors, caregivers, older adults, women, and people with pre-existing conditions. Medicare won't pay for long term care and I-2124 will take away the only affordable, guaranteed coverage for 3.9 million Washingtonians, leaving us with expensive private long term care insurance as the only option. Vote no.

Written by

Marguerite Ro, Doctor of Public Health, Director, AARP Washington; **Justin Gill**, APRN, RN, President, Washington State Nurses Association; **Clark Hansen**, Managing Director, ALS Association; **Charles Mayer**, MD MPH, Family Physician; **Adam Zarrin**, The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society; **Courtney Normand**, Washington State Director, Planned Parenthood Alliance Advocates

Contact: (206) 801-0179; NoOn2124.org



The Electoral College is a process, not a place

When you vote for President and Vice President, you determine a group of people called electors (also known as a slate) to represent Washington state in the Electoral College. The electors gather in December to cast votes for President based on the state's election results.

Each major political party chooses their own electors through the caucus and convention process.

Washington has 12 presidential electors

Every state starts with two because every state has two U.S. Senators. Based on population, each state receives an additional elector for every U.S. House Representative.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \text{ U.S. Senators} \\
 +10 \text{ U.S. House Representatives} \\
 \hline
 =12 \text{ Total electors}
 \end{array}$$

The magic number

There are a total of 538 electoral votes in the nation. A presidential ticket needs at least 270 electoral votes nationwide to win. If no presidential ticket receives a majority of electoral votes, the U.S. House of Representatives elects the President and the U.S. Senate elects the Vice President.

How electoral votes are distributed

Washington state is one of 48 states that uses a "winner-take-all" system; the presidential ticket that wins the popular vote in the state is entitled to all 12 of Washington's electoral votes.



Qualifications & Responsibilities

Except for the President and Vice President, all federal officials elected in Washington must be residents of the state.

President & Vice President

The President must be at least 35 years old and a natural born U.S. citizen. Voters indirectly elect the President through the Electoral College. The President is elected to a four-year term and cannot serve more than two elected terms.

The chief duty of the President is to ensure the laws of the nation are faithfully executed. This duty is largely performed through appointments for thousands of federal positions, including secretaries of cabinet-level agencies and federal judges (subject to confirmation by the Senate). The President is the commander in chief of the U.S. armed forces, has the power to sign and veto (reject) laws passed by Congress, and makes treaties with foreign governments (with Senate approval).

The Vice President serves as the presiding officer of the Senate. The Vice President becomes President if the office is vacated.



The order of major political parties is determined by the number of votes cast in this state for the President of the United States at the last presidential election. In 2020, the Democratic Party received the highest number of votes in Washington state and must appear on the ballot first.

Independent and minor party candidates follow major parties in the order of their qualification with the Secretary of State. (RCW 29A.36.161)

Congress

The United States' Senate and House of Representatives have equal responsibility for declaring war, maintaining the armed forces, assessing taxes, borrowing money, minting currency, regulating commerce, and making all laws and budgets necessary for the operation of government.

United States Senator

Senators must be at least 30 years old and citizens of the U.S. for at least nine years. Senators serve six-year terms. The Senate has 100 members; two from each state.

The Senate has several exclusive powers, including consenting to treaties, confirming federal appointments made by the President, and trying federal officials impeached by the House of Representatives.

United States Representative

Representatives must be at least 25 years old and citizens of the U.S. for at least seven years. Representatives are not required to be registered voters of their district, but must reside in the state. Representatives serve two-year terms.

The House of Representatives has 435 members, all of whom are up for election in even-numbered years. Each state has a different number of members based on population.



Candidates submitted their information for this pamphlet prior to printing. For the most current information, sign in to VoteWA.gov.



Candidate statements are printed exactly as submitted. The Office of the Secretary of State does not make corrections of any kind or verify statements for truth or fact.



**Kamala D.
Harris**

Democratic Party Nominee
President

Elected Experience

Vice President of the United States (from 2021 through the present), US Senator for California (from 2017 to 2021), Attorney General of California (from 2011 to 2017), District Attorney of San Francisco (from 2004 to 2011)

Other Professional Experience

No information submitted

Education

University of California College of the Law, San Francisco (J.D.); Howard University (B.A.)

Community Service

No information submitted



**Tim
Walz**

Democratic Party Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience

Governor of Minnesota (from 2019 through the present), U.S. Representative for Minnesota's 1st Congressional District (from 2007 to 2019)

Other Professional Experience

U.S. Army National Guard (from 1981 to 2005), Teacher and Coach (from 1989 to 2006)

Education

Chadron State College, B.Sc., 1989

Community Service

No information submitted

Statement

Vice President Harris is a fighter for the people. From her days as a prosecutor to her service as Vice President, she has defended the rights of everyday people by standing up to predators, scammers, and powerful interests. She has been fearless in taking on anyone who threatens the rights and freedoms of Americans.

As a prosecutor, she put murderers and abusers behind bars, standing up for women and children. As California Attorney General, she cracked down on transnational gangs trafficking drugs and guns across the border to make communities safer. She also took on the big banks that committed mortgage fraud, winning back billions in relief for homeowners. As a Senator and Vice President, she took on the big drug companies to cap the cost of insulin for seniors and led the fight for reproductive freedom. She has also advanced America's interests on the world stage, including by taking on Russian leader Vladimir Putin and standing with NATO.

As president, she would make strengthening the middle class a defining goal of her presidency. She will confront price gouging, work to lower costs, and expand opportunity so that every American has the chance to not just get by, but get ahead. And she will continue fighting to restore our freedoms, from reproductive rights to voting rights.

Governor Tim Walz is a champion for working families. He served 24 years in the Army National Guard. After attending college thanks to the GI Bill, Walz was a high school teacher and football coach – taking his team to the state championship for the first time in the school's history. He was a member of Congress in a Republican-leaning district, with a record of bipartisanship. As Governor, Walz cut taxes for working families, lowered the cost of insulin, and protected women's right to choose.

Contact

info@kamalaharris.com; www.kamalaharris.com



**Donald J.
Trump**

Republican Party Nominee
President

Elected Experience

45th President of the United States of America

Other Professional Experience

Businessman, real estate mogul, television star, and author.

Education

Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia; New York Military Academy

Community Service

45th President of the United States



**JD
Vance**

Republican Party Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience

Elected to United States Senate from the state of Ohio in 2022

Other Professional Experience

Enlisted in U.S. Marine Corps with service in the Iraq War

Education

Ohio State University; Yale Law School

Community Service

No information submitted

Statement

Eight years ago, Donald J. Trump ran on a promise to put America First, and he remains committed to that vision. With Vice President nominee JD Vance, our mission is stronger than ever.

Donald J. Trump will stand up to the radical left that seeks to weaken our nation. He is dedicated to strengthening our borders to stop illegal immigration and ensuring that we put America First. The current administration's failures have led to runaway inflation, crippling the economy and burdening hardworking families. Donald J. Trump will implement policies to bring down inflation, create better trade deals, and prioritize American jobs and industries.

Donald J. Trump believes in a strong and prosperous America. He will restore economic stability, secure our borders, and make America a leader on the world stage again. The threats we face from adversaries abroad, like China and other foreign powers, will be met with decisive action to protect our nation's interests.

Our movement to Make America Great Again is the only force that can bring safety, prosperity, and peace back to our country. We will stand up to powerful special interests, end foreign wars, and ensure that every American has the opportunity to thrive. Together, we will put America First and return power to the American People.

Vote to put America First and to Make America Great Again. Vote Donald J. Trump for President.

Contact

(617) 303-6800; info@djtfp24.com; www.DonaldJTrump.com



**Robert F.
Kennedy Jr.**
We The People Party
Nominee
President

Elected Experience
N/A

Other Professional Experience

Named Time Magazine's "Hero for the Planet," Robert F. Kennedy Jr. has accomplished more for clean water than anyone in American history. Working as an environmental attorney for 40 years, Kennedy won lawsuits against corrupt government agencies to defend the constitutional rights and freedoms of Americans and protect our air, soil, food and health from corporate polluters.

Education

Harvard University, Bachelor of Arts; University of Virginia School of Law, Juris Doctor; Pace University, Master of Laws

Community Service

Kennedy co-founded the Waterkeeper Alliance, the world's largest clean water advocacy group, and Children's Health Defense, to end childhood chronic disease.

Statement

Robert F. Kennedy Jr. is running for president as an independent to end the corrupt merger between corporations and government and fix the broken two party system that has undermined the American way of life. Kennedy proposes a "unity government" in which all parties are represented. Nicole Shanahan joined the ticket to bring power back to the people.

As president, Kennedy will end the foreign wars, reign in the military industrial complex and reinvest the trillions saved at home to restore the middle class. He has plans to: 1) redirect 20% of government contracts away from megacorporations that offshore our economy and into small businesses, creating millions of jobs and an economic boom; 2) offer a new GI Bill to anyone willing to serve their community in our domestic Peace Corps, providing corps members with enough life-changing assets to pay their way through college, put a downpayment on a home, or start a small business; 3) assist homebuyers with government-guaranteed 3% mortgages; and 4) cap childcare at 10% of income, so families can achieve the American dream of homeownership and affordable parenthood.



**Nicole
Shanahan**
We The People Party
Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience
N/A

Other Professional Experience

Nicole Shanahan is an attorney and tech entrepreneur. She founded ClearAccessIP in 2013, revolutionizing patent management with AI technology. She is the recipient of the CALI Excellence For The Future Award and has been recognized as a Top 50 Femtech Healthcare Influencer & Longevity Leader.

Education

University of Puget Sound, Bachelor of Arts; Santa Clara University, Juris Doctor

Community Service

Shanahan established the Bia-Echo Foundation, which supports innovative changemakers addressing major global challenges such as reproductive and metabolic health, criminal justice reform and community safety, environmental sustainability with a focus on regenerative agriculture, and more.

As vice president, Shanahan will work with President Kennedy to solve the chronic disease epidemic, protect our children and secure medical freedom.

Kennedy and Shanahan will champion regenerative agriculture. By promoting farming practices that restore soil health and enhance biodiversity, they will advance a resilient food system, benefitting people and the planet.

Kennedy and Shanahan will secure the southern border and end the migrant crisis that undermines our city budgets. They will address the epidemic of drug addiction and protect reproductive rights.

Restoring honest governance, Kennedy and Shanahan will eradicate corruption and ensure transparency and accountability. They will give the American people a voice in guiding legislation through direct democracy initiatives. #AmericaStrong

Contact

(508) 543-1720; info@teamkennedy.com;
www.kennedy24.com



Jill Stein

Green Party Nominee
President

Elected Experience

Town Meeting Member, Lexington MA

Other Professional Experience

Doctor of Internal Medicine, Harvard Medical School
Instructor of Medicine

Education

Harvard Medical School

Community Service

Jill Stein is a longtime environmental health advocate and organizer. As the Green presidential candidate in 2012 and 2016, she led the way on critical issues from a Green New Deal to ending student debt. She has long fought for an end to endless war, an economy that works for working people, and a livable future for our children. She is now running for president as the only anti-genocide, pro-worker, climate action candidate with a path to the White House.

Statement

The political system is broken. The two Wall Street parties are bought and paid for. Both are abandoning working people, worsening the climate crisis, undermining democracy, and squandering trillions on the endless war machine while tens of millions of Americans lack housing, food, healthcare and more.

Over 60% of us now say the two-party system has failed and we need a party that serves the people. I'm running for President to offer that choice for the people. Our campaign is the only anti-war, anti-genocide, pro-worker, climate action choice with a path to the White House.

Political insiders smear voters who want better choices. But without freedom of choice in elections, there is no democracy. So forget the elites who tell you to ignore your struggle and to keep voting for the politicians who caused it. Change won't come from them; it has to come from the people.



Rudolph Ware

Green Party Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience

None

Other Professional Experience

Since 2004 Professor Ware has been a full faculty member at Northwestern, Michigan, and now UC Santa-Barbara, teaching in History, Black Studies, and Islamic Studies.

Education

University of Minnesota '91; PhD (History) UPenn '04.

Community Service

Professor Ware is a lifelong educator specializing in the history of empire, colonialism, genocide and revolution. For the past two decades he has organized teach-ins, community education curricula, and other activist and organizing initiatives. He has worked across the country and worldwide to challenge imperialism, ethnic cleansing, and endless war, and to build sustainable, just, peaceful alternatives rooted in African, Indigenous, and Abrahamic traditions.

If we come together, we can create an economy that works for all of us with living-wage jobs, healthcare, housing, food, childcare, debt-free education, and guaranteed livable income as human rights. We can create a Green New Deal with millions of jobs to fight climate collapse, secure clean air, water, and food, and protect Mother Earth.

We can end endless war, rampant militarism, and genocide, and launch a new foreign policy based on diplomacy, international law, and human rights. We can revive our democracy with ranked-choice voting, proportional representation, and public campaign financing to get big money out of politics. We can end mass incarceration, fix our immigration system, and ensure our rights, freedoms, and justice for all.

We have the power to do all this and more - and we can use it in 2024 to start building an America and a world that works for all of us.

Contact

(425) 691-6631; info@jillstein2024.com; jillstein2024.com



**Claudia
De la Cruz**

Socialism and Liberation
Party Nominee
President

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

Claudia De la Cruz is a mother, popular educator, community organizer and theologian.

Education

City University of New York, Columbia University and Union Theological Seminary

Community Service

Born in the South Bronx to immigrant parents from the Dominican Republic, she began her political organizing work when she was 13 at her home church, grounding her work on principles of liberation theology. She actively participated in campaigns to free political prisoners; to get the U.S. Navy out of Vieques, Puerto Rico; to end the U.S. blockade against Cuba; for the freedom of Palestine; and against police terror — to name a few.

Statement

Humanity is experiencing a massive existential crisis — climate catastrophe, massive job losses, and war between the U.S. and other nuclear-armed powers. The capitalist government has no answers to these crises, and is in fact driving them forward, acting as a servant for the Big Banks, Big Tech, Big Oil and the Military-Industrial Complex. In every crisis that the people face, whether it's hurricanes, wildfires or pandemics, the government has proven itself to be totally inept and to only care about profit. They can't steer us away from crises — they are part of them.

Most people in the country are living paycheck to paycheck, the cost of everything has skyrocketed, and the ten richest men have doubled their fortunes. But both major, pro-capitalist parties are saying that nothing can be done — that this is just how the economy works. We disagree!



**Karina
Garcia**

Socialism and Liberation
Party Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

Karina is a mother, Chicana organizer and popular educator.

Education

Columbia University

Community Service

As one of the founders of the Justice Center en El Barrio in New York City and member of the Central Committee of the Party for Socialism and Liberation, Karina has dedicated her life to her work as a socialist organizer. As the daughter of immigrants, her family's story inspires her to grow with the courage and determination to fight for a better world.

The resources exist to resolve the problems humanity faces. The only things that stand in the way are the politicians that manage affairs for the billionaires who generate super-profits from workers all over the globe.

We stand for socialism — a system where poor and working people hold political and economic power and use it to meet the needs of all people and to preserve the planet. Every gain working people have attained has been through organized struggle and mass movements. We are part of building a movement of working class people committed to eradicating the dictatorship of the billionaires, and building the future we deserve. Join the movement, vote socialist 2024!

Contact

info@votesocialist2024.com; votesocialist2024.com



**Rachele
Fruit**

Socialist Workers Party
Nominee

President

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

Active in industrial unions over decades, currently hotel worker in Miami Beach, member of UNITE/HERE Local 355.

Education

Participant in movements against the Vietnam War, against Jim Crow segregation and for women’s emancipation, learned that the working class must replace capitalism and fight for political power as workers and peasants did in the 1959 Cuban Revolution.

Community Service

Speaking out across the U.S. for the working-class to form a party of labor, independent of the capitalist parties, and to oppose all acts and threats of Jew hatred while defending Israel’s right to exist as a refuge for Jews worldwide.



**Dennis
Richter**

Socialist Workers Party
Nominee

Vice President

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

Airline food service worker and recent member of UNITE HERE union. Over five decades working as union industrial worker on the railroad, in steel, and in meatpacking.

Education

In high school in the 1960’s Richter was drawn to the massive Black-led proletarian movement that tore down Jim Crow segregation, strengthening the U.S. working class.

Community Service

Opponent of Washington’s world-wide imperialist exploitation of workers and farmers. Organized and participated in demonstrations against the U.S. rulers’ wars in Vietnam, Iraq, and Afghanistan. Walked picket lines and built solidarity with UAW strike last year and locked-out Boeing firefighters in 2024.

Statement

We live in a deeply class-divided country ruled by a handful of billionaire families and their government. Working people are facing the devastating effects of high prices, lack of good paying jobs, unsafe working conditions and schedules that often make political, family, social and union life impossible. Life expectancy is at the lowest in a quarter century and the birthrate has been cut in half since 1950.

Today workers are in a mood to fight, organizing, and using their unions to defend their lives and livelihoods.

We need to fight for a public works program to put millions to work at union scale wages, for wages and cost of living increases to meet price increases, and for workers control of production to guarantee safety on the job and reverse the profit-driven destruction of the environment.

We must defend constitutional freedoms won in struggle—freedoms of worship, speech, press, association, the right to bear arms and more. Frame-up attempts to jail and silence political opponents deal a blow to rights working people need.

Only the working class of all countries has the capacity to stop imperialism’s march toward fascism and world war by fighting in our common interests. From Vladimir Putin’s murderous invasion of Ukraine to deny its national sovereignty, to Hamas’ October 7 Jew hating pogrom, the U.S.-rulers’ dominated global order since World War II is coming apart. We defend Israel’s right to exist and defend itself as a refuge for the Jews in the face of growing attacks.

We need to build a party to unite all workers and exploited producers, based on the unions, that breaks from all collaboration with the ruling class, fights in our class interests, and wages a struggle for workers power.

Contact

(347) 871-0282; socialistworkers2024@gmail.com;
www.themilitant.com



Joseph
Kishore

Socialist Equality Party
Nominee

President

Elected Experience

Socialist Equality Party candidate for US President in 2020.

Other Professional Experience

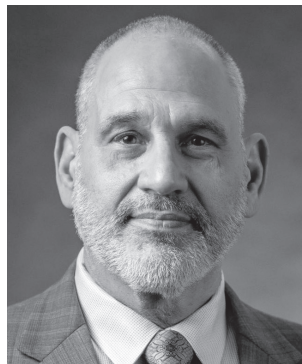
National Secretary of the Socialist Equality Party since 2008; senior writer for the World Socialist Web Site on US politics, social inequality, culture, education, science, workers struggles, the fight against war, and the history of the socialist movement.

Education

Bachelor's degree in mathematics and Master's degree in Industrial Operations and Engineering, both from University of Michigan

Community Service

Twenty-five years experience in the socialist movement, fighting for the interests of the working class and the oppressed, in opposition to inequality and war.



Jerry
White

Socialist Equality Party
Nominee

Vice President

Elected Experience

Socialist Equality Party candidate for US President in 1996, 2012, and 2016; Socialist Equality Party candidate for Vice President in 2008; Socialist Equality Party candidate for Michigan's 12th Congressional district seat in 2006.

Other Professional Experience

Labor editor for the World Socialist Web Site since 1998; editor of the WSWS Autoworkers Newsletter since 2015; member of the Workers Inquiry into the Bankruptcy of Detroit.

Education

York College, City University of New York

Community Service

Forty-five years experience in the socialist movement, fighting for the interests of the working class and the oppressed, in opposition to inequality and war.

Statement

The Socialist Equality Party calls for the socialist reorganization of society that ends the dictatorship of the corporate-financial oligarchy and transfers political power to the working class; establishes public ownership of and democratic control over multi-billion dollar corporations and financial institutions and, thereby, restructures the economy to meet the needs of mass society—full employment, workplace safety, the abolition of poverty, universal health care, affordable housing, high-quality education, child care, secure retirement, expansion of cultural and recreational facilities—rather than the accumulation of massive corporate profits and private fortunes; secures peace and democracy through the abolition of the military-industrial complex and the massive network of state intelligence agencies.

The Socialist Equality Party declares that the 2024 election is dominated by three critical issues:

First, the reckless militarism of the Democratic and Republican parties—seeking to secure the global interests of the financial-corporate oligarchy—has brought the United States to the very brink of World War III. The US-NATO war in Ukraine and the genocidal war in Gaza are part of a broader struggle for world domination.

Second, democracy in the US is giving way to authoritarianism, in which the Democrats and Republicans are implicated. Political dictatorship is the outcome of unrestrained corporate economic power.

Third, social inequality has reached levels unprecedented in modern US history. This country has the highest concentration of billionaires in the world, whose collective wealth stands at a record \$5.2 trillion. The wealth of the 10 richest billionaires exceeds that of the collective wealth of half the US population. The SEP calls for the expropriation of billion-dollar fortunes and massive increase in taxation of seven-figure incomes.

Capitalism has failed and must be ended. Socialism is the future. Vote for Kishore and White.

Contact

joseph.kishore@socialism2024.org;
<https://socialism2024.org>



**Chase
Oliver**
Libertarian Party Nominee
President

Elected Experience

No experience raising taxes, sending our troops to fight unnecessary wars, waging the failed War on Drugs, interfering with free markets, or overspending taxpayers' hard-earned money.

Other Professional Experience

Experience in various industries, working up from dishwasher to business consultant and maritime logistics management for one of the world's largest shipping firms. Boardmember of a national LGBTQ educational non-profit.

Education

Twenty years of on the job training and knowledge.

Community Service

Join Chase in taking direct action to improve our communities, like park and road cleanups, donating to food banks and shelters, and volunteering and fundraising for organizations that supply direct aid to the unhoused.

Statement

For my entire life as a Millennial, both Major Parties have been complicit in making the American government unjust, unaccountable, and unsustainable. We're being dragged down by an institution that is the product of out-of-touch politicians. I have a different vision.

Let's protect the environment by cutting subsidies for oil producers, allowing safe nuclear energy, and eliminating crony capitalist protections for polluters. Let's restore justice by ending qualified immunity and prosecution of victimless crimes. Let's revive the American Dream by cutting regulations that increase the cost of home construction by over 25%. Let's empower those saddled with predatory student loans by making them interest-free and dischargeable in bankruptcy. Let's reduce healthcare costs by ending evergreen patents that keep prices of drugs like insulin high.

We must balance our budget for future generations. Decades of reckless spending have led to inflation harming every American. Let's end the wasteful War on Drugs, reform immigration, shrink the surveillance state, and close unnecessary overseas military bases.



**Mike
ter Maat**
Libertarian Party Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience

Lifelong public servant.

Other Professional Experience

Mike's career in finance and economics included work with the White House Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as a financial economist, and as a consulting economist to three other federal and international agencies in the field of economic development. Mike was an advocate in DC for free markets in the financial services industry.

Education

BS in Aeronautical Engineering. MBA from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. MS and PhD degrees in Economics from The George Washington University.

Community Service

Mike is a former police officer who now advocates for comprehensive police reform.

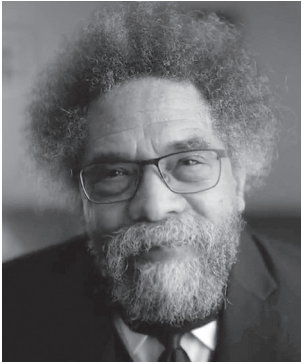
Both Major Parties support tariffs which are a regressive tax on consumers. Tariffs lead to trade wars, which especially hurt families in Washington State where approximately 40% of jobs depend on international trade.

When goods stop crossing borders, armies will. America has long had the moniker 'leader of the free world.' It's time we earn that distinction by insisting that Peace is the way forward through trade agreements and diplomacy.

In all aspects of policy, Libertarians pursue reform with one goal: to empower people, not the government. When did rational ideas become radical ideas? If you're living your life and not using force, fraud, coercion or theft, your life's your life, your body's your body, your business is your business, and your property's your property; it's not mine, and it's certainly not the government's.

Contact

(470) 737-4090; info@votechaseoliver.com; votechaseoliver.com



Cornel West

Justice For All Party Nominee
President

Elected Experience

First political race.

Other Professional Experience

Former University Professor at Harvard University and Professor Emeritus at Princeton University. Written over 20 books including: *Race Matters*, *Democracy Matters*, and *Brother West: Living and Loving Out Loud*. Delivered the historic Gifford lectures at the University of Edinburgh in Scotland in Spring 2024. Produced three music albums.

Education

Graduated Magna Cum Laude from Harvard in three years, M.A. and Ph.D. in Philosophy from Princeton; First Black person to receive a Ph.D. in Philosophy from Princeton University.

Community Service

Dr. West has participated in numerous protests (for social, racial, environmental and worker justice) and taught in prisons for over 50 years.

Statement

The West/Abdullah Administration's Blueprint for Transformative Change

The West/Abdullah administration's first 100 days in office would usher in a paradigm shift in American politics, rooted in the tripartite pillars of truth, justice, and love. This comprehensive plan, aptly described as a "revolution of values," outlines a series of audacious initiatives designed to confront systemic inequalities and nurture a more equitable society.

Key initiatives: An executive order to prioritize homelessness and poverty; radical education reform (including a federal mandate to equalize per-pupil spending across districts) and environmental protection measures (beginning with declaring a climate emergency); bold steps on healthcare



Melina Abdullah

Justice For All Party Nominee
Vice President

Elected Experience

First political race; first Muslim to run for the vice-presidency.

Other Professional Experience

Professor of Pan-African Studies at California State University; leader in the California Faculty Association (the faculty union), locally and statewide. Author of numerous articles, book chapters; creator, host, and producer of the radio programs; recognized as an expert on race, gender, class, and social movements.

Education

B.A. in African American Studies (Howard University); Ph.D. in Political Science (University of Southern California).

Community Service

Co-Founder and Director of Black Lives Matter - Los Angeles and Black Lives Matter Grassroots.

access and gender equality (like publishing the Equal Rights Amendment and codifying abortion rights and body autonomy); transformative foreign policy and immigration reform (involving immediately halting all funding and weapons transfer to Israel); concrete actions on racial justice and democratic reform (including financial reparations and land back programs); and prioritization of workers' rights and labor protections (beginning with drafting a Worker's Bill of Rights).

Learn more at www.CornelWest2024.com/100_days.

Contact

Ceyanna@cornelwest2024.com; www.CornelWest2024.com



**Shiva
Ayyadurai**
Independent Candidate
President

Elected Experience

Candidate for United States Senate from Massachusetts 2018 & 2020.

Other Professional Experience

MIT PhD, The Inventor of Email, Systems Scientist, Engineer, Entrepreneur. Founder of seven successful businesses. Chairman & CEO of CytoSolve, Inc., EchoMail, Inc., Executive Director of International Center for Integrative Systems.

Education

Four MIT Degrees: PhD in Systems Biology, Masters in Mechanical Engineering, Masters in Visual Design, Masters in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science. Fulbright Scholar.

Community Service

InnovationCorps.Org, Gifted 5,000+ Full Scholarships to children for Systems Science.



**Crystal
Ellis**
Independent Candidate
Vice President

Elected Experience

Precinct Captain in 2020 Iowa Caucus

Other Professional Experience

Commercial and Residential Real Estate Operator, Jewelry Designer, Entrepreneur.

Education

Organizational Communication, Creighton University

Community Service

Volunteer for Siena Francis House, Hindu Temple of Omaha, and Truth Freedom Health®

Statement

Since the 1970's, the policies of "The Swarm" - the tightly knit and decentralized elites across Left & Right defined at ShatterTheSwarm.com - have intentionally escalated the cost of living on everyday people and have destroyed the life expectancy of Americans.

If you have a child today, your son or daughter will have a shorter lifespan than you.

This is what happens when you keep voting for the "lesser of evils" thinking one of the evils will "save you." They have no interest in saving you, except killing you. The Solution - The truth is you must want to Save Yourself! We need a *systems overhaul*, which demands a bottoms-up movement by we the people, done by us, and for us. Shiva 4 President - When you vote for Shiva 4 President, you are acknowledging that the "Swarm" and its puppets are out to enslave you. You acknowledge that the only solution is Us, electing one of Us to be our leader.

The Swarm imposes their leaders on us. None of the alternatives are one of Us. Dr.Shiva is one of Us.

He came bottoms-up, escaping the degenerate and oppressive caste system of India. As a 14-year-old, he created the world's first email system, being awarded the first U.S. Copyright for Email, recognizing him as the legal and official inventor of email. He went on to receive four degrees at MIT, and started 7 successful companies, never taking any venture financing from the elites in Silicon Valley. Dr.Shiva has a history of delivering real solutions to transform the lives of everyday people.

Shatter The Swarm: The movement for Truth Freedom Health® and Shiva 4 President offers you the opportunity to Shatter The Swarm to win the life we need and deserve. Vote Shiva 4 President.

Contact

(857) 810-0007; Shiva4President@Shiva4President.com; Shiva4President.com



**Maria
Cantwell**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

U.S. Senate 2001-present, U.S. House of Representatives 1993-1995, Washington State Legislature 1987-1993.

Other Professional Experience

Real Networks, Vice President of Marketing & Senior Vice President of the Consumer Products Division 1995-2000.

Education

First in her family to graduate college with the help of financial aid. Received B.A. in Public Administration from Miami University.

Community Service

Henry M. Jackson Foundation, Former Honorary Council of Advisors; South Snohomish Chamber of Commerce, Former Board Member; Alderwood Rotary, Former Board Member; Apollo Alliance, Founding Board Member

Statement

Affordability. Jobs. Rights. Security. That's what I focus on as your representative in Washington, D.C., not hyper-partisan politics.

Affordability: Food, energy, housing, education, childcare, and prescription drugs all cost way too much. That's why I helped cap monthly insulin costs at \$35 for Medicare enrollees and am fighting drug middlemen that inflate drug prices. My law made manipulating energy markets a crime, allowing the government to claw back billions in ill-gotten profits. I championed tax credits that built millions of affordable housing units and made childcare more affordable.

Jobs: Bringing manufacturing and supply chains back home are the key to creating jobs, raising wages, and growing the middle class. I developed a new law that is bolstering STEM education and apprenticeships, and will triple U.S. semiconductor manufacturing capacity. Our agricultural economy is stronger because we stood up to foreign shippers and reopened markets for Washington apples and lentils. We kept freight moving with record new infrastructure investments. I improved access to credit for small businesses and created more opportunities for women- and minority-owned businesses.

Rights: Freedoms we once took for granted are under assault. I've been fighting to codify Roe v. Wade, protect access to contraceptives and IVF, and block anti-choice states from prosecuting women. Washingtonians have a right to clean air and water, which is why I led efforts to protect pristine public lands, restore salmon habitat, and transition away from fossil fuels.

Security: Fentanyl is devastating too many Washington communities, so my new law declares fentanyl a national emergency and gives local law enforcement more resources to stop it from crossing our borders. Veterans have served our nation, which is why I have fought to protect their health care, including 124,000 Washingtonians exposed to toxic materials.

I am asking for your support in the U.S. Senate race.

Contact

(206) 682-7328; info@cantwell.com; www.cantwell.com

continue →



**Dr Raul
Garcia**

(Prefers GOP Party)

Elected Experience

Dr Garcia isn't a career politician. A leader in his field, he has been elected to national medical organizations such as the American College of Emergency Medicine, the American Osteopathic Association, and the Bureau of Interns and Residents.

Other Professional Experience

Doctor, Emergency Medicine, 25 years. Current Chief Medical Officer, Astria Toppenish Hospital. Past medical practice owner; co-founding Dean, two medical schools; Medical Director, two hospitals.

Education

Bachelor of Science, Microbiology/Immunology, University of Miami. Graduate, New York College of Osteopathic Medicine.

Community Service

Co-founder, Partnership for Food Security. Local drives for domestic violence shelter, toys for sick kids, bikes for books, and feeding the homeless.

Statement

This election is an opportunity for the people of Washington to change the way we are governed, to stop the cycle of divisive politics that ignores the best interests of our people.

Serious crises aren't getting the attention they should. Fentanyl is an extremely dangerous drug that is killing Americans indiscriminately. Dr Garcia, an Emergency Room physician, sees far too many overdoses, and knows far too many families who've lost loved ones. Dr Garcia is the only Senate candidate with a plan to seriously combat the Fentanyl crisis, using a proven approach that targets dealers with prison time, and helps addicts with a robust program of treatment and recovery.

Another crisis is the cost of living. Washington is the fourth most-expensive state for groceries, and the eighth most-expensive overall. Many people are at or near the end of their financial rope due to rampant inflation. We can help tackle inflation by stopping reckless federal spending that adds to the national debt, and boost productivity to ease prices for consumers. Dr Garcia will be a voice for fiscal sanity.

As an Emergency Room doctor, Dr Garcia spends his days helping people. As a refugee from Cuba who found a home in America, he loves our country deeply. As a son raised by a single mother, he respects the men and women who work so hard to make a life for themselves and their families.

Dr Garcia isn't a career politician. But throughout his life he has been a leader – in the medical profession and in the community. He serves patients as a doctor, and he will serve the people of Washington as their US Senator.

Our state is a wonderful place that has gone a bit off-track. We can definitely do better, and with Dr Raul Garcia we will.

Contact

(206) 274-5859; info@garciaforwa.com;
www.garciaforwa.com



Marie Gluesenkamp

Perez

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Southwest Washington's Representative in Congress since 2023. I serve on the Small Business and Agriculture committees where I work for family farmers, loggers, growers, and rural communities.

Other Professional Experience

Co-owner of Dean's Car Care with my husband. We fix cars and create family wage jobs in the trades.

Education

B.A. Economics, Reed College. I was homeschooled by my mom and dad, a lay pastor, before enrolling in public schools.

Community Service

Hillsboro High School Automotive Advisory Committee, Stevenson Downtown Association Treasurer, Underwood Soil and Water Conservation District Supervisor.

Statement

Most members of Congress are millionaires completely out of touch with life in the real world. Almost none are like me: as the co-owner of an auto repair and machine shop, and a mother with a toddler in daycare, I know how tough it's been to navigate this economy. My husband and I built our own home to save money and worry about the rising costs of gas and medicine.

Special interests have corrupted Washington. I'm not taking a dime of their corporate PAC money. I'm focused on what working people want, like good jobs that don't require a college degree. More Washingtonians could work in the trades and in the woods if we expanded career training and apprenticeships.

I'm taking on President Biden for failing to secure the Southern border. I voted to add thousands of new Border Patrol agents and co-sponsored the bipartisan END FENTANYL law. I always vote to protect law enforcement.

I work closely with Republican colleagues and I'm ranked as one of the most bipartisan members of Congress. I attend Bible study to stay rooted and find common ground with Republicans. And I'm bringing home your tax dollars to replace the I-5 bridge – money that other candidates want you to pay in tolls.

In Congress, I'm protecting our freedoms, including ensuring a woman can see a doctor whenever she wants, for whatever reason, including contraception and IVF. I'm a staunch defender of the Second Amendment.

I fight everyday for Southwest Washington. I don't listen to activists in Portland or Seattle who think they know best. I listen to the commonsense ideas I hear from you, at town hall meetings I hold in every county. I come home every weekend to be with family and go to church. I'd be honored to earn your vote.

Contact

(360) 835-6835; info@marieforcongress.com; marieforcongress.com



**Joe
Kent**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

I served as an Army Green Beret for over 20 years through 11 combat deployments. I then worked for the CIA before advising President Trump on foreign and military policy and working as a tech firm project manager. I recently authored a book about my late wife who lost her life while serving in uniform.

Education

Norwich University, B.S. in Strategic Studies and Defense Analysis. U.S. Army Special Forces Qualification Course. Eagle Scout.

Community Service

I deliver meals to veterans and volunteer at my church. I have trained and provided security services to churches and synagogues.

Statement

Democrat Marie Perez and I have big disagreements about local and national issues.

Perez believes the new I-5 bridge project should be funded by tolls that disproportionately penalize Washington residents. We pay more than enough in taxes already, and I will fight to ensure there are no tolls on the bridge project. Perez wants to accelerate the spread of Portland's crime and drug problems into our district by spending billions on light rail connecting Portland to Southwest Washington. Like in Seattle and Portland, light rail cars will become mobile drug dens that spread Portland's problems further into our district. I oppose any light rail project.

Perez voted against Republican legislation to secure the border, in favor of expanding welfare to illegal aliens. She sponsored legislation that gives anyone who crosses the border government benefits and permission to fly anywhere in the country. I'll vote to bring back President Trump's "Remain in Mexico" policy to stop fake asylum claims and provide robust border security.

Inflation has caused the price of food, gas, and other necessities to skyrocket, driven by the Federal Government's spending spree that Marie has consistently voted for. I'll vote to restore fiscal responsibility and get inflation back to pre-Biden levels.

Marie Perez supports taxpayer funding for late-term abortion. The Supreme Court has ruled this is a state issue, and I support keeping it that way. I support bringing the cost of raising children down by expanding tax deductions for working families and tax exemptions on necessities like diapers and formula.

I'm the father of two young children, and the direction Democrats Marie Perez and Joe Biden are taking this country is putting the future of all our children at risk. Help change that direction by voting for me so I can bring common-sense values to the US Congress.

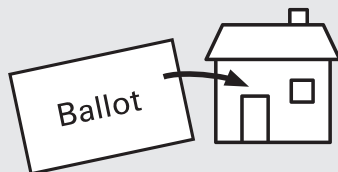
Contact

(360) 869-5714; joe@joekentforcongress.com;
www.joekentforcongress.com

How do I vote and return my ballot?

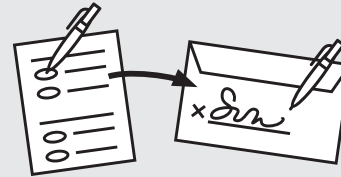
1

If you're registered to vote, there is no need to request a ballot. Your ballot will be mailed by **October 18** to the address you provided on your voter registration. If you need a replacement ballot, contact a county elections office listed at the end of this pamphlet.



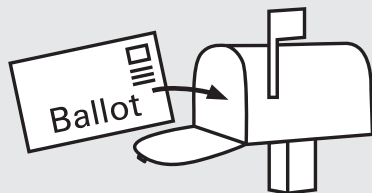
2

Vote your ballot and sign your return envelope. We need your signature to accept your ballot. You are not required to vote every race on your ballot. We encourage using this pamphlet to help you decide.



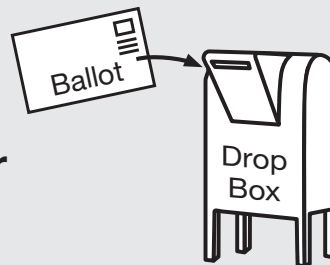
3

Return your ballot by mail, no stamp needed. If mailed, your ballot must be postmarked by **November 5**. Don't let a late postmark disqualify your ballot. The USPS recommends that you mail a week before Election Day.



Or, return your ballot to an official ballot drop box. Drop boxes are open until 8 p.m. on **November 5**. Find drop box locations at **VoteWA.gov**.

Or



If you cannot personally return your ballot, only let people you trust deliver it for you.

4

Check the status of your ballot on **VoteWA.gov** to see if it has been received by your county elections office.



Election staff will contact you before your ballot is processed if:

- Your signature is missing
- Your signature doesn't match your voter registration record

View election results online

After 8 p.m. on election night, tallied results from each county are posted at **results.vote.wa.gov**.

Results are updated as counties report and are unofficial until certification.



Qualifications & Responsibilities

Statewide-elected executives must be registered Washington voters and are elected to four-year terms.

Governor

The Governor is the chief executive officer of the state and makes appointments for hundreds of state positions, including directors of state agencies (subject to confirmation by the Senate). The Governor has the power to sign or veto (reject) legislation, and annually submits a budget recommendation and reports on state affairs to the Legislature.

Lieutenant Governor

The Lieutenant Governor is elected independent of the Governor, and serves as the presiding officer of the state Senate. The Lieutenant Governor is first in line of succession and becomes Acting Governor whenever the Governor leaves the state or is otherwise unable to serve.

Secretary of State

The Secretary of State leads the state Elections Division, Corporations and Charities Division, state Archives and Library, and other programs and services. The Office of the Secretary of State manages corporation and charity filings, collects and preserves historical state records, and governs the use of the state flag and seal. The Secretary of State is second in line of succession for Governor.

State Treasurer

As the state's finance officer, the Treasurer manages the cash flow, investments, and debt of all major state accounts. The Treasurer serves on the State Investment Board, providing guidance for the management of long-term debt and investments, and Chairs the Public Deposit Protection Commission, ensuring the safety of public deposits in qualified banks.

State Auditor

The Auditor works with state and local governments to conduct independent financial and performance audits. The Auditor publicly investigates state employee whistleblower claims about agencies and reports of fraud, waste, and abuse of taxpayer money received through its citizen hotline.

Attorney General

The Attorney General serves as legal counsel to the Governor, members of the Legislature, state officials, and more than 200 state agencies, boards, commissions, colleges, and universities. The Office of the Attorney General protects the public by upholding the Consumer Protection Act and provides public information about consumer rights and scams.

Commissioner of Public Lands

The Commissioner of Public Lands is the head of the Department of Natural Resources, overseeing management of more than 5 million acres of state forest, agricultural, range, aquatic, and commercial lands. The Commissioner manages the state's largest on-call fire department, preventing and fighting wildfires on 13 million acres of private, state and tribal-owned forest lands.

Superintendent of Public Instruction

The Superintendent heads the state education agency and is chief executive officer of the state Board of Education. The Superintendent is responsible for the administration of the state's kindergarten through twelfth grade education program. The office certifies teaching personnel, approves and accredits programs, and distributes state and local funds.

Insurance Commissioner

The Insurance Commissioner regulates insurance companies doing business in Washington, licenses insurance agents and brokers, reviews policies and rates, examines the operations and finances of insurers, and handles inquiries and complaints from the public.



Candidates submitted their information for this pamphlet prior to printing. For the most current information, sign in to VoteWA.gov.



Candidate statements are printed exactly as submitted. The Office of the Secretary of State does not make corrections of any kind or verify statements for truth or fact.



**Bob
Ferguson**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Attorney General. Reelected with 67%, winning 37 of Washington's 39 counties. An independent leader, Bob manages Washington's largest law office. He protects the rights of all Washingtonians, prosecutes criminals, and stops price-gouging that harms families.

Other Professional Experience

Bob began his professional career in Eastern Washington. He worked with federal judges appointed by presidents of both parties. Bob represented taxpayers, local governments, and small businesses. Growing up, he worked delivering newspapers and washing dishes at a senior home.

Education

University of Washington; Law Degree, NYU.

Community Service

Bob served in the Jesuit Volunteer Corps, managing an emergency services office assisting vulnerable individuals and tutoring kids.

Statement

Son of a special education public school teacher and a Boeing employee, Bob takes on the toughest fights, solves problems, and gets things done for you—not powerful interests. He is the only candidate who refuses campaign contributions from corporate PACs and large corporations. Never satisfied with the status quo, he'll protect your rights and deliver change for Washington.

As Governor, Bob's top priority is improving public safety. He'll hire more police officers to combat crime and fentanyl. He took on powerful drug companies, winning \$1.2 billion for increased treatment and first responders. Nurses, firefighters, and prosecutors endorse Bob because they trust him to combat public drug use and improve the mental health system. Bob worked alongside law enforcement to end the rape kit backlog and bring justice to survivors. He knows how to bring people together to solve big challenges.

Bob and his wife Colleen, who works at a community college, are raising teenage twins. Bob knows high housing prices make it hard for too many families. He'll work with both parties for commonsense solutions to address homelessness and rising housing costs—building 200,000 affordable homes in four years. Bob will increase opportunities for every Washingtonian to get ahead by investing in career education, skills training, and apprenticeships.

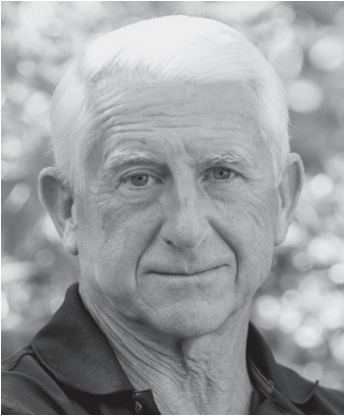
Bob understands our democracy is threatened and successfully blocked dozens of illegal Trump administration actions. As Governor, he'll defend our democracy and protect Washingtonians. A champion for reproductive freedom, Bob is the only candidate endorsed by Pro-Choice Washington and Planned Parenthood.

In contrast, Congressman Dave Reichert said, "I love Donald Trump's policies," and voted with Trump 92.5% of the time. Reichert repeatedly voted to impose a nationwide abortion ban that criminalizes doctors and to abolish the Affordable Care Act. Reichert opposes marriage equality.

Bob fights for us.

Contact

(425) 202-5092; info@bobferguson.com; bobferguson.com



Dave
Reichert

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

King County Sheriff, 1997-2005; US House of Representatives, 2005-2019

Other Professional Experience

US Air Force Reserve (1971-1976). Joined the King County Sheriff's Office in 1972. In 1997 became King County's first elected sheriff in 30 years. Vice President, Gordon Thomas Honeywell from 2019 to 2023.

Education

Concordia Lutheran College, AA

Community Service

Served on King County's Domestic Violence Council. Board of Directors for The Borgen Project. Founder of King County Violent Firearms Coalition. Former Member of King County Committee to End Homelessness. Founder of King County Sheriff's Police Activities League. Youth coach and counselor. Two-time Washington Medal of Valor Recipient. National Sheriff of the Year.

Statement

For nearly 40 years our state has been lost in a wilderness of one-party rule. What has that gotten us? The highest violent crime rate in our history, friends and family dying from fentanyl, record homelessness, and the worst maintained roads, highways, and ferries in America. As your governor, I will work tirelessly to foster an economy that works for everyone, safe streets and neighborhoods, and ensure the children in our state get a world class education.

From the United States Air Force to the King County Sheriff's Office, I witnessed examples of selfless sacrifice, individuals who put others before themselves. That experience taught me what it means to have a servant's heart, honored by an opportunity to help, and driven to show the courage and humility it takes to get things done. As King County Sheriff, I arrested violent criminals and locked up human traffickers who preyed on women and children. On my watch crime was down as we enforced the law and everyone was accountable. This experience served me well when the people of Washington sent me to Congress where I worked with Republicans and Democrats to pass big and bold policies on everything from taxes to trade to protecting our beautiful environment.

We've been living in a state where our leaders have pit region against region, generation against generation, and yes even family against family. Dividing people is not the answer. We must work together, side by side, to tackle the issues we all face. I have been endorsed by nearly every sheriff in the state and people of all party affiliations – Republican, Independent, Democrat – are joining our campaign because they understand that business as usual is no longer an option.

I would be honored to have your support to be your next governor.

Contact

(425) 410-2322; info@reichertforgovernor.com;
reichertforgovernor.com



**Denny
Heck**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Lieutenant Governor. U.S. Representative, member of the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the House Financial Services Committee. Washington State Representative, elected to five terms. Chaired historic Basic Education Subcommittee. Democratic Precinct Committee Officer.

Other Professional Experience

Co-Founder, Intrepid Learning Solutions; Co-Founder and President, TVW – Washington’s version of C-SPAN; Chief of Staff, Governor Booth Gardner.

Education

B.A., The Evergreen State College.

Community Service

Denny and his wife of 48 years, Paula (a retired middle school principal), founding members of the Olympia School District Education Foundation’s Principals’ Emergency Fund, providing low income children with help to be successful in school.

Statement

Thank you for the privilege and opportunity to serve as your Lieutenant Governor for the last four years. The most important part of being Lieutenant Governor is serving as President of the State Senate and presiding in an impartial way, fairly applying the rules to everyone and to both parties. We have done this.

But the office of Lieutenant Governor also affords the opportunity to advocate for important policy priorities. We have advocated long, consistently and clearly for the need to more forcefully address the housing crisis in our state, especially for affordable homes for low and moderate income families. Our work helped lead to many accomplishments last year, causing the 2023 session to be called The Year of Housing. So much work remains to be done. We will stay at it.

We have also worked hard and in a bipartisan way, to improve our civic health. We all know it needs to change. We need more respectful discourse in the public square, more inclination to try to find principled compromises and when we cannot, a greater ability to disagree better. Here, too, we will doggedly stay at it.

In this spirit, I humbly ask for your support.

Contact

(360) 259-6400; info@dennyheck.com; dennyheck.com



**Dan
Matthews**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Former School Board member: Advocated for children, parents, education issues in Wash., D.C.; Snohomish County Charter Review Commissioner

Other Professional Experience

Veteran Pilot: Vietnam, and Desert Storm; US Air Force Lt. Colonel. Commercial Airline 747 Captain Instructor; Boeing Contract Instructor, 747 Pilot Consultant; Disaster Preparedness Consultant; Airline Pilots Association Union member.

Education

BA, Political Science, University of Puget Sound; Washington State Senate Intern; Master’s Degree Public Administration, Government.

Community Service

Nature Conservancy, Cousteau Society (Founding member), Rotary International, Little League Coach, STEM Skills Task Force, WA Policy Center, Domestic Violence Abuse Services, Hope House, American Legion, Combat Veterans, Local church leadership, Union Gospel Mission.

Statement

Professionally, my role has been to safely navigate to every destination, knowing people’s lives depended on me. As your Lieutenant Governor, my focus will remain: People working together. From presiding over the State Senate to building bridges throughout government, I seek to establish a climate of cooperation and constructive leadership, restoring confidence in our government.

Career politicians fail us when they deliver dictates, division, and dependency rather than diplomacy and respect. I have stepped forward to help fix a broken system. One political party has controlled our state for decades, representing powerful, big-money interests, growing more extreme, even radical. We must resolve to change course, finding common ground.

JFK challenged: “Ask not what your country can do for you, ask what you can do for your country.” I will seek to always advance relationships, balance, and communication, providing a unifying voice and vision for all.

Compelled by faith, hope, and love, I will stand for your rights and our children’s future, fulfilling the high calling of serving the public trust with honor and integrity, of service above self. This is my commitment to you. Thank you for trusting me as a thoughtful, deliberate change agent for our future.

Contact

(206) 300-0652; Dan@electdanmatthews.com; ElectDanMatthews.com



**Steve
Hobbs**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Washington Secretary of State, 2021-present. As state Senator from 2007-2021, Hobbs earned a reputation as a champion of bipartisan solutions.

Other Professional Experience

More than three decades of military service in the United States Army and National Guard, achieving the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. Deployed to Kosovo and Iraq. Task Force Commander - Western Washington's COVID-19 response mission. Western Regional Vice President, National Association of Secretaries of State.

Education

Master of Public Administration and Bachelor of Arts from the University of Washington. United States Army Command and General Staff College, Defense Information School.

Community Service

Rotary, American Legion, Nisei Veterans Committee, Special Olympics Washington.

Statement

As your Secretary of State, my top priorities are ensuring Washington's elections are secure and accessible for every eligible voter. Since 2021, I've safeguarded the integrity of our elections by investing in cyber and physical security, fighting malicious election disinformation, and providing eligible voters every ability to participate in our democratic process.

I will protect Washington's proven and dependable vote-by-mail system. I fought to expand automatic voter registration and increase civic engagement, lowering barriers for eligible citizens.

Overseeing Washington's State Library, I confronted book bans and censorship in public libraries across our state. I've increased access to business services and secured resources to preserve our state's history. I'm endorsed by County Auditors who conduct elections, the Washington State Labor Council, business leaders, voting rights advocates, prominent state and federal leaders, and former Governors Gary Locke and Christine Gregoire.

I am proud of my career in public service working alongside Democrats, Republicans, and Independents. Washington's Secretary of State must possess the highest standards of integrity and leadership and serve as a strong advocate for voter access. It is the privilege of my life to serve as your Secretary of State, and I would be honored to earn your vote.

Contact

(360) 322-4637; info@electhobbs.com;
<https://www.electhobbs.com/>



**Dale
Whitaker**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Precinct Committee Officer

Other Professional Experience

Chief Financial Officer - Augusta Precious Metals; Currently owns and operates a small tax practice in Spokane

Education

Graduated with Honors with a B.A. in Accounting from the Forbes School of Business & Technology at Ashford University; IRS Enrolled Agent Certification

Community Service

Executive Director, WBWV for the last 2 ½ years

Statement

I am running for Secretary of State because Election Transparency is the most important issue on the ballot. We must instill confidence in the electorate that our elections process and infrastructure are accessible, transparent, and secure. This includes giving the public a closer look inside our elections process and bringing back in person voting in addition to our mail-in voting.

The Secretary of State's office also has an important duty to the incredible businesses throughout Washington in making sure the government red tape does not impede on entrepreneurs ability to create and run their businesses in the state. When I am elected Secretary of State I will work with the Governor and State House to make Washington the most business friendly state in the country.

I have lived in Spokane since 2008 when I emigrated from the United Kingdom to the United States. My wife and I both run small businesses in Spokane, we have two children and a grandchild, we have established our roots here, and we truly love the beauty we have here in Washington State.

Contact

(509) 856-8076; info@whitakerforwa.com;
www.whitakerforwa.com



Mike
Pellicciotti

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

State Treasurer, 2021-present; State Representative, 2017-2021.

Other Professional Experience

An economic crimes prosecutor (Assistant Attorney General), Mike managed a unit of financial examiners, auditors, and analysts that returned \$30 million to taxpayers from financial fraud and government waste. As a legislator, he created laws to get “dark money” out of politics and combat corporate crime.

Education

Bachelor’s Degree (Business Administration, economics minor); Master of Rural Development (Fulbright Scholar, economic development); Law Degree, Gonzaga.

Community Service

As Equal Justice Coalition Chair, Mike advocated for homeowners unlawfully foreclosed upon, veterans denied benefits, and predatory lending victims. Federal Way Chamber of Commerce. Served on Gonzaga University Board of Regents.

Statement

Mike rejects all corporate campaign donations. He puts your financial interests first. As State Treasurer, Mike refinanced all eligible debt, redirecting over \$550 million in Wall Street profits back to the people.

Mike implemented a policy prohibiting Washington State Treasurers from investing in corporations that fund their campaigns. His investments earned Washington \$1.8 billion over the next four years to reduce taxpayer burdens. Mike’s local government investment returns are 50 times higher than 2021, sending \$3 million more *each day* to local governments for schools, first responders, and other community needs.

Under Mike’s leadership as State Treasurer, Washington now has budget guardrails. U.S. News just ranked our state’s long-term fiscal stability *the best in the nation*. Our state pensions are one of America’s best funded. Washington maintains a Moody’s AAA-credit rating, the top mark for strong financial management. This makes housing, road, ferry, and school construction more affordable. Mike lowered GET/529 education costs for families, while keeping this important program fully funded.

Mike expanded financial education opportunities. He also created an online “Transparency Portal” to show how *your* public dollars are managed. Endorsed by Washington State Labor Council and Planned Parenthood, Mike will always put working families and retirees first!

Contact

(253) 874-7934; info@electmikep.com; www.electmikep.com



Sharon
Hanek

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Chair of the Pierce County Charter Review Commission and Treasurer for non-profits and political organizations, including Little League and a private school.

Other Professional Experience

Owner of a CPA firm and founder of a public policy research company. Pierce County roles: Planning Commissioner, Birth to 25 Board, Redistricting Commissioner.

Education

BA in Business Administration and Accounting, University of Washington; CPA since 1980; President of UW International Business Students Association.

Community Service

Involved in youth/family service boards, community councils, Little League, private schools, political organizations, property rights alliances, and Kent SD finance and strategic planning committees.

Statement

As your State Treasurer, I will advocate for the protection of our state’s assets and ensure retirement accounts make sound investments. I will strive to make the accounting system transparent and accountable to citizens. With my professional expertise, I will scrutinize the books and challenge the legislature to exercise greater caution in tax and spending decisions.

As a CPA, I have dedicated my career to helping clients preserve their bottom lines, reduce taxes, and securing their futures. I developed and taught a financial literacy class to junior high students and testified before the legislature against raising taxes and over-regulating our businesses.

My experience includes advising taxpayers and businesses in our community on wise investments and job creation. In an era of job uncertainty, rising prices, and constant demands for education funding, Olympia’s typical solution is to raise taxes and fees. My approach is to account for past expenditures and prioritize sensibly. I will be the accountant Treasurer who leads our state into a new era of fiscal responsibility.

Vote to preserve our fiscal future. Vote for accountability. Vote for Sharon Hanek.

Contact

(253) 854-7075; SharonHanek@gmail.com; www.SharonHanek.com



**Pat (Patrice)
McCarthy**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Current Washington State Auditor 2017-present; Pierce County Executive 2009-2016; Pierce County Auditor 2003-2008; Tacoma School Director 1987-1999.

Other Professional Experience

President-elect, National Association of State Auditors; Executive Committee, National Association of State Auditors, Comptrollers and Treasurers.

Education

B.A., University of Washington Tacoma

Community Service

Asian Pacific Cultural Center Advisory Board. Pierce County Sexual Assault Center, Emeritus. Tacoma South Rotary 1999-2016, Honorary Commander, 62nd Airlift Wing, 2005-2009. Key Award, Washington Coalition for Open Government. Star of Destiny Award, Tacoma Historical Society. Distinguished Alumni Award, University of Washington Tacoma; Secretary of State's Auditor of the Year, 2005.

Statement

As the first woman to serve as Washington State Auditor, I lead an office responsible for conducting independent audits across all local governments and state agencies, ensuring accountability and transparency in public fund usage. Over my eight-year tenure, responsibilities have expanded, including significant audits of federal COVID-19 pandemic funds. My administration has also greatly reduced the number of "unauditable" governments, increasing our audits' scope and effectiveness.

Under my leadership, we exposed nearly \$7 million in misappropriated funds at a local housing agency, the largest fraud case in our state's history. We have strengthened our capabilities by training more fraud examiners and launching innovative programs. These include a pioneering audit of law enforcement's use of deadly force, bolstering cybersecurity with increased IT audits and preventive "cyber-checkups," and a new data analytics program to detect fraud and waste more effectively.

I will continue these efforts in my next term, focusing on managing public resources wisely. My vision includes advancing our technological capabilities to protect public assets and promote integrity across Washington State.

Many have endorsed me; details are on my website. I have a proven and tested public record of leadership. I humbly ask for your vote to continue our progress.

Contact

(206) 682-7328; patmccarthy4auditor@gmail.com; PatMcCarthyAuditor.com



**Matt
Hawkins**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Spokane County State Committeeman (R) 4 years, District Leader 2 years, elected by the PCO's from the general membership, PCO 4 years.

Other Professional Experience

36 years of senior level business experience working with business owners and industry leaders, including Commercial and Investment Real Estate, Investment Banker, Investor, and Trustee for an Involuntary Bankruptcy. Various National advisory boards. Work with Audit teams.

Education

BS in Finance from Brigham Young University, Professional certifications CCIM and CM&AA.

Community Service

Election Integrity State Committee to promote transparency. Boy Scouts of America- various roles, Camp Fire Girls- Board member, youth programs-Coaching, University High School Theater, Various PTO's and PTA's.

Statement

Working in the private sector for 35 years, within a variety of industries, Hawkins has the skills to work with teams of professionals to improve process and systems. Solutions to our challenges with education, the homeless, mental health, parental rights, property rights, taxes and energy policy can all be found through transparency in audits.

Observing the divide within our country over the past 4 years, Hawkins began asking questions to learn what is happening. An active study of the election system within Washington during this time has revealed the fact that there have been no Audits of the election systems in Washington State, to the same professional standards as are expected in the private sector. Hawkins further learned of the newly created roadblocks to public transparency, as the public is looking for answers. Taxpayers benefit from transparency and accountability. A search for Truth matters.

Hawkins is married to Paula and together they have a family of 10 children. They realize that strong communities benefit from family centered policies. Transparency and Accountability are key building blocks to ensure that children become valued contributors to society.

Audits are a great way to understand our past, as we make decisions for our future.

Contact

(206) 422-1165; matt@mcHawkins.org; www.mcHawkins.org



Pete
Serrano

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Mayor of Pasco; City Councilmember since 2018.

Other Professional Experience

General Counsel, Silent Majority Foundation; Environmental Attorney, United States Department of Energy, Energy Northwest; Environmental Supervisor—New Nuclear Project, Energy Northwest; Adjunct Professor, Washington State University

Education

Vermont Law School, LLM—Environmental Law, 2010; Florida Coastal School of Law, Juris Doctorate, 2009; University of California, Davis, Bachelor of Arts, Italian, 2004

Community Service

Board Member, Franklin County Solid Waste Advisory Commission; Eagle Scout, Boy Scouts of America

Statement

Moving to Washington nine years ago was one of the best decisions of my life. I came to protect the environment through working at the Hanford Site as an environmental attorney. Since then, I've successfully fought to make Washington safer and to increase government transparency. I have challenged unconstitutional laws from Olympia and *won!* I have also *stopped* bad regulation in its tracks! I've led the City of Pasco as a councilmember, and now its mayor.

Washington has world class resources, but our politicians are failing. We lack safe streets; drugs, like fentanyl, fill the streets. As Attorney General, I will apply what I learned at Hanford to clean this mess.

According to the FBI, Washington is the 8th most dangerous state in the country. We have the resources to do better, but we need an Attorney General who will make sure Law Enforcement and County Prosecutors can enforce the law to make Washington Safe Again!

As your next Attorney General, my focus will be on Washington State, not Washington D.C. As Attorney General I will remove the partisan blinders to protect *all* Washingtonians. I look forward to representing you as your next Attorney General. Thank you for your vote!

Contact

(509) 204-9509; info@serranoforag.com;
www.serranoforag.com



Nick
Brown

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

U.S. Attorney for Western Washington; General Counsel to Governor Inslee; JAG Officer in U.S. Army, serving at Joint Base Lewis-McChord (WA), Fort Bliss (TX), received the Bronze Star for his time serving in Iraq; Partner, Pacifica Law Group.

Education

Harvard Law School (Harvard Law School Council, International Law Journal); Morehouse College, B.A. Political Science, Phi Beta Kappa, Magna Cum Laude (Army ROTC, Student Government)

Community Service

Campaign for Equal Justice, Board of Directors (2018-2021); Treehouse, Board of Directors (2014-2021); Seattle Works, Board of Directors (2007-2013); Commissioner, Seattle Ethics and Elections Commission (2019-2021); Soccer Coach for 11-year-old daughter, 9-year-old son.

Statement

Nick Brown was raised in Pierce County where his parents, a nurse and an Army veteran, taught him the importance of service and giving back to the community. Nick went to Morehouse College on an ROTC scholarship and after Harvard Law School, served as an Army JAG officer and federal prosecutor.

As General Counsel to Governor Inslee, Nick oversaw work to end the death penalty and coordinated the administration's response to Donald Trump's hateful Muslim ban. In 2021 President Biden appointed Nick as the first Black U.S. Attorney in state history. There, Nick prioritized addressing the fentanyl crisis, protecting consumers, cracking down on sex trafficking, and combatting violent crime.

As Attorney General, Nick will work to keep all Washingtonians safe – from crime, gun violence, discrimination, and the growing housing crisis. Nick believes Donald Trump poses an unprecedented threat to our country and will fight to protect our state from attacks on civil liberties. Nick believes the decision to have an abortion should be between a woman, her family, and doctor. He will fight any attempt to take away reproductive rights.

Nick is proudly endorsed by Governor Inslee, the Washington Education Association, Washington Conservation Action, and Washington State Labor Council.

Contact

(425) 202-5287; info@NickBrownforAG.com;
www.NickBrownforAG.com



Jaime
Herrera Beutler

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

U.S. Congress, 2011-2023, where I advanced bipartisan laws to improve our wildland firefighting capabilities, increase pay for firefighters, improve proactive and science-based forest management, improve forest roads and expand access to public lands, protect wildlife habitat and salmon runs, support shellfish habitat, protect family wage jobs and secure funding for Washington schools. Washington State House of Representatives, 2007-2010.

Other Professional Experience

Strategic Advisor, Children's Hospital Association. Senior Legislative Aide, U.S. House of Representatives.

Education

B.A., University of Washington, Communications.

Community Service

Recipient of the National Association of State Foresters' highest honor, the Bernard L. Orell Award for Partnership. Board of directors, National Kidney Foundation.

Statement

Decades of neglect have turned our forests into overcrowded, diseased tinderboxes. Fires scorch our forests and choke our communities every summer. They fill our lungs with smoke, destroy old growth and critical habitat, emit tons of carbon, drive up the cost of home insurance and make housing even more unaffordable. And they cause unimaginable heartache for those unfortunate enough to live in their path.

I won't leave our kids a legacy of burning forests and choking smoke. We can and will do better to remove dead and dying trees that serve as fuel, quickly fight fires when they occur, preserve jobs, and protect the lives and livelihoods of communities.

I'll lead our state Department of Natural Resources to withstand political pressures and overcome bureaucratic obstacles so that the brilliant foresters and environmental scientists who work there can do their jobs. Working with Tribes, scientists, landowners, sportsmen, the forest industry and conservation groups, I'll restore health to Washington's forests with science-based management practices so our diverse array of species and ecosystems can thrive. And I'll always preserve recreational access to public land for its owners -- the people of Washington.

Please vote Jaime Herrera Beutler for healthy forests and healthy air.

Contact

(360) 559-0133; info@jaimeforlands.com;
www.jaimeforlands.com



Dave
Upthegrove

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Chair, King County Council, first elected 2013; State Representative (33rd District), 2001-2013, Chair, House Environment Committee; Chair, House Select Committee on Puget Sound.

Other Professional Experience

Chair, King County Flood Control District; Natural Resources Policy Staff, Washington Senate Democratic Caucus; Basketball Referee, Pacific NW Basketball Officials Association.

Education

B.A. Environmental Conservation, University of Colorado; Graduate Certificate in Energy Policy, University of Idaho.

Community Service

Scoutmaster; Program Director, Camp Parsons BSA; Matt Griffin YMCA Board Member; Governor's Climate Action Team; Highline Citizens for Schools; Sponsor, Washington Voting Rights Act; Sponsor, Marriage Equality Legislation; Humane Society Legislative Leadership Award; NW Marine Trade Association Legislator of the Year.

Statement

A conservation leader strongly backed by the environmental community and Democrats across Washington, I am committed to protecting our clean air, clean water and habitat, improving wildfire prevention, and increasing recreational opportunities on state lands.

With the threat of climate change, wildfires, and droughts, running the Department of Natural Resources is a big, complicated job. I have both the experience and values to ensure our public lands support our high quality of life. As Lands Commissioner I'll bring bold new ideas to the table. I have a plan to protect Washington's 77,000 acres of critical legacy forests, and to launch a clean energy trust to help our climate and spur rural economic development. I'll honor tribal rights and restore Puget Sound to protect our iconic salmon and orca.

I'm the only candidate in this race not taking contributions from the timber industry. A former Washington Conservation Voters "Legislator of the Year," I'm the only candidate supported by Washington Conservation Action and the Sierra Club.

I invite you to join grassroots conservation leaders, former Lands Commissioner Peter Goldmark, Democrats and elected leaders across Washington in supporting this campaign to protect and enhance our public lands. I ask for your support.

Contact

(206) 303-0531; dave@upthegrove.org; www.upthegrove.org



**Chris
Reykdal**

(Nonpartisan)

Elected Experience

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Local School Board Director, State Legislator.

Other Professional Experience

Classroom Teacher, Higher Education Budget and Finance Executive, Fiscal Analyst for the Washington State Senate.

Education

Baccalaureate Degree in Social Studies and a Teaching Certificate, Washington State University. Master's Degree in Public Administration with an emphasis on Budget, Finance, and Performance Management, University of North Carolina - Chapel Hill.

Community Service

Parent volunteer in schools, youth soccer coach, local city planning commissioner, food bank volunteer, education foundation board member, education scholarship founder, and non-profit fundraiser.

Statement

Thank you Washington Voters! I am grateful to serve as your State Superintendent. This job requires experience and tested leadership to maintain our post-pandemic recovery. Our strong learning acceleration is at risk without sustained funding and a relentless focus on keeping our schools public and accountable to local voters. The paramount duty in our state is to fully fund our public schools. Investing in our public schools and our educators to empower student achievement is my number one priority!

Innovation drives our work with expanded career and technical education pathways, a record high graduation rate, a measurable improvement in student mental health following targeted investments, and free school meals for over 700,000 students. We are a top performing state in math and reading, and civics is once again a graduation requirement under my leadership!

Over two-thirds of our students now earn college credit while in high school, saving families over \$100 million per year in foregone tuition, and we've doubled our investments in rural school facilities. Every child deserves a high-quality, individualized, and equitable learning opportunity in every community!

Endorsed: Washington State Labor Council, Public School Employees, Washington Education Association, American Federation of Teachers-WA, Washington Conservation Action, and more.

Contact

chris4wakids@gmail.com; www.chrisreykdal.org



**David
Olson**

(Nonpartisan)

Elected Experience

Peninsula School Board Director (2013 – present); Pierce County Charter Review Commissioner (2016); Previously elected to the WSSDA Legislative and Resolutions Committees; served as school board Legislative Representative for 10 years.

Other Professional Experience

Finance and Banking; Defense Contractor; U.S. Navy Chief Warrant Officer (retired)

Education

SNHU, B.S. Organizational Leadership, Magna cum Laude; Officer Candidate School, U.S. Navy; Saturation Diver Training, U.S. Navy; Technical School, U.S. Navy

Community Service

Board Member, Greater Gig Harbor Foundation; Gig Harbor Rotary; President and Board Member, City Club of Tacoma; Vice President, Hilltop Business Association; Board Member, World Trade Center Tacoma

Statement

Less than 50% of Washington students can read and write at grade level yet your property taxes have skyrocketed. Your children and schools deserve better. OSPI is not fulfilling their duty to advocate for adequate school operational funding. As Superintendent, I will push to change the approach, ensuring resources reach the schools and students who need them most – regardless of race, ethnicity, or socioeconomic status.

Under the incumbent, chronic absenteeism has doubled, depriving children of crucial learning opportunities. Drawing from my district's success, where strong parental engagement has led to one of the state's lowest absentee rates, I will advocate for policies that encourage partnering with parents.

I am committed to restoring local control to school boards, empowering those who understand their communities' unique needs, ensuring a fair and effective education for all. I will push to expand skilled trades programs, preparing our students for future diverse careers.

To combat the distractions of the digital age, I will promote policies restricting cell phones and social media in schools, creating safer, more focused learning environments. *The Seattle Times* stated the Superintendent is a "cheerleader for mediocrity." Average Is Not Good Enough! It is time for change. I'll appreciate your vote.

Contact

(253) 267-8555; david@electdavidolson.com; https://electdavidolson.com



**Patty
Kuderer**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

State Senator, 2017-present, State Representative, 2015-2016. Chair, Housing Committee 2019-present; former Vice Chair, State Government & Elections 2018-2022; former member Healthcare - Labor & Commerce - Business, Financial Institutions & Insurance Committees.

Other Professional Experience

Trial attorney for 35+ years; former prosecutor and city attorney; significant experience handling insurance claims, employment discrimination and serious injury cases.

Education

BA, University of Minnesota. JD, William Mitchell College of Law.

Community Service

Awarded the "Golden Acorn" for my volunteer service with Chinook Middle School PTSA. Volunteered with my kids' schools, Sacred Heart Social Concerns, Congregations for the Homeless, NARAL Pro-Choice Washington, Virtue's Children Nepal, and Chrysalis Domestic Violence Center.

Statement

Ever since my daughter was born critically ill in the NICU and I had to fight my insurance company to allow her doctors to provide life saving care, I have made it my life's mission to ensure no family ever has to go through that same trauma. With my experience as a litigator representing workers in employment discrimination cases and my strong background in advocacy and public service, I bring a unique set of qualifications to the role of Insurance Commissioner.

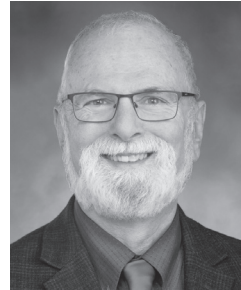
As a legislator, I've been a leading voice on healthcare issues, sponsoring legislation to create a public option for healthcare in Washington, and advocating for greater access to mental health services and protections against surprise medical billing.

As Insurance Commissioner, I'll work tirelessly to enact policies that prioritize consumer protection and lowering costs, promote transparency within the insurance industry, and expand access to essential healthcare services for all Washingtonians. I'll also lead on addressing the increased insurance costs being created by climate change and protecting coverage of reproductive healthcare.

I have spent my life helping the powerless stand up to those with the most power, and I respectfully ask for your vote so I can fight for you too.

Contact

(206) 593-2203; info@pattykuderer.com;
www.pattykuderer.com



**Phil
Fortunato**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

31st District State Senator since 2017; 31st District State Representative elected 2016; 47th District State Representative 1998-2000

Other Professional Experience

Environmental training and consulting. International trade in Europe and Asia. Owner of small contracting business. Founding Director and first President of the PNW Erosion Control Association.

Education

Rutgers University, Cook College of Agriculture; Landscape Architecture.

Community Service

I've been married for 45 years, have 5 children, 3 of whom are decorated U.S. Marines Corps veterans. Knights of Columbus member - 4th Degree, Project Rachel, Fraternal Order of Eagles, Sons & Daughters of Italy, Liberian Association of WA.

Statement

I'm running to make Washington's insurance market more affordable for families and seniors. Misguided activist policies of the Legislature and the Insurance Commissioner have limited choice and made insurance unaffordable.

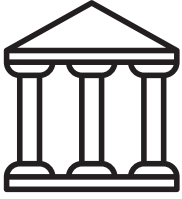
How much businesses pay for insurance has a direct impact on the prices you pay for things, including groceries and even your rent. Add to that a 20% increase in insurance costs, and it's even harder for seniors on fixed incomes and families to make ends meet. The insurance industry needs reasonable, not burdensome regulations. As a state Senator, I fought for affordable and consumer-driven options that encourage more competition, more choices, and lower costs for consumers. I know what works and it's not agenda driven regulations that drive up costs without providing better and more affordable care.

I've experienced firsthand the health insurance challenges faced by my own grandson who has a rare disease. For him it is a life and death struggle. You and your doctor should be determining your health care decisions, not the insurance companies.

A Vote for Phil Fortunato will lower costs, provide predictability and availability in Washington's insurance markets, so you can get the insurance protection your family deserves.

Contact

(253) 680-9545; Phil@VoteFortunato.org;
www.VoteFortunato.org



Qualifications & Responsibilities

Legislators must be registered voters of their district.

Legislature

Legislators propose and enact public policy, set a budget, and provide for the collection of taxes to support state and local government.

State Senator

The Senate has 49 members; one from each legislative district in the state. Senators are elected to four-year terms, and approximately one-half the membership of the Senate is up for election each even-numbered year. The Senate's only exclusive duty is to confirm appointments made by the governor.

State Representative

The House of Representatives has 98 members; two from each legislative district in the state. Representatives are elected to two-year terms, so the total membership of the House is up for election each even-numbered year.



Candidate statements are printed exactly as submitted. The Office of the Secretary of State does not make corrections of any kind or verify statements for truth or fact.



Candidates submitted their information for this pamphlet prior to printing. For the most current information, sign in to VoteWA.gov.



What is “party preference?”

Each candidate for partisan office may state a political party that they prefer.

A candidate's preference does not imply that the candidate is nominated or endorsed by the party, or that the party approves of or associates with that candidate.

Candidates may choose to not state a political party preference.

In each race, the two candidates who received the most votes in the August Primary appear on your November General Election ballot.



**Paul
Harris**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

State Representative 2010-2024, Caucus Chair 2019-2024, Joint Oregon Washington Legislative Bridge Action 2019-2024, Health Care Committee 2010-2024, Ranking Member Education Committee, Appropriations Committee, House Minority Whip 2012-2016, Evergreen School Board Member 1993-2003.

Other Professional Experience

Molina Healthcare Community Outreach, Owner/Solid Business Solutions, LLC, Vice President/Miller Paint Company.

Education

BYU/Bachelor of Science/Business Administration, Provo, UT.

Community Service

Columbia River Mental Health Board Member, SHARE Board Member, Lifelong Boy Scout and Leader, Eagle Scout.

Statement

It is my honor to serve the 17th Legislative District. My family and I have lived in the 17th District for 46 years where we raised our five children. This is our home. Washington voters have overwhelmingly supported a woman's right to choose. *I will never change a voter approved initiative without a vote of the people.* The majority party could have included this law into our state constitution for years, but they have chosen to politicize it instead.

Support: Funding for more police, increased training, and reinstating laws against theft and drugs. Support: Revenue from timber harvests should remain in our community for schools. Support: State funding to the West Camas Slough Bridge, Hood River Bridge, and Bridge of the Gods.

Oppose: Both the natural ban, and the hidden gas tax. They have dramatically increased heating, gas and food prices, and put significant burdens on households. Climate change is real, but these programs have not worked. It is time for a new approach. Oppose: 3% property tax increase proposed by Democrats.

Washington State has been under Democrat control for 30 years. I am your vote for balanced government. My door is always open. People before Politics. Vote Paul Harris!

Contact

plharris@comcast.net; electharris.com



**Marla
Keethler**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Non-partisan Mayor of White Salmon, 2020-present; City Councilor 2018-2019. Proud to provide local leadership focused on community priorities, not a political agenda.

Other Professional Experience

Communications Director, Farmers Conservation Alliance; Director - On-Air Creative Services CBS Sports; Feature Producer, ESPN; Contributing producer, NBC Olympics coverage; 4-time Emmy Award Winner

Education

Raised in a military household, I graduated from Puyallup High School near Joint Base Lewis-McChord. Washington State High School Journalist of the Year, 1998. Graduate of Arizona State University, 2002.

Community Service

Commissioner, HRWS Bridge Authority; Board Member, Association of Washington Cities; Board member, West Klickitat Community Housing; Board Member, Washington Gorge Action Programs

Statement

I am a small town Mayor, journalist, and mom committed to bi-partisan solutions that improve public safety, invest in kids and schools, and make housing and childcare more affordable. We cannot keep sending the same politicians to Olympia year after year and expect better outcomes for our communities and small businesses.

With your vote, I'll continue connecting people to the services and support we deserve: mental health and addiction treatment; safer roads and bridges; real assistance for struggling rural school districts; workforce training that provides living wage jobs and economic stability. I am the only candidate in this race committed to protecting reproductive health care and abortion access from partisan attack – we cannot take these rights for granted.

Like many families, my husband and I struggle with affordable and accessible childcare. The state must do more for providers and parents to reduce costs and barriers to quality care, and ensure kids get the enriching care they deserve.

Endorsed by local leaders, small business owners, Washington State Labor Council, Washington State Building Trades, and more, I'll bring common sense and a can-do spirit to Olympia to take on the status quo and get things done – for all of us!

Contact

(509) 255-3163; info@marlaforsenate.com; www.marlaforsenate.com

**Kevin****Waters**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Unopposed**Elected Experience**

Current Washington State Representative, 17th District, Position 1; Port of Skamania Commissioner (2010-2019)

Other Professional Experience

Executive Director - Skamania Economic Development Council; Founder - Backwoods Brewing Company; Co-Founder of Carson General Store; Former Skamania County Corrections Officer; Owner of Maple Leaf Events and Maple Way Cabins.

Education

BA - Communications, Eastern Washington University; Stevenson High School

Community Service

Our Lady Star of the Sea Catholic Board Member; Stevenson Downtown Association Vice President; Former Skamania Chamber Board Member; Former MCEDD Board Member; Past President of Breweries in the Gorge

Statement

As your state representative, I am committed to enhancing public safety, ensuring affordable housing, expanding infrastructure, affordable broadband and curbing inflation. I have a proven track record of supporting law enforcement and programs to keep our neighborhoods safe. I fight for affordable housing policies, helping families find secure, budget-friendly homes. Understanding the pressures of rising costs, I actively work on legislative measures to curb inflation and ease the financial burden on working families. I humbly ask for your vote. Re-elect me, Kevin Waters, for continued commitment to the community. I am your steadfast advocate for a stronger SW Washington.

Contact

(509) 774-8630; watersforhouse@gmail.com; www.watersforhouse.com



**Terri
Niles**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Clark County Charter Review Commissioner. Vice President AURN/ONA.

Other Professional Experience

I worked for 20 years as an Intensive Care Nurse, 5 years in Nursing Administration. I was the Vice President of AURN/ Oregon Nurses Association, a Nurse Representative, and excelled in labor negotiations and achieving mutual consensus. The intensive care unit taught me to work under pressure and get the job done when the stakes are high. As your representative, I will bring that same 100% commitment and accountability to you that I brought to my patients.

Education

RN Kapiolani College, University of Hawaii

Community Service

National Daisy Award winner for patient advocacy.

Statement

As an intensive care nurse, I'm not afraid of hard work or tough challenges. Fentanyl use and mental health crises are on the rise. In Olympia, I will champion first responders so they can make our neighborhoods safer, and support policies that address the affordability crisis that is hitting families so hard. Economic prosperity, small business support, infrastructure investments, affordable healthcare, housing and childcare will always be top priorities. *I'm the pro-choice candidate in this race!*

Slowing progress through partisanship and divisiveness is no longer acceptable. You can count on me to work across the aisle to get results.

Contact

(541) 221-1297; nils17thld@gmail.com; voteterriniles.com



**David
Stuebe**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

City Council and Mayor of Washougal, WA (5 years), Seoul American High School President, College Vice President and Interfraternity President.

Other Professional Experience

United States Marine Corps retired Colonel (30 years). Health Care leader and manager (25 years). City Council and current Mayor of Washougal, WA. (5 years). Eagle Scout.

Education

University of Redlands, CA (Political Science) BA.

Community Service

Regional Transportation Committee (RTC) Board member, Clark Regional Emergency Services Agency (911) Board member, Unite, Salvation Army Board Member, Washougal Business Association Board member, Chamber liaison, C/W Port liaison, Veterans of Foreign Wars (VFW) and American Legion member, and Eagle member.

Statement

In a time of divisive politics, we need leaders that can bring people together and find real solutions. As Washougal's Mayor and a retired Marine Corps Colonel, I am committed at a state level to advancing public safety, ensuring affordable housing, and holding our state government accountable. My vision for Washington revolves around policies that will help working families build community in this time of rapid inflation. Join me in shaping a safer, more prosperous tomorrow for SW Washington. Please vote for me, David Stuebe, for State Representative—a servant leader prepared to deliver real results.

Contact

(503) 504-3099; electstuebe@gmail.com; Electstuebe.com



**Adrian
Cortes**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Battle Ground Mayor 2020-2021, Battle Ground City Council Member 2012-15, 2017-Current. Working in a nonpartisan manner to move my community forward.

Other Professional Experience

Special Education Teacher and Department Head of Special Programs at Camas High School. I will be the only current teacher in the Senate and will bring that experience to ensure that every child receives the education they deserve

Education

Warner Pacific University; Concordia University (Master's Degree in Education), George Fox University (Doctoral Degree).

Community Service

Clark County Disabilities Advisory Board (2018-2020), Washington State University-Vancouver Strategic Planning Team.

Statement

I'm a Battle Ground City Councilmember, educator and father. I've worked hard to get where I am now, from a boy who picked berries for work to a current special education teacher with a doctorate in education. I got involved in local government because I wanted to give back to the community that's been a great home to my family.

As Battle Ground Mayor and City Council Member, I cut utility taxes - saving rate-payers over \$1.5 million dollars, passed a fiscally responsible budget and made critical investments in public safety, roads and eliminating the city debt.

In the State Senate, I will seek bi-partisan, commonsense solutions. I'll lower housing costs and stabilize rents, increase access to childcare, invest in roads and infrastructure, and always protect a woman's right to choose. I'll be a champion for career training programs, apprenticeships and our schools.

I have two guideposts of how to serve: 1) be courageous in doing the right thing when faced with adversity, and 2) truly commit to serving by listening to the folks I represent. As State Senator, I will continue to serve with *courage* and *commitment*. I ask for your vote.

Contact

(360) 608-3513; campaign@votecortes.com;
www.votecortes.com



**Brad
Benton**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Delegate 2024 Washington State Republican Convention; Council President, 2 years – King's Way Christian School; Senior Patrol Leader – BSA Troop 358

Other Professional Experience

Sales Rep, UniFirst; Auditor, Moss Adams; Foreman, Affordable Ponds; Assistant Activities Director, Bonaventure Senior Living; Congressional Intern, Congresswomen Cathy McMorris Rodgers

Education

Bachelor of Arts, Double Major: Accounting, Political Science –Whitworth University-Spokane, WA; Hunter Education Training Certification - Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Community Service

Eagle Scout Rank – Boy Scouts of America; Offensive Line Coach – King's Way HS Football Program; Camp Attitude Volunteer - Summer Camp for Children with Disabilities; Lifelong Member Vancouver Church (First Church of God)

Statement

Are you better off than you were four years ago? Cost of living keeps going up, violent crime and homelessness increasing, illegal immigration is surging. Enough is enough. Time to stop the madness.

Your voice has been diminished by people who don't have what it takes to stand up to the far-left politics degrading our state. I'm running to represent the people of the 18th District because you deserve better leadership. I am the only candidate *endorsed* by the Republican Party.

Positive change requires a fighter that champions common sense solutions. As your Senator, I will: stand against any new taxes; stop funding and support for illegal immigrants in Washington; defend individual freedoms, personal property rights, and the Second Amendment; build a third bridge while opposing tolls and light rail.

We desperately need a Senator that will fight for us – a Senator who will support our Law Enforcement and fight for a Washington where parents can safely raise a family and seniors can affordably retire. I will go to Olympia to fight for a brighter future for us all. Please contact me with your questions. I humbly ask for your vote, so that I can start fighting for you!

Contact

(360) 931-4574; brad@bradbentonforsenate.com;
BradBentonForSenate.com



Stephanie
McClintock

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

State Representative 2022 to present; Assistant Ranking, Consumer Protection and Business Committee; Assistant Ranking Capital Budget Committee; K12 Education Committee; Battle Ground School Board Member, 2013-2017. Sponsored bipartisan bills signed into law that improve communications for children's services, increase accountability within the Department of Licensing and remove barriers for job creators.

Other Professional Experience

Public Affairs for United Grain Corporation 2016 to present; previous experience in Human Resources and a former small business owner.

Education

B.S., Concordia University, Business Management and Communication

Community Service

Superhero Award from Parent Map Magazine, WSUV Advisory Council, former VP of Prairie HS Boosters, former member of BG Education Foundation.

Statement

I'm proud to have accomplished positive results in my first term working to advance policies that keep taxes from increasing, adding additional funding for special education and paraeducators, and voted to restore police pursuit. As the daughter of a police officer and endorsed by WA Fraternal Order of Police, I support law enforcement in strengthening safety in our community. I will continue to defend your hard-earned income from reckless spending that negatively impacts our families and businesses. I would be honored to continue to be your voice for common sense in Olympia, and humbly ask for your vote.

Contact

(360) 600-8170; vote4stephanie.mcclintock@gmail.com;
www.vote4stephaniemcclintock.com



Deken
Letinich

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Not a career politician but a working Laborer fighting for better policy for working families.

Other Professional Experience

Assistant Political and Legislative Director, Washington and Northern Idaho District Council of Laborers. Previous: Construction Laborer, LiUNA Local 335 Member.

Education

After attending Clark Community College, I completed a Registered Apprenticeship Program and then started working on construction sites, eventually working my way up to a leadership position in my union. I advocate for career training programs because I personally know they can be successful.

Community Service

I advocate for working families in my day job and I'll continue to advocate for working families in the State Legislature.

Statement

As State Representative, I'll focus on housing affordability, workforce development, safe roads, clean water and accessible childcare. These are nonpartisan issues with real solutions and I'll work to bring people together so we build a better Southwest Washington for workers and families.

I've lived here all my life and worked as a Laborer on worksites across Clark County. As we look towards the future, I'll invest in career training programs, our transportation infrastructure, rent stabilization and building more housing so working families can afford to live here. I'm 100% Pro-Choice. I would be honored to earn your vote.

Contact

(360) 567-7417; info@ElectDeken.com;
www.ElectDeken.com



**John
Zingale**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

None

Other Professional Experience

Middle school History teacher for over 10 years. Won *state & national* awards for innovation and dedication, including *Washington State History TOY*, *the SAR National Middle School History TOY*, and *the Vancouver PTSA TOY*. Presented at local and national educational conferences, led student civics field trips, and served on several educational boards. Currently serving on the Clark County Historic Preservation Commission.

Education

Master's in Teaching (University of Portland), Bachelor's in History (Northern Illinois University)

Community Service

Led students to create a virtual reality tour for the Fort Vancouver National Historic Site, National History Day Regional Co-coordinator, and Clark County Food Bank

Statement

Every day, I work tirelessly to teach kids about our country's history, accomplishments, and progress. Like many, my students are disappointed by the divisiveness around us, but dedicated to our foundational ideals.

I'm running to bring innovative and common-sense solutions to the challenges we face. I'll work across the aisle to make housing more affordable, fix local roads, create good jobs, reduce the costs for hard-working Washingtonians, and fully fund our schools. I'll lead with empathy and perseverance, and always protect a woman's right to choose. Endorsed by: Labor, teachers, housing advocates, Mayor McEnerny-Ogle, and many more.

Contact

(360) 553-9712; ElectJohnZingale@gmail.com;
www.ElectJohnZingale.com



**John
Ley**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

State Committeeman, Clark County Republican Party Precinct Committee Officer; Delegate 2016 & 2024 Washington State Republican Convention; Air Line Pilots Association Board of Directors, Chairman Council 124; Deputy State Master Councilor, Oregon DeMolay

Other Professional Experience

Reporter, Clark County Today; Captain Delta Air Lines; Federal Flight Deck Officer; ALPA Major Contingency Fund; United States Air Force Instructor Pilot and Flight Commander; Public Affairs Officer; small business owner.

Education

Portland State University, Bachelor of Science; Distinguished Graduate USAF Squadron Officer School; Air Command and Staff College; ROTC scholarship.

Community Service

Transportation and responsible spending activist; clean up Lacamas Lake water; attends Northwest Gospel Church.

Statement

It's time for positive change. Restore parental control over children's education. Focus on improved learning, not administration. Lower cost of living by ending carbon tax. Affordable housing impossible with excessive property taxes; exempt \$250,000 from taxation. No state income tax attracts new businesses.

Let's make neighborhoods safer. Restore law enforcement's ability to catch criminals. Stop "catch and release". Support citizen initiatives. *No tolls. No \$2 billion light rail.* We need more Columbia River bridges to reduce traffic congestion and improve freight mobility. \$7.5 billion builds multiple new bridges. Demand value for taxpayer dollars. Elect John Ley! Ley is the key.

Contact

(360) 254-6225; Electjohnley@gmail.com; ElectJohnLey.com



John Braun

(Prefers Republican Party)

Unopposed

Elected Experience

State Senator 20th Legislative District, 2013-Present

Other Professional Experience

No information submitted

Education

Bachelors of Science in Electrical Engineering, University of Washington, 1989; Master's Degree in Business Administration, University of Michigan, 1999; Master's Degree in Manufacturing Engineering, University of Michigan, 1999

Community Service

Member, Centralia College Foundation Board; Former Member, Providence Centralia Hospital Community Board; Former Member, Timberland Regional Library Board of Trustees; Former Member, National Association of Manufacturers President's Council; Former Member, St. Joseph School Commission; Former Member, Centralia Youth Soccer Board

Statement

John Braun runs a family business that employs nearly 300 people in our community and manufactures emergency vehicles sold across North America. He retired as a Captain in the Navy Reserve after 31 years of service. His wife, Marlo, is a nurse and together they have four wonderful adult children.

In Olympia, Senator Braun has a proven record of delivering real results on jobs, education, the budget, and protecting the most vulnerable. He authored the first tuition cut in state history, reducing tuition by thousands, and helping to make college and trade schools more affordable for families. He developed the plan to ensure the state met its constitutional mandate to fund basic education, helping ensure the quality of a child's education was available to rural schools as well as urban. He advocates for the developmentally disabled and mentally ill. He is seeking re-election to ensure the taxpayer's voice is heard in Olympia, and to see that those who need the help most get help.

Senator John Braun listens. He works hard for us. He fights effectively for our families and communities.

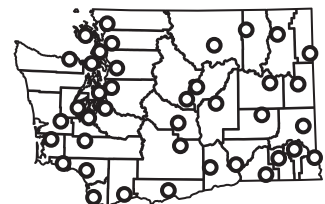
He would be honored to have your vote.

Contact

(360) 508-6540; johnbraun@votebraun.com;
www.votebraun.com

Voter tip:

If you don't receive your ballot, contact your county elections office or visit **VoteWA.gov** for a replacement.





Peter
Abbarno

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

2020-Present serving as State Representative in the 20th Legislative District. 2015-2020 served as Centralia City Councilmember.

Other Professional Experience

2010-Present, Attorney and Owner of Althausen Rayan Abbarno, LLP.

Education

2009, University of Washington School of Law, Master of Laws in Taxation; 2008, Vermont Law School, Juris Doctor, 1997, State University of New York at Fredonia, Bachelor of Arts.

Community Service

Centralia College Foundation (2012-Present); served on Lewis Economic Development Council (2015-2020); served as student Mentor in Chehalis and Morton school districts; served with Watch D.O.G.S. in Centralia schools; Hub City Mission; Lewis County Special Olympics; Forgotten Children's Fund, and Lewis County Bar Association and Legal Aid.

Statement

I am an attorney, business owner, and your 20th legislative district state representative. Most importantly I am a husband and father who believes in building stronger families and stronger communities. If re-elected, I will continue focusing on real solutions for 'kitchen table' issues facing us all; including passing meaningful tax relief; making our communities safer; advocating for a more open, transparent, and accountable government; and creating economic and educational opportunities so every child and family has an opportunity for success. Thank you for your vote!

Contact

(360) 508-3660; peter@electpeterabbarno.com;
www.ElectPeterAbbarno.com

No photo
submitted

Melvin Kaleolani

Apana

(Prefers Culture Republican Party)

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

No information submitted

Education

No information submitted

Community Service

No information submitted

Statement

No information submitted

Contact

(808) 738-6761; sigsauer57@gmail.com



Ed
Orcutt

(Prefers GOP Party)

Unopposed

Elected Experience

Serving in his eleventh two-year term in the House of Representatives, Ed Orcutt serves on the Transportation Committee; Finance Committee (ranking member); Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee; Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee (vice chair); and Economic and Revenue Forecast Council.

Other Professional Experience

Consulting forester/owner of Cascade Forest Management.

Education

B.S. degree in Forest Management, University of Idaho.

Community Service

An active volunteer, Ed Orcutt is a member of the Kalama Lions Club, and has served as past chairman of the Highlander Festival, member of the Columbia Theatre Board, and as a youth bowling coach.

Statement

State Representative Ed Orcutt has earned a reputation in Olympia as an effective, independent leader who works hard to make things happen for the families in Southwest Washington. He's a leader in protecting taxpayers, natural resource-based jobs, property rights, and the quality of life we all enjoy.

Ed Orcutt's priorities include creating new family-wage jobs, making government agencies more responsive to the citizens they serve, and making government live within its means. That means funding education and vital services using existing revenues and protecting taxpayers from tax increases. Let's keep Ed Orcutt in the House.

Contact

(360) 751-2317; ElectEdOrcutt@kalama.com;
repedorcutt.com

Voter tip:

If you would like help voting in person, you can request assistance from your county elections office. Every county offers an Accessible Voting Unit (AVU) at each voting center.





**Annette
Cleveland**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Washington State Senate, 2012 - present; Chair of Senate Health & Long Term Care Committee

Other Professional Experience

Development Director, Family Solutions, 2020-2023, External Affairs, Legacy Health 2005 to 2019; Advertising, Columbian, 1982- 1987; District Director US Senators Brock Adams and Patty Murray 1987 -1997; Government Relations Director, American Cancer Society, 1997- 1998; Public Affairs Coordinator, Greater Vancouver Chamber of Commerce 2002- 2003; Strategic Planning, C-TRAN 2003- 2004

Education

AA Degree Clark College; Marylhurst University

Community Service

Salmon Creek Lions Club, League of Women Voters of Clark County, Beautiful Savior Lutheran Church, SW WA Labor Roundtable, Clark County Democratic Women, Human Services Council Board of Directors

Statement

Annette is a proven advocate and leader for our region. Born and raised in Vancouver, she is deeply committed to our community. She brings deep caring for our community and a strong commitment to collaborative leadership to her work in Olympia. As Senate Health Care Committee Chair, Annette has worked to protect health care access and affordability, improve working conditions for nurses and frontline workers, and safeguard medical privacy. With reproductive rights under partisan attack, Annette will *always* fight to protect our personal medical and family planning decisions.

A mom who raised her own family here, Annette is an advocate for our kids and education. She has secured resources for early learning, affordable childcare, career and technical training, and affordable higher education. Committed to supportive communities, Annette has worked to expand substance use and behavioral health treatment.

With your vote, Annette will build on her record: continuing progress for a safe, new I-5 replacement bridge; investing in affordable housing and business redevelopment and promoting clean energy that will create jobs and tackle climate change.

Endorsed by local leaders, unions, teachers, nurses, small business leaders and more, let's keep Annette working for all of us as we build a better future.

Contact

(360) 217-9257; campaign@annettecleveland.com;
www.AnnetteCleveland.com



**Lucia
Worthington**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

Chair University of Maryland Shared Governance, constituents included faculty, staff and students. PCO 657. Finance Chair GOP 49LD. Candidate for Washington's 3rd Congressional District

Other Professional Experience

Developed strong work ethic while growing up poor. Worked in agriculture, construction, international banking, parenting two daughters, my own business, teaching business, management consulting, writing

Education

Self-financed when education was affordable. AA Social Science, BA History, BA Philosophy, MA Business, graduate certificates Technology Based Learning and Political Economy, auto mechanics classes

Community Service

Reseeded burnt area, managed clean up drives for years. Adopted Endeavor Park to remove trash/weeds. Maintain neighborhood lending library. Washington State Small Business Improvement Council

Statement

I will use a fresh approach and collaborate across many points of view. Ensure that parents keep their rights. Support education so that students receive quality teaching and teachers have the proper amount of resources including enough time to grade papers.

Fix roads, bridges and our transportation systems – strategically. Propose a separate truck route to bypass Vancouver/Portland traffic. Stop proposed tolls and light rail connecting Portland and Vancouver. Enforce laws and fully penalize drug dealers. Promote a moratorium on our sanctuary state status until we have solved our own people problems. Fix the issues that cause homelessness.

Stop Organized Retail Crime (ORC). Support business issues. Remove unnecessary rules that add to the cost of doing business. Support and encourage economic development with innovative strategies. Make wise decisions with respect for your hard-earned tax dollars. Use common sense in environmental rule making. Stop attempts to outlaw gas appliances.

Reduce government waste by questioning unnecessary budget items now used to meet their yearly budget targets. Change the budgeting process to reward reducing budgets, not increasing them. Promote term limits for elected officials. Promote a wellness program to encourage individuals to take responsibility for increasing their health. Support health programs to promote healing.

Contact

(360) 719-2545; success@lworthington.com;
www.worthyforsenate.com



**Sharon
Wylie**

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

I have served as State Representative since 2011. I am on the Transportation, Finance, Regulated Substances and Gaming Committee and State Arts Commission. I served two terms in the Oregon House in the 90's.

Other Professional Experience

Other experience includes small business, Human Resources and risk management and government relations.

Education

BA Political Science, University of California, Riverside;
Training in risk management, HR and community relations

Community Service

National Institute for Civil Discourse, Council for the Homeless, King County Sexual Assault Resource Center, WSU Advisory Committee.

Statement

It is an honor to serve as your State Representative, I have sponsored legislation to replace the I-5 bridge, to protect healthcare, provide property tax relief, and improve mental health and addiction resources and public safety. I believe our government should be effective, transparent and accountable.

As a mom and grandmother, I support strong education and technical training programs, protecting our environment and investing in the future. I was against the big oil terminal and for our new law enforcement training academy. My experience helps me represent our Community.

Contact

(360) 921-5716; sharonlwylie49@gmail.com;
electsharon.com



**Brett
Graham**

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

N/A

Other Professional Experience

All Wheel Vehicle Mechanic U.S. Army (Active Duty), Ballroom Dance Instructor Arthur Murray Dance Studios, Verizon, Security Officer Peace Health, Free Clinic of Vancouver/SEAMAR Medical Assistant, Manufacturing Operator Wafer Tech, Host Red Robin, Produce Fruit Cutter Safeway, Process Technician Polaris (Current)

Education

Certification In Medical Assisting from Charter College, Associates in Computer Sciences from Charter College

Community Service

I assist my church in various activities including sales that consist of fund-raising efforts.

Statement

As the candidate running for House Representative in Legislative District 49, I stand for honest, responsible government, and personal accountability. I will focused in communication with the residents of the district on issues that affect their daily lives. Washington State residents face critical issues, I will identify root causes and respond with appropriate solutions that benefit our entire community, and bring to light problem areas that are not so obvious.

I am asking for your vote because I believe I am the best candidate for identifying problems and finding solutions, as a process technician, it's what I do.

Contact

(564) 236-6710; info@brettforwa.com; www.brettforwa.com



Monica
Jurado Stonier

(Prefers Democratic Party)

Elected Experience

Washington State Representative; House Majority Floor Leader; Chair, Financial Education Public Private Partnership; Chair, Working Families Caucus; Member, Appropriations Budget Committee, Education Committee, Healthcare and Wellness Committee, and Rules Committee.

Other Professional Experience

Classroom teacher, Pacific Middle School; Professional Development provider in Evergreen Public Schools; Youth Sports Coach, Girls Cross Country and Track; Chair, Financial Education Public Private Partnership; Co-Chair, Working Families Caucus.

Education

Bachelor of Arts in Psychology, Western Washington University; Washington State Teaching Certificate, Western Washington University; Master's in Education, Washington State University Vancouver

Community Service

General Advisory Committee, Cascadia Tech Academy; Board Member, Council for the Homeless; Co-Chair, Clark County Children's Council.

Statement

My record is clear. I have delivered on my progressive values of fighting bans on books and abortion access, supporting stabilized rent, and access to health care and jobs. I am proudly known for my reputation for working across the aisle, and remain committed to fostering that culture of bipartisan collaboration to serve our community, unlike the other Washington.

I ask voters to return me to Olympia to continue working on past commitments like the I-5 crossing and strong public schools. I will also strive to deliver on future goals like funding special education, affordable housing and child care.

Contact

(360) 901-2859; info@votemonicastonier.com; votemonicastonier.com



Russell
Barber

(Prefers Republican Party)

Elected Experience

No information submitted

Other Professional Experience

Russell Barber, an Air Force veteran with over 25 years of experience in software engineering, is currently enhancing cybersecurity for a large energy provider's SOC. He has led major projects in various industries including banking, energy, military, and healthcare.

Education

Russell Barber holds a Master's in Information Assurance, a Bachelor's in Computer Science, and certifications in CISSP, RHCE, AWS, and Splunk. His qualifications demonstrate his commitment to continuous learning and expertise in software engineering and cybersecurity, enabling him to tackle complex technological challenges effectively

Community Service

Russell Barber is dedicated to community service, enhancing local technological capabilities and supporting education.

Statement

Russell Barber is committed to supporting policies that enhance public safety by giving law enforcement the tools needed to ensure safety and accountability. He aims to streamline government operations and lower taxes, promoting efficiency in the public sector. Russell supports increased transportation infrastructure, including the construction of a third bridge or tunnel, to improve connectivity and reduce congestion. Additionally, he advocates for more education options to ensure that all residents have access to quality education and opportunities for personal growth.

Contact

(360) 523-1985; rustybarber@gmail.com; the-barbers.com



Qualifications & Responsibilities

Washington judges are nonpartisan. Judges must be registered Washington voters.

Judges

Judicial candidates must be in good standing to practice law in Washington and are prohibited from statements that appear to commit them on legal issues that may come before them in court.

State Supreme Court Justice

The Washington Supreme Court is the highest judiciary in the state. State Supreme Court justices hear appeals and decide cases from Courts of Appeals and other lower courts. Nine justices are elected statewide to serve six-year terms.

Court of Appeals Judge

Court of Appeals judges hear appeals from Superior Courts. A total of 22 judges serve three divisions headquartered in Seattle, Tacoma, and Spokane. Court of Appeals judges serve six-year terms.

Superior Court Judge

Superior Courts hear felony criminal cases, civil matters, divorces, juvenile cases, and appeals from the lower courts. Superior Courts are organized by county into 30 districts. Superior Court judges serve four-year terms.



Candidates submitted their information for this pamphlet prior to printing. For the most current information, sign in to VoteWA.gov.



Candidate statements are printed exactly as submitted. The Office of the Secretary of State does not make corrections of any kind or verify statements for truth or fact.



Sal
Mungia

(Nonpartisan)

Legal/Judicial Experience

Career litigator with diverse trial and appellate experience; Former Law Clerk, Washington Supreme Court and Western Washington Federal District Court; Current Pierce County Superior Court Arbitrator; Former President, Washington State Bar Association & Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association.

Other Professional Experience

Instructor, Emory School of Law, Kessler-Eidson Program for Trial Techniques; Instructor, National Institute for Trial Advocacy.

Education

Pacific Lutheran University—B.A. Political Science, Magna Cum Laude; Georgetown University Law Center—J.D., Cum Laude.

Community Service

Board of Regents, Pacific Lutheran University; Vestry Board, St. Luke's Episcopal Church; Past President, Legal Aid for Washington; Past Chair, Access to Justice Board; Former Commissioner, Tacoma Human Rights Commission.

Statement

I am the only candidate endorsed by 8 of the 9 current Washington Supreme Court Justices. Over 100 judges believe I'm the most qualified candidate for this office. I am also the only candidate with significant appellate experience having argued at every level of state and federal appellate courts including the U.S. Supreme Court.

I was raised in a working class family in Lakewood. My parents taught me the value of hard work, fairness, family, and faith. I have always given back to the community, including by representing people for free when they couldn't afford a lawyer, serving on boards of directors of nonprofits devoted to improving access to justice, and lobbying lawmakers to increase funding for civil legal aid. Promoting equal access to the legal system has been an important part of my practice.

Over the past 40 years as a lawyer I have been recognized for my legal skills, including being named to "Best Lawyers in America" since 2011. I am rated "Exceptionally Well Qualified" by six bar associations, and am endorsed by the Washington Labor Council, Gov. Inslee, Attorney General Ferguson, and by over 40 other elected leaders.

I would appreciate your support, and your vote.

Contact

(206) 375-1374; info@salforjustice.com;
www.salforjustice.com



Dave
Larson

(Nonpartisan)

Legal/Judicial Experience

Judge Larson is the only judge running for this position; with 16 years as a judge and 23 years as a trial attorney.

Other Professional Experience

Judicial Committees: Legislative, Therapeutic Courts, and Council on Independent Courts. Member of the Civic Learning Council, recipient Judge William Nevins Award for civics education, and DMCJA President's Award for protecting judicial independence.

Education

B.A., Public Administration, University of Puget Sound; J.D., Seattle University Law School.

Community Service

2022 "Best Community Leader", 2018 and 2020 "Hero" of Federal Way Schools. He attends St. Vincent DePaul Parish. A member of Kiwanis, where he founded the Aktion Club, for people with developmental disabilities.

Statement

Judge Dave Larson is the only candidate with judicial experience. Judge Larson is the only candidate with a record of keeping our communities safe from crime. Judge Larson is the only candidate running a traditional bi-partisan campaign. Judge Larson knows Washington has the best state Constitution in America, offering stronger protections for our civil rights than the U.S. Constitution. He will protect individual rights.

We all know crime is a serious issue and Judge Larson has a nearly two decade record of keeping us safe from crime as a trial judge. His innovative reforms have been recognized nationwide; many of his ideas have been adopted by our legislature. These reforms are supported by other judges, police chiefs and sheriffs, mayors, legislators, and the people who work directly with those suffering from addiction and untreated mental illness.

Judge Larson is the only candidate running a campaign that reaches out to Democrats and Republicans, Labor and Business, Eastern and Western Washington, and everyday citizens. We can return to a less political and more trusted court system by voting for Judge Larson.

Judge Larson's leadership, innovations, intellect, ethics, and commitment to fairness make him exactly what we need on our state Supreme Court.

Contact

(206) 805-4024; campaign@larsonforwa.org;
<https://larsonforwa.org>



Steve
Gonzalez

(Nonpartisan)

Unopposed

Legal/Judicial Experience

Current Supreme Court Chief Justice and Justice since 2012. Ten years as King County Superior Court Judge. Former Assistant US Attorney, Domestic Violence Prosecutor, and business lawyer.

Other Professional Experience

Co-Chair of Board for Judicial Administration. Former Chair, statewide Access to Justice Board, Interpreter Commission and Traveling Court and Court Security Committees. National instructor on prosecuting international terrorism. State Constitutional Law Instructor at Gonzaga University.

Education

JD, UC Berkeley. BA with Honors, Pitzer College. Rotary International Scholar in Economics. Honorary Doctorates from Gonzaga and University of Puget Sound.

Community Service

Board member, Washington Leadership Institute, Northwest Minority Job Fair. Teaches civics in schools, and mentors students.

Statement

Chief Justice Steve Gonzalez is a husband and father with a distinguished career serving the people of Washington and protecting the integrity of our judicial system. He writes clear opinions that support our rights and the rule of law.

He spent a decade as a King County Superior Court Judge and earned a reputation as a fierce advocate for judicial access and fairness. As a lawyer, he prosecuted terrorism, hate crimes, and domestic violence. He was also a business attorney and regularly did free work for people who could not pay.

Justice Gonzalez was named “Mentor of the Year” and “Outstanding Judge of the Year” by several organizations, including the Washington State Bar. He is rated “Exceptionally Well Qualified” by ten bar associations, including the Veterans Bar, Joint Asian Bar, and Washington Women Lawyers.

Justice Gonzalez has bipartisan support. He is endorsed by his Supreme Court colleagues and by judges and elected leaders across the state. He also enjoys broad community support. A longer list of his supporters can be found at JusticeGonzalez.com.

Contact

(206) 682-7328; info@justicegonzalez.com;
justicegonzalez.com

Voter tip:

Remember to sign and date your ballot return envelope. Your signature is important, and we need it to accept your ballot.



**Sheryl Gordon****McCloud**

(Nonpartisan)

Unopposed**Legal/Judicial Experience**

Elected to the Washington Supreme Court in 2012 and re-elected in 2018 after more than 25 years as an accomplished lawyer; taught part-time at Seattle University School of Law

Other Professional Experience

Chair, Supreme Court's Gender & Justice Commission; liaison to Bar Association's Council on Public Defense; member, Court's Rules Committee, responsible for rules governing trials throughout the state – such as rules targeting race discrimination in jury selection; recipient of awards from Washington Women Lawyers and Cardozo Society

Education

J.D., University of Southern California Law School; B.A., State University of New York at Buffalo

Community Service

Frequent speaker at school, community, legal, and court-related events

Statement

Justice McCloud has participated in all the significant cases the Court has considered in the last decade. Her decisions reflect careful attention to constitutional rights and civil liberties. McCloud's judicial independence was foreshadowed by her long career as a lawyer, starting as a public defender. She always made time to serve indigent clients, often in the most difficult contests with the government.

As a justice, her fairness, hard work, clear writing, and intellect have earned her awards, endorsements, and ten "Exceptionally Well Qualified" ratings from groups with varying points of view across the state. She is endorsed by Democrats, Republicans, Independents, and community leaders – all of whom believe in the importance of an independent judiciary and the rule of law.

Endorsements include 12 current & former Supreme Court justices; 150 judges statewide; National Women's Political Caucus of Washington; former Attorney General Rob McKenna, current Seattle Mayor Bruce Harrell; Northwest Tribal Court Judges Association; Washington State Labor Council; Washington Conservation Action; Washington Education Association PAC; King, Pierce, and Snohomish County Democrats. For a complete list of ratings and endorsements see: www.justicesherylmccloud.com

Contact

(425) 466-0619; justicesherylmccloud@gmail.com; justicesherylmccloud.org



**Bernard F.
Veljacic**

(Nonpartisan)

Unopposed

Legal/Judicial Experience

2014-2020 Clark County Superior Court Judge;
2021-present Washington Court of Appeals Judge

Other Professional Experience

1998-2000 Co-founder, Union Gospel Mission Legal Services; 2001-2010 Clark County Prosecutor’s Office; 2010-2011 Barker Martin, P.S.; 2011-2014 Clark County Prosecutor’s Office

Education

1994 Whittier College; 1998 Seattle University School of Law

Community Service

Rotary Club; George and Donald Simpson Inns of Court; YMCA Mock Trial; Coached Basketball and Soccer; Waste Connections Christmas Bike Build; Numerous other volunteer efforts

Statement

I currently serve as Acting Chief Judge of Division II of the Washington Court of Appeals, an intermediate appellate court. It is an honor to serve our state by providing resolution to legal disputes brought to the court - thank you for trusting me with this heavy responsibility.

I reside in Clark County with my family. I have gained broad experience from my combined 10 years on the bench during which I’ve presided over all matters that come before our state courts: civil cases, administrative appeals, and criminal cases among them. As a lawyer I represented entities and individuals in both state and federal courts. In my role as judge, I seek to carefully listen to each litigant, remain faithful to the law, and decide each case fairly. When not on the bench, I exercise, spend time with my family, and enjoy camping, fishing and hunting. Due to word limit, additional biographical information can be found at https://www.courts.wa.gov/appellate_trial_courts/bios/?fa=atc_bios.display&folderid=div2&fileID=veljacic

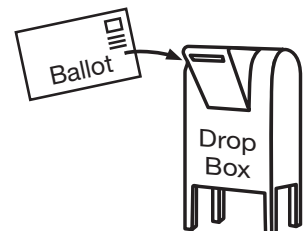
Thank you.

Contact

(360) 553-6108; bernardveljacic@gmail.com

Voter tip:

On Election Day, use a drop box before 8 p.m. Visit **VoteWA.gov** to find the nearest drop box.



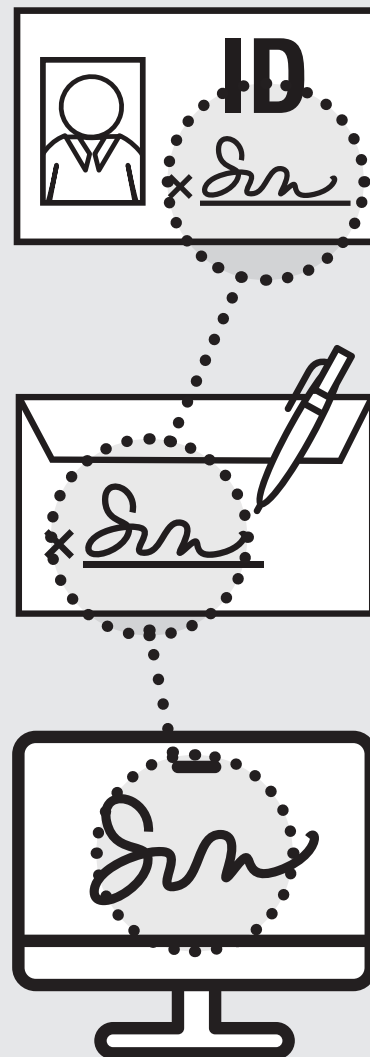
Your signature is needed to make sure your ballot gets counted.

The signature on your return envelope is compared to the signature on your voter registration record. Trained election officials are responsible for verifying each and every signature.

If your signature is missing or does not match your voter registration record, the county elections office will contact you by mail **before results are certified**. They may call or email if you gave them this info.

If you registered to vote online or through Department of Licensing, the signature from your driver's license, permit, or state ID will be on your voter registration record.

Voters can track and check their ballot status at **VoteWA.gov**.



Clark County Official Local

Voters' Pamphlet

November 5, 2024 General and Special Election

Your Ballot Packet arriving by October 24 has a new look



Published by the
Clark County Auditor's Office

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Political parties

Washington State Democrats
 PO Box 4027
 Seattle, WA 98194
 206-583-0664
info@wa-democrats.org
wa-democrats.org

Washington State Republicans
 11811 NE 1st Street, Ste. A306
 Bellevue, WA 98005
 425-460-0570
info@wsrp.org
wagop.org



Who donates to campaigns?

View information on financial contributors for federal candidates:

Federal Election Commission
fec.gov
 Toll Free 800-424-9530

View financial contributors for candidates and measures:

Public Disclosure Commission
pdc.wa.gov
 Toll Free 877-601-2828

County Auditor letter

Dear Clark County Voter,

Welcome to the 2024 General Election Voters' Pamphlet.

If you receive a ballot packet for a person who does not reside at your address please write "Does not live here", or "Return to sender" on the outside envelope and return it to the USPS. When we receive undeliverable mail from the USPS we change the voter's status to "inactive" and mail a confirmation notice to all the voter's known addresses. Inactive voters who fail to update their information and don't participate in an election for two federal general elections will have their voter registration canceled.

Even though we will be fully staffed, if you come to the Elections Office on Election Day, Tuesday November 5, to obtain a replacement ballot or register to vote, you should expect to wait in line for as long as two hours. We encourage you to contact us prior to Election Day.

Your ballot will be counted even if you don't mark the box on your ballot for every office or issue. Any offices or issues you don't vote for are tallied as "undervotes".

To increase the number of ballots included in the preliminary election results issued after 8:00 pm on Election Day, please return your ballot early.

I encourage you to track the status of your ballot. You can do that online at VoteWA.gov. If you would like to receive your ballot status information in a text message you can enroll in that service by texting "VOTE" to 868392.

Any citizen who fulfills the requirements to register to vote may do so online at VoteWA.gov until October 28 and receive a ballot for this general election. After October 28 through 8:00 pm November 5, qualified persons can receive a ballot for this election by registering to vote in person at the Elections Office.

If you are a registered voter and have not received your general election ballot in the mail by Thursday, October 24, please contact the Elections Office for a replacement ballot.

I urge you to read this pamphlet but to also seek out more information. The more people who participate in the collective decision-making process, the better our democracy works. I hope you will join in by casting your ballot in the November 5 General Election. Every vote counts!

Sincerely,



Greg Kimsey
Clark County Auditor
564-397-2078
greg.kimsey@clark.wa.gov



Has your address changed? Has your signature changed? Lost or damaged ballot?

Contact:
Clark County Elections Office
564-397-2345
elections@clark.wa.gov
clarkvotes.org

Mailing address
PO Box 8815
Vancouver, WA 98666-8815

Street address
1408 Franklin Street, Vancouver

For other formats, contact the Clark County ADA Office

Voice 564-397-2322
Relay 711 or 877-833-6341
Fax 564-397-6165
Email ADA@clark.wa.gov

Cover photo by Switching Lanes on Unsplash
Above photo by Beth Conyers

Voting in Washington State

Registering to vote

Registering takes only a few minutes, and you may do so by mail or online at VoteWA.gov.

The deadline to receive new voter registrations and voter updates

to existing registrations online, by phone or by mail is 5 pm Monday, October 28, 2024.

You may still register or update existing voter registrations after October 28, but you must do so in person by 8 pm Tuesday, November 5.

Who is eligible to vote?

The requirements for registering to vote are simple. You must be a United States citizen, 18 years or older on November 5, 2024 and live in Clark County.



How to vote

Clark County voters will receive their ballots by mail. If you are a registered voter in Clark County, we will mail you a ballot for every election in which you are entitled to participate.

The page **Voting instructions** (page 93) in this pamphlet explains how to vote. Please read the instructions in this pamphlet. We want your vote to count!

Lost or damaged ballot?

If you lose your ballot, or it becomes damaged, you can obtain a replacement ballot by contacting the Elections Office.

Phone: 564-397-2345

Email: elections@clark.wa.gov

Mailing address: PO Box 8815, Vancouver, WA 98666-8815

Street address: 1408 Franklin Street, Vancouver

Speech-to-speech relay: 711 or 877-833-6341

Be an informed voter. Here's how.

There are many sources of information for citizens wishing to know more about candidates, and coverage of the November 5, 2024 General and Special Election.



Read all about it

- **The Columbian**
columbian.com
- **The Oregonian**
oregonlive.com/elections
- **The Camas-Washougal Post-Record**
camaspostrecord.com
- **The Reflector**
thereflector.com
- **Clark County Today**
clarkcountytoday.com

League of Women Voters

For a schedule of events or candidate forums, see their website at lwwclarkcounty.org or call 971-220-5874.



Watch cable TV

CVTV Clark-Vancouver Television on Comcast cable channels 21 and 23. Election coverage will include candidate forums and interviews of candidates in various races. See TV listings in *The Columbian*, cable channel 2, and the CVTV website, cvtv.org or call 360-696-8233.

If you do not have cable TV you can obtain videotapes of any program from CVTV.



Look online

- Election coverage can be found on the Clark County Elections Office website at clarkvotes.org.
- All Fort Vancouver Regional Library District branches and Camas Public Library have computers with internet connections available for public use during their business hours.
- Follow links provided by candidates to their website, or contact them by email or phone. Contact information listed for candidates is current as of publication date.




What district am I in?

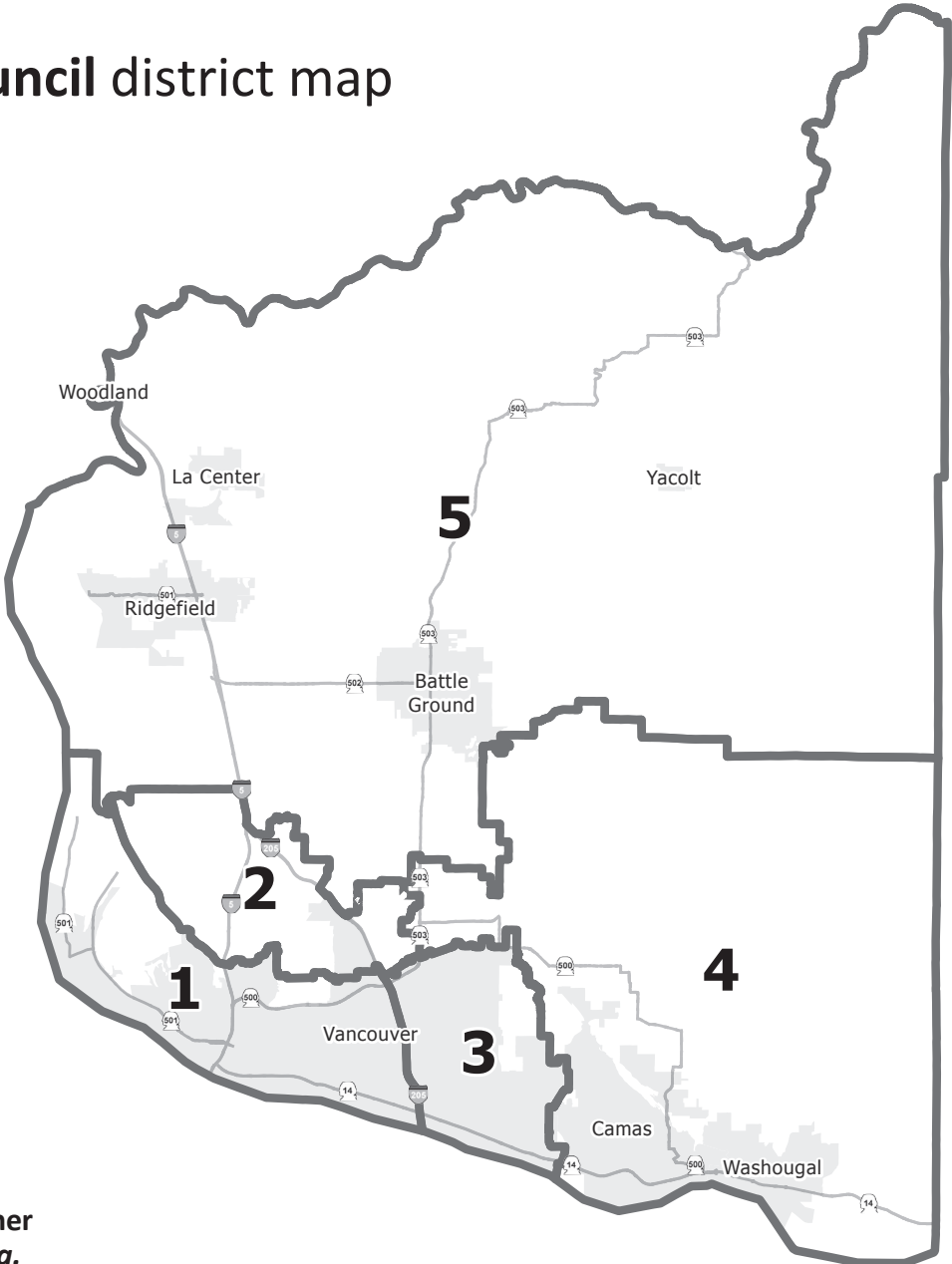
Are you wondering which jurisdictions you live in?

There are several ways to find out:

- **Log in** to *VoteWA.gov* to view your personalized voter information
- **Refer** to your voter registration card to view your jurisdictions
- **Contact** Clark County Elections:
564-397-2345
elections@clark.wa.gov
- **Visit** *clarkvotes.org* and click on “Voter Resources” in the left-hand column and select “Voter District Information”. Click “Open Fullscreen Map” for easier viewing. Click on the layer list icon that is located directly under the address field to select which district you want to look up. Select one district at a time or multiple if you prefer. Enter your address. Zoom in and out of the map to follow the district lines.

Clark County Council district map

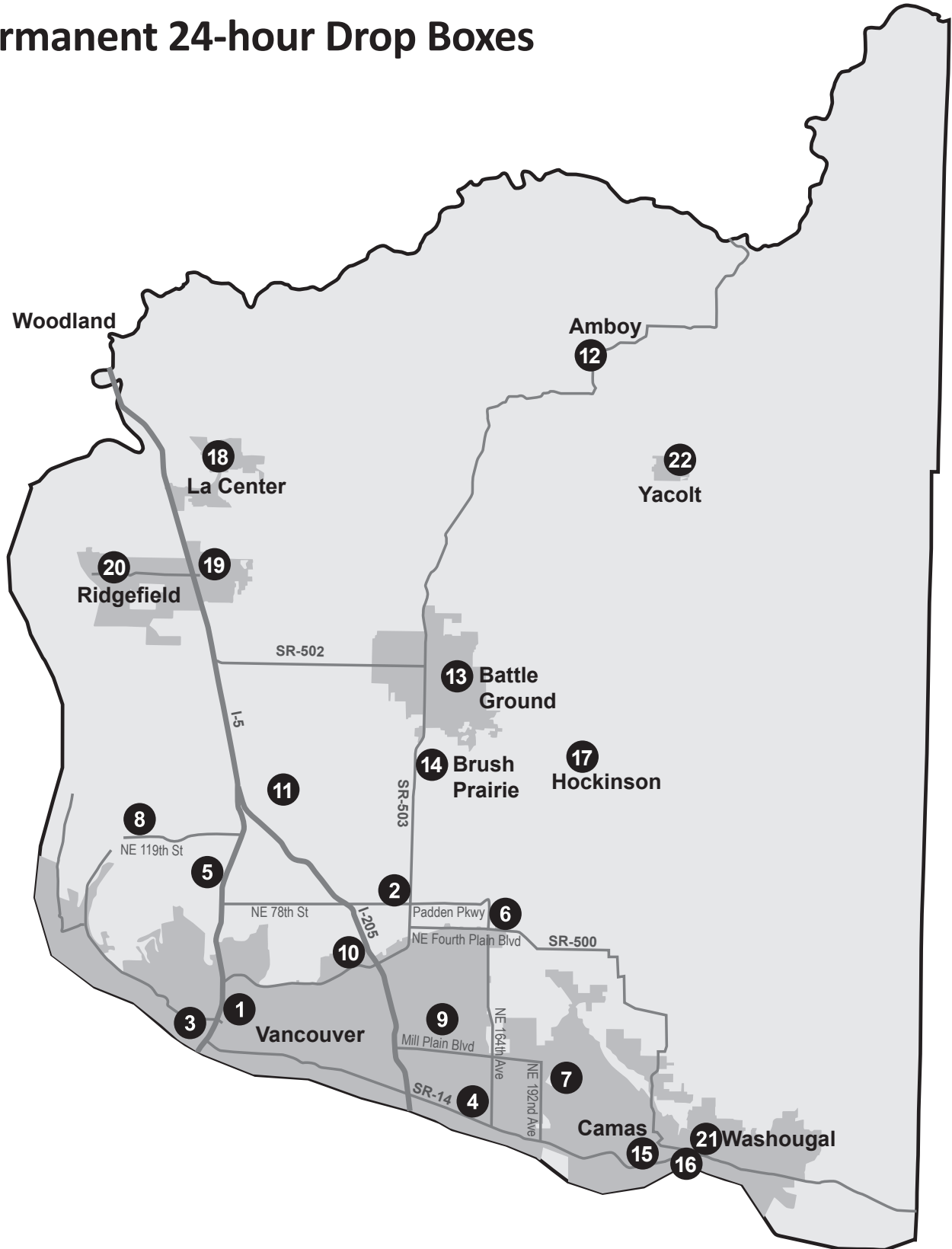
-  Clark County Council district boundary
-  Highway
-  City



To view detailed maps of all other jurisdictions, visit *clarkvotes.org*.

Ballot deposit locations

Permanent 24-hour Drop Boxes



Ballot deposit locations

Election Day is Tuesday, November 5, 2024. Starting on October 16 until 8 pm on Election Day, you may return your voted ballot **in person** to our office, or to one of the following locations:

Clark County Elections Office 1408 Franklin Street, Vancouver

Regular hours *open 8 am to 5 pm, Monday through Friday*

Saturday, November 2 *open 9 am to 4 pm*

Election Day *open 7 am to 8 pm*

Red permanent ballot drop boxes (available 24 hours a day until 8 pm on Election Day)

Vancouver locations

- 1 Clark College 1933 Fort Vancouver Way (between Hanna Hall and the Penguin Bldg. near flagpole, walk-up only)
- 2 Clark Public Utilities Operations Center 8600 NE 117th Avenue (southeast parking lot)
- 3 Downtown Vancouver West 14th and Esther Streets
- 4 Fisher's Landing Transit Center 3510 SE 164th Avenue
- 5 Hazel Dell – 99th Street Transit Center 9700 NE 7th Avenue (between 94th & 99th Streets)
- 6 Pioneer Elementary/Frontier Middle School 7600 NE 166th Avenue (parking lot between the two schools)
- 7 Shahala Middle School 601 SE 192nd Avenue (located near flagpole)
- 8 Thomas Jefferson Middle School 3000 NW 119th Street (parking lot)
- 9 USPS – Cascade Park 13651 NE 4th Street
- 10 Vancouver Mall Southeast of Macy's near the C-Tran Vine Station (parking lot)
- 11 WSU-Vancouver 14204 NE Salmon Creek Avenue (WSU Entrance Road entering from NE Salmon Creek Avenue, turn right at the first street into the south parking lot)

Other Clark County locations

- 12 Amboy Middle School 22115 NE Chelatchie Road, Amboy (west parking lot)
- 13 Battle Ground Post Office 418 W Main Street, Battle Ground (next to the blue USPS mailboxes)
- 14 Brush Prairie Post Office 12012 NE 150th Circle, Brush Prairie
- 15 Camas Post Office Downtown 440 NE 5th Avenue, Camas
- 16 Camas Washougal Municipal Court 89 C Street, Washougal
- 17 Hockinson Community Center 15916 NE 182nd Avenue, Brush Prairie (parking lot)
- 18 La Center 1001 E 4th Street, La Center (west end of parking lot)
- 19 Ridgefield Junction Park and Ride Pioneer Street exit, east of I-5, 125 N 65th Ave, Ridgefield (north side of parking lot)
- 20 Ridgefield School District Administrative Office 510 Pioneer Street, Ridgefield (walk-up only)
- 21 Washougal Library 1661 C Street, Washougal (walk-up only)
- 22 Yacolt Primary School 507 W Yacolt Road, Yacolt (south parking lot)

WSU Vancouver Student Engagement Hub

WSU Vancouver offers a student engagement hub to provide its students the opportunity to print their online ballot and deposit it into a secured ballot drop box.

Washington State University Vancouver

Firstenburg Student Commons (FSC) Vancouver
14204 NE Salmon Creek Ave • Vancouver, WA 98686

Available November 5, Election Day only – 10 am until 8 pm

Accessible voting

Using the Touch Writer

Clark County voters with disabilities have the option of casting their ballot independently using an accessible voting unit.

The Touch Writer voting unit is a ballot marking electronic machine that allows voters with disabilities, including those who are blind, mobility-impaired or lack upper-body dexterity, to vote privately and independently. The Touch Writer is in a booth that is wheelchair-accessible.

Beginning 18 days before each election, this accessible voting machine is available from 8 am to 5 pm, and on Election Day from 7 am to 8 pm at the Clark County Elections Office, 1408 Franklin Street, Vancouver.

To get to the Elections Office on C-Tran, take bus #25 Fruit Valley and St. Johns route. The bus stop is located at Franklin Street and Mill Plain Boulevard.



The Touch Writer unit is in a wheelchair-accessible booth.

About the Touch Writer

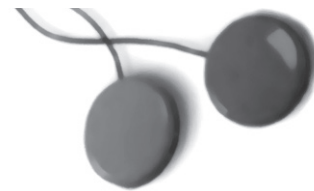
The Touch Writer is accessible in several ways:

- For those who cannot operate the Touch Writer using the buttons and wheel, special interface devices are available as shown here.
- For those who cannot see or read the Touch Writer screen, use the headphones with volume control to hear the ballot.



Accessible features

- Those who are visually impaired or have difficulty reading can listen to the ballot. The SELECT wheel is the trigger to the audio. Turning clockwise moves the listener through the ballot. To hear something repeated, turn the SELECT wheel counterclockwise. Those using hearing aids with a telecoil mode may use their neckloop rather than the headphones.
- Voters who lack upper-body dexterity can use the jelly switches to move through the ballot. The RED jelly switch is the same as the SELECT wheel. The GREEN jelly switch is the same as the ENTER button.
- Voters with quadriplegia can use their sip-n-puff to vote the ballot. Sip to move through the ballot. Puff to mark your choice.



Voting instructions

Here are a few important reminders to make sure your ballot is counted.

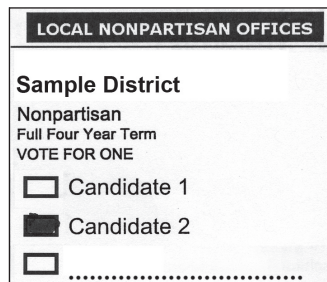
Your ballot packet will be mailed to you at least 18 days before the November 5, 2024 General and Special Election. It will contain:

- An instruction sheet that explains the voting process
- The official ballot where you will mark your choices
- A security sleeve
- A postage-paid return envelope

Mark your ballot by completely filling in the box to the left of your choice with a black or blue ink pen. If you want to vote for a candidate not appearing on the ballot, mark the box to the left of the dotted line provided to indicate your choice. Be sure to mark only one choice for each race or measure on the ballot.

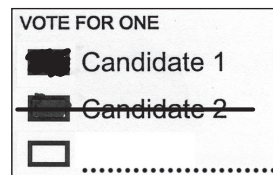
*Example:
Candidate 2 has been chosen.

One candidate has been marked and the box is filled in completely.*



Check your ballot to be sure you have voted for the candidates and measures you intended. Make sure you mark only one response box in each race or measure. If you mark more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted. Your other votes will be counted if they are done correctly. Leaving an office or ballot measure blank will not invalidate your ballot.

If you make a mistake marking your ballot, draw a line through the incorrectly marked choice as shown. You then have the option of marking another choice.



You must sign and date your return envelope in order for your ballot to be counted!

- Sign in the signature box that has YOUR name printed on the envelope.
- If you registered to vote when you obtained your driver's license, the signature on your driver's license is the signature in your voter registration record.
- If you registered to vote online, the signature in your voter registration record is either your driver's license signature or the signature you uploaded directly to the voter portal.
- If you are unsure about the signature in your voter registration record, we encourage you to call the Elections Office at 564-397-2345. We can provide a description of the signature you used when you registered to vote.
- Do NOT sign someone else's name, even if you have power of attorney.
- Voting over the phone by having someone else fill out and sign your ballot is against the law. Voters can call us at 564-397-2345 to learn about the options for voting while they are out of town.
- Drop boxes are available if you don't want your signature to go through the mail. See pages 90-91 for a complete list of ballot deposit locations.

Follow the instruction sheet included with your ballot to seal, sign, date and return your ballot.

Washington State's voting rights

17-year-old voters

Washington Legislation passed in March of 2020 allows 17-year-olds who will be 18 by a General Election are able to vote in the preceding Primary.

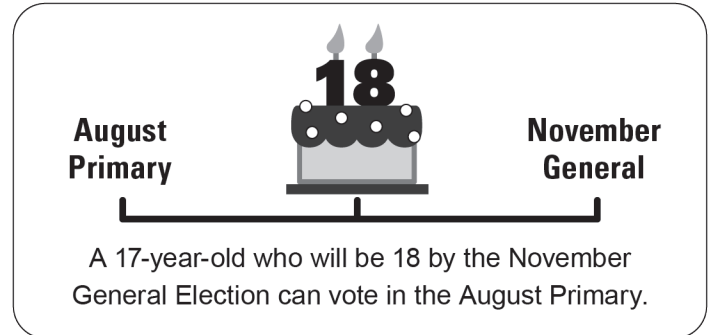
Sixteen and seventeen year-olds can pre-register and will automatically be registered when they are eligible to vote.

Pre-registering can be done through:

- Clark County Elections Office
- Department of Licensing
- Online at VoteWA.gov

Not sure if you've pre-registered?

Call Clark County Elections at 564-397-2345 and make sure your physical and mailing address are current so you receive your ballot.



Felony Conviction and Voting Rights

Washington Legislation went into effect January 1, 2022 regarding convicted felons and their right to vote.

When is my right to vote restored?

- If you were convicted of a felony in a Washington State court, your right to vote is restored automatically once you are no longer serving a sentence of total confinement in prison.
- If you were convicted of a felony in another state or in federal court, your right to vote is restored automatically as long as you are no longer serving a sentence of total confinement in prison.
- You do not lose the right to vote for a misdemeanor conviction or a conviction in juvenile court.

Registering to vote

Once your right to vote is restored, you must register to vote even if you were previously registered. You do not need a certificate of discharge to register to vote.

You can register to vote at:

- Clark County Elections Office
- Department of Licensing
- Online at VoteWA.gov

New ballot packet design

A new look to your ballot packet!

Ballot packets will be mailed to voters starting on October 16. They will look much different than they have in the past.

This redesigned ballot packet significantly streamlines the entire process allowing Elections staff to concentrate on other administrative processes, including voter roll maintenance and customer service.

NEW FEATURES:

- The outer envelope is much larger – it will be easier to spot among other mail that arrives in your mailbox.
- The return envelope is larger as well. With this new design, we no longer need to print the voter’s address on it which eliminates the possibility of the USPS mistakenly returning a voted ballot back to the voter instead of to the Elections Office.
- The voting instructions are now wrapped around the ballot. This “wrap” will identify and describe whether the ballot packet is the first ballot issued, the replacement ballot or a reissued ballot. It will also list the three nearest drop box locations to the precinct in which you live.
- The ballot will be folded in such a way that the folds do not occur in the barcode area, which is considered a best practice by the tabulation vendor to avoid potential scanning issues.

Official Ballot

Sample
Sample
Clark County, Washington

Who Donates to Campaigns?
View contributors for candidates and measures
Public Disclosure Commission
www.pdc.wa.gov
Toll Free (877) 601-2828

Instructions

State Partisan Offices

Governor

Candidate (Prefers StandupAmerica Party)

Candidate (Prefers Republican Party)

Candidate (Prefers Republican Party)

Candidate (Prefers Unaffiliated Party)

Precinct 102
Page 1 of 2

Lieutenant Governor

Candidate (Prefers Republican Party)

Candidate (Prefers Libertarian Party)

Candidate (Prefers Republican Party)

Candidate (Prefers Democratic Party)

November 5, 2024
General and Special Election
Voting Instructions
Your Official Ballot Packet

What's in your ballot packet?

- Your Official Ballot (folded inside these instructions)
- A Security Sleeve
- A Postage-paid Return Envelope

About the 2024 Washington General Election
If a primary election was held for an office, the two candidates who received the most votes in the Primary advanced to the General Election.
Each candidate for partisan office may state a political party that he or she prefers. A candidate's preference does not imply that the candidate is nominated or endorsed by the party, or that the party approves of or associates with that candidate. The election for President and Vice President is different. Candidates for President and Vice President are the official nominees of their political party.

MAKE
YOUR
VOTE
COUNT

1 VOTE – Read about your candidates and measures. Use a black or blue ink pen to mark your choice on your ballot.

2 SIGN – Read the declaration and then sign and date the Return Envelope that has YOUR name printed on it.

3 RETURN – Place your voted ballot inside the Security Sleeve and then into your Return Envelope. Your ballot must be deposited into a ballot drop box by 8 pm on Election Day or postmarked by November 5, 2024 and arrive no later than November 25, 2024.

CONTACT US

Email
elections@clark.wa.gov

Website
clarkvotes.org

Phone
564-397-2345

Location
1408 Franklin Street, Vancouver

Mailing
PO Box 8815, Vancouver, WA 98666

Fax
564-397-2394

Speech-to-Speech Relay
711 or 877-833-6341

Don't forget to sign below so your ballot can be counted!

Read the declaration

I, the solemnly sworn or affirm under penalty of perjury that I am:
A United States Citizen. A Washington state resident that meets the requirements for voting mandated by state law. At least 18 years old on election day, or 17 years old at the primary and 18 years old by the day of the November general election; voting only once in this election and not voting in any other United States jurisdiction that carries a sentence of total confinement under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections for a maximum term of one year or currently incarcerated for a federal or state felony conviction. Not disqualified from voting due to a court order and having the right to keep a reputation or cast another person's ballot and that attempting to vote when not qualified, attempting to vote more than once, or falsifying the declarations by a felony punishable by a maximum imprisonment of five years, a maximum fine of \$10,000, or both.

Sign & Date (signing for someone else is a Class C Felony)

Your signature must be written on your voting declaration near the your ballot to be counted.

X _____ today's date / /

email or phone number (optional) or use there is all done with your signature

ATTENTION - READ CAREFULLY - If the voter is physically present and is able to sign their name, the voter can make a mark in this signature box and then has witnesses sign below. This way not use a power of attorney to sign for someone else.

signature of witness 1 _____ signature of witness 2 _____
CLW04245001 - SLEVE

Greg Kimsey, Auditor
Clark County Elections
PO BOX 8815
Vancouver, WA 98666-8815

ELECTRONIC SERVICE REQUESTED

Your Official Ballot

OFFICIAL ELECTION MAIL

If this voter no longer lives here, write "Moved - no longer here" and place back in your mailbox.

564-397-2345
clarkvotes.org

↑ This end up ↓

1

Fold and insert your voted ballot into this security sleeve. Some of your ballot will stick out from the side.
One ballot per sleeve.
Do not tape or seal this sleeve.

2

Insert this sleeve into the return envelope.

Security sleeve

clarkvotes.org
564-397-2345

Local Voters' Pamphlet

Position descriptions

Federal Offices

President of the United States

The President must be at least 35 years old, a natural born U.S. citizen, and have lived in the United States for at least 14 years. The President is Commander in Chief of the United States Armed Forces and is empowered within the federal government (with Senate approval). The President is head of one of the three branches of government. The President is also required to report to Congress annually on the state of the union, and may also propose legislation and veto bills.

U.S. Senator

Senators must be at least 30 years old and citizens of the U.S. for at least nine years. Senators serve six-year terms. The Senate has 100 members; two from each state. The Senate has several exclusive powers, including consenting to treaties, confirming federal appointments made by the President, and trying federal officials impeached by the House of Representatives.

U.S. Representative

Representatives must be at least 25 years old and citizens of the U.S. for at least seven years. Representatives are not required to be registered voters of their district, but must be registered voters of the state. Representatives serve two-year terms. The House of Representatives has 435 members, all of whom are up for election in even-numbered years. Each state has a different number of members based on population. After the 2010 Census, Washington was given a 10th Congressional District.

State executive offices

Statewide-elected executives must be registered Washington voters and are elected to four-year terms.

Governor

The Governor is the chief executive officer of the state and makes appointments for hundreds of state positions, including directors of state agencies (subject to confirmation by the Senate). The Governor has the power to sign or veto (reject) legislation, and annually submits a budget recommendation and reports on state affairs to the Legislature.

Lieutenant Governor

The Lieutenant Governor is elected independent of the Governor, and serves as the presiding officer of the state Senate. The Lieutenant Governor is first in line of succession and becomes Acting Governor whenever the Governor leaves the state or is otherwise unable to serve.

Secretary of State

The Secretary of State leads the state Elections Division, Corporations and Charities Division, state Archives and Library, and other programs and services. The Office of the Secretary of State manages corporation and charity filings, collects and preserves historical state records, and governs the use of the state flag and seal. The Secretary of State is second in line of succession for Governor.

State Treasurer

As the state's finance officer, the Treasurer manages the cash flow, investments, and debt of all major state accounts. The Treasurer serves on the State Investment Board, providing guidance for the management of long-term debt and investments, and Chairs the Public Deposit Protection Commission, ensuring the safety of public deposits in qualified banks.

State Auditor

The Auditor works with state and local governments to conduct independent financial and performance audits. The Auditor publicly investigates state employee whistleblower claims about agencies and reports of fraud, waste, and abuse of taxpayer money received through its citizen hotline.

Attorney General

The Attorney General serves as legal counsel to the Governor, members of the Legislature, state officials, and more than 200 state agencies, boards, commissions, colleges, and universities. The Office of the Attorney General protects the public by upholding the Consumer Protection Act and provides public information about consumer rights and scams.

Commissioner of Public Lands

The Commissioner of Public Lands is the head of the Department of Natural Resources, overseeing management of more than 5 million acres of state forest, agricultural, range, aquatic, and commercial lands. The Commissioner manages the state's largest on-call fire department, preventing and fighting wildfires on 13 million acres of private, state and tribal-owned forest lands.

Superintendent of Public Instruction

The Superintendent heads the state education agency and is chief executive officer of the state Board of Education. The Superintendent is responsible for the administration of the state's kindergarten through twelfth grade education program. The office certifies teaching personnel, approves and accredits programs, and distributes state and local funds.

Position descriptions

Insurance Commissioner

The Office of the Insurance Commissioner regulates insurance companies doing business in Washington, licenses agents and brokers, reviews policies and rates, examines the operations and finances of insurers, and handles inquiries and complaints from the public.

Public Utilities Commissioner

Clark Public Utilities is governed by an elected board of three commissioners. The commission sets utility policy, approves annual budgets, establishes rates, approves major purchases and investments, and selects a general manager to oversee the utility operations and staff.

State legislative offices

Legislators propose and enact public policy, set a budget, provide for the collection of taxes to support state and local government. Legislators must be registered voters of their district.

State Senator

The Senate has 49 members; one from each legislative district in the state. Senators are elected to four-year terms, and approximately one-half of the membership of the Senate is up for election each even-numbered year. The Senate's only exclusive duty is to confirm appointments made by the governor.

State Representative

The House of Representatives has 98 members; two from each legislative district in the state. Representatives are elected to two-year terms, so the total membership of the House is up for election each even-numbered year.

State judicial offices

Washington judges are nonpartisan. Judicial candidates must be in good standing to practice law in Washington and are prohibited from statements that appear to commit them on legal issues that may come before them in court. Judges must be registered Washington voters.

Supreme Court Justice

The Washington Supreme Court is the highest judiciary in the state. State Supreme Court justices hear appeals and decide cases from Courts of Appeals and other lower courts. Nine justices are elected statewide to serve six-year terms.

Clark County offices

County Councilor

Elected to four-year terms, members of the Clark County Council hold legislative authority for Clark County. The Council is responsible for: Adopting the annual budget; Developing and implementing planning and zoning policies; Making appointments to some advisory committees and boards; Adopting all county ordinances. Candidates must be registered voters and residents of their district at the time of filing.

Do your part!

While the Elections Office is continually updating the voter rolls with information from the Department of Licensing, the post office, local obituaries and a monthly public health deceased list, **you can do your part by following these simple steps:**

- **Update your address** with the Elections Office whenever it changes. Address changes can be made online through *VoteWA.gov*, by email, mail or phone until 5 pm October 28. You may update your registration in-person until 8 pm on Election Day.
- If you are a snowbird or a college student, use our simple web form or call to set up a **temporary or seasonal mailing address**.
- **Return to Sender!** If you receive a ballot for a person who does not live at your residence, write “Does not live here” on the **unopened** envelope and put it back in the mail. This does not apply to military or overseas voters.
- If you receive a ballot for a **recently deceased voter**, write “Deceased” on the **unopened** envelope and put it back in the mail. We will research and follow up.

Keeping up-to-date with the Elections Office is quick and easy!

clarkvotes.org
elections@clark.wa.gov
PO Box 8815
Vancouver, WA 98666
564-397-2345



Candidate and measure statements are printed exactly as submitted.

Clark County Elections does not correct punctuation, grammar, typos or inaccurate information.

Candidate statements and contact information are current as of publication date. Please visit the online voters' guide at *clarkvotes.org* and click on the *VoteWA* graphic to see a personalized voters' guide with the most current information.

Clark County
Councilor, District No. 3



Chuck Keplar

Elected Experience Ran for Evergreen School District Board in 2023, receiving a strong endorsement from The Columbian.

Other Professional Experience Owner/operator of a construction company. A pastor of a church with over 600 members. Currently working as a paraeducator in high school education,

supporting students with significant needs.

Education Graduating this fall with a Bachelor of Science in Christian Leadership and Management from Liberty University.

Community Service Serving underprivileged youth in nonprofit organizations and schools. Mentoring foster parents. Decades volunteering in sports. Policy council member of a nonprofit with a budget exceeding fifteen million dollars. Experienced in political lobbying, with advocacy efforts in Olympia and Washington D.C.

Statement Clark County has been my home for 24 years and I am the *only candidate* who hasn't just recently moved here. This is where I've raised my eight children, six who joined my family through the foster system. I've been an active member of this community for decades.

I will address issues that matter to families in Clark County. County spending and taxes must decrease. Crime needs to be addressed to keep families safe. Tolls, just another way to tax families, must not be allowed.

Our taxes have increased over the years, and families are feeling the strain. I will work diligently through the county budget to reduce expenditures, identify savings, and consequently lower taxes in Clark County. Community and home safety are paramount. I will propose using funds from the public safety tax to reintroduce SROs to our schools. I will promote policies that enable our county sheriff to enforce current laws. Tolls on I-5 and congestion on I-205 are potential problems that could become realities in the next few years. I will strive to increase capacity across the Columbia River without tolls.

I will be your voice on the Clark County Council. Families First, Lower Taxes, No Tolls.

Phone 360-524-2550
Email chuck@electkeplar.com
Website electkeplar.com

Clark County
Councilor, District No. 3



Wil Fuentes

Elected Experience No Information Submitted

Other Professional Experience Over 15 years of leadership experience in banking operations, non-profit program management and higher education.

Education Portland State University: B.A. in Community Development; Western Oregon University: M.A. in

Organizational Leadership with Graduate Certificates in Operational and Executive Leadership

Community Service Clark County Low-Income Housing Committee, Clark County, WA; The Heights Community Investment Committee and Climate Change Work Group, Vancouver, WA; Planning Commission, Comprehensive Plan 2035 Advisory Board, Housing Needs Analysis Subcommittee, Transportation Steering Committee and Affordable Housing Committee, Hillsboro, Oregon.

Statement As your councilor, I will work across the county to prioritize the well-being and prosperity of our neighbors. With my background in banking, nonprofit management, and land use, I know the best way to achieve results is by bringing people together to find common solutions.

Growing up, my family faced housing insecurity, moving frequently because of rising costs. This personal experience drives me to bring housing that meets the needs of everyone at all income levels. We must ensure a beautiful and safe Clark County that meets our neighbors where they're at as they face homelessness, mental health issues, and substance abuse.

Having served as a city planning commissioner, I will bring realistic land use solutions that build community, support small business, and sustain our economic vitality. A balance must be struck between development and sustainability to promote opportunity and ensure responsible stewardship of our air and water.

Effective, responsive governance requires listening to community needs and building collaboration between government, local organizations, and our neighbors. As your councilor, I will listen and advocate for a transparent county council that is held accountable. Together, we can create a healthier and more vibrant Clark County now and for future generations.

Phone 360-553-1933
Email wil@electwil.com
Website electwil.com

Clark County

Councilor, District No. 4



Joe Zimmerman

Elected Experience Clark-Cowlitz Farm Bureau, Legislative Committee - Chair. Washington Farm Bureau, Promotion and Education Committee - VP. Clark County Solid Waste Advisory Commission - VP.

Other Professional Experience Fifth-generation Clark County farmer and the Finance Manager at Bi-Zi Farms.

A former US Marine, owner/operator truck driver, machinery salesman and site manager at the Heritage Farm.

Education Washington State University Vancouver, B.A. in Business and Operations Management

Community Service Clark-Cowlitz Farms Bureau, Friends of the Heritage Farm, Clark County Solid Waste Advisory Commission, Friends of Clark County, SW Washington Victory Garden Project. Additionally, my wife and I spent the last two years as foster parents.

Statement I am running for election to the Council because I love Clark County. As someone who was born and raised here, I feel that my primary duty is to represent the people who came before me, and those that will come after me, making sure that Clark County continues to grow in a meaningful and intelligent way.

My top priorities will be addressing the housing crisis while protecting farmland, animal habitat and open space. We must plan to grow but do so realizing that they aren't making more land. I will also strive to promote local food production, a topic that I am uniquely qualified to address. I want to see Clark County farmers feeding the people of Clark County.

We must plan for the future using broad vision, anticipating our needs years into the future, not just the needs of today. We need safe schools, well-equipped law enforcement, good roads, a clean environment, new and robust jobs, abundant parks and a replacement I-5 bridge. We need to embrace the future, without forgetting our past!

My love for this county is why I chose to run for the Council. I would appreciate your vote to make that happen.

Email joe@ElectJoeZ.com

Website ElectJoeZ.com

Clark County

Councilor, District No. 4



Matt Little

Elected Experience Washington Fish and Wildlife Conservation Partnership, Co-Chair (current); U.S. Senator Daniel Patrick Moynihan, Senior Adviser; Northeast-Midwest Congressional Coalition, Policy Analyst.

Other Professional Experience Ducks Unlimited, Director of Public Policy (current); World Salmon Council - Salmon

Watch Youth Education Program, Director (current); Cascade Forest Conservancy of SW Washington, Executive Director; 20+ years experience in the Pacific Northwest working on conservation and resource management.

Education Dartmouth College, BA Biology; Maxwell School of Citizenship and Public Affairs - Syracuse University, Master of Public Administration.

Community Service Backcountry Hunters and Anglers, Washington Board Policy Chair; South Gifford Pinchot Collaborative Member; Eagle Scout; Grace Church Member; Camas School District Volunteer.

Statement *Helping families and businesses. Building better communities.* These are my goals and my commitment to you.

Through good planning, we can create vibrant communities with affordable housing, healthy local businesses and jobs, and balanced growth - priorities that will preserve Clark County's urban values, rural economy, and beautiful open spaces.

For 30 years in public service and leading nonprofit businesses, I have helped manage our land and natural resources to benefit our community. I am committed to strong economic growth that preserves our unique way of life. But families are struggling with today's high cost of living. As a fiscal conservative, I will prioritize County resources for essential services and community safety while being very careful with your hard-earned money.

As a father of two girls, living in a community that values family and education is important to me. I will work hard to preserve these values so that we can create a better future for our kids. Please read more about my priorities at mattlittle4clarkcounty.org, and on Instagram and Facebook @ElectMattLittle. I am an independent voice who will listen and work hard for you. Let's move forward together for a better Clark County!

Phone 360-844-0682

Email mattlittle4clarkcounty@gmail.com

Website mattlittle4clarkcounty.org

Public Utilities District No. 1 of Clark County
Commissioner, District No. 1



Sherry Erickson

Elected Experience N/A

Other Professional Experience

Industry expert and consultant for utilities and municipalities across the US. Developed the budget model to launch the Orange County Power Authority in 2022 and delivered lower energy rates than the competing Investor-Owned Utility. Licensed Professional Engineer,

American Public Power Association, Northwest Public Power Association, American Water Works Association

Education Master of Business Administration, Washington State University; B.S. Mechanical Engineering, Brigham Young University; Advanced Utility Accounting certified, American Public Power Association

Community Service nPower Girls Industry Partner for local schools (introduces STEM careers to students); Volunteer for Red Cross blood drive, Stream Steward on StreamTeam, ShareHouse, and St. Paul Shelter

Statement Prices are rising faster than wages. Complex markets, carbon-free energy mandates, and rising demands are changing the utility industry. Clark County needs an experienced leader to take on these challenges and deliver. I've consulted with utilities and have a track record of successfully expanding services and lowering rates. I'm ready to modernize our utility and strengthen our local economy.

My expertise includes 30 years of work experience in business management, engineering design, and consulting. I've improved water and electric utilities across the US with comprehensive rate design and cost-of-service analyses. My clients benefited from effective policies that foster economic stability, environmental stewardship, and great customer service.

If elected, I'll use my expertise to balance infrastructure development and operational costs with fiscal responsibility. To keep rates low, I'll take advantage of grants for clean energy production. PUDs across the state have also received millions of dollars in grants to build fast, reliable fiber internet infrastructure. I'll evaluate opportunities for Clark PUD and take fiscally responsible action. Clean water is essential. I'll maintain our underground aquifers and well systems, and upgrade our aging water lines and treatment facilities.

I would be honored to serve you and earn your vote.

Phone 360-836-8264
Email sherryericksonPUD@gmail.com
Website electsherryerickson.com

Public Utilities District No. 1 of Clark County
Commissioner, District No. 1



James Oneil

Elected Experience None

Other Professional Experience

23-year career in business development and customer service, collaborating with engineers, municipalities, utility districts, and contractors across the Northwest. I understand the operational complexity and critical role these entities provide for the community.

Education Studied Criminal Justice-Clark College. Certifications: NACE CIP 1 Protective Coating Inspector Program and SSPC Concrete Coatings Technician (Society Protective Coatings).

Community Service Founder – John McKibbin Legacy Classic, 2023 Leadership Clark County Outstanding Alumni Award, Building Futures Foundation, CDM Caregiving Services, Children's Center, Evergreen Habitat for Humanity, Family Promise, Northwest Blind Athletes, Read Northwest, Shared Hope, Seton Catholic High School, King's Way Christian School, Vancouver School District.

Statement As a lifelong Clark County resident, I'm driven to give back to the community that shaped who I am today. Collaborating with Clark PUD experts, I'll utilize my business and customer service background to be visible, approachable, communicate and listen effectively, and make decisions in customers' best interests.

As our area grows, maintaining exceptional service, reliability, and affordable rates will require diligent management. It is imperative to find solutions that work for all our customers; from the largest corporation to the single parent struggling to pay their power bill. I'm dedicated to amplifying awareness of Clark PUD's financial assistance program available to our customers.

Innovation plays a crucial role in preserving and strengthening the power grid by introducing efficient technology. I'm committed to finding inclusive solutions, embracing innovation to bolster reliability while ensuring safe transmission at a cost families can afford. For 18 years of my career, I was engaged in the planning of large-scale municipal industrial projects, optimizing asset service life, while adhering to municipal budgets, and directly contributing to projects from inception to completion. All skills I hope to translate to serving you as your next PUD Commissioner.

Vote Oneil for a community-powered, future-focused approach.

Phone 360-726-1250
Email electJOforPUD@gmail.com
Website Oneil4PUD.com

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Clark County

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16

Concerning the Sheriff's Salary

The Clark County Council adopted Ordinance No. 2024-06-07 proposing an amendment to the County Home Rule Charter, concerning the Sheriff's salary. If approved, this amendment would adjust the Sheriff's salary to eight percent (8%) higher than the highest step of the Undersheriff salary range.

Should this amendment be:

Approved

Rejected

To vote, use your official ballot.

STATEMENT FOR

The sheriff's pay has not kept up with other law enforcement executives. It is significantly below that of many law-enforcement personnel reporting to him. This disparity is unworkable in the long term, unfair, and indirectly risks public safety.

The sheriff's 2024 salary is 30% less than the undersheriffs and an average of 25% less for all the sheriff's command staff, including chief deputies and commanders. The current sheriff, formerly the Chief Criminal Deputy, has taken a 27% pay cut from his former position. Unless fixed, this disparity will undermine future public safety by discouraging highly qualified law enforcement personnel from running for sheriff and encouraging less qualified candidates to do so.

Washington State retirement for law enforcement is calculated based on a 5-year consecutive salary average. This large salary cut significantly reduces retirement pay for any executive seeking this position, which, in turn, will dramatically reduce our pool of exceptional candidates. The current method of computing the sheriff's salary, in Charter Section 5.5.B.1., specified the salary at \$106,224 in 2014 and allows subsequent adjusted percentage changes approved by the state salary commission for state legislators. The sheriff is not a state legislator and should not be compensated as such.

The salary method must be appropriate for the highest-ranking law enforcement officer. This amendment sets and maintains the sheriff's salary at 8% higher than the highest step of the undersheriff salary. This method ensures a professional wage and fair retirement pay and, therefore, highly qualified candidates for sheriff.

Statement for submitted by:

Ann Donnelly, Chair
adonnelly7@comcast.net

James Senescu

Garry Lucas

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The Clark County Council adopted Ordinance No. 2024-06-07 proposing an amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter, concerning the Sheriff's salary. This amendment, if adopted, would make the Sheriff's Salary eight percent (8%) higher than the highest step of the Undersheriff salary range.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

See page 114 for complete text of resolution.

Clark County

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17

Concerning the redistricting process for Clark County Councilor districts.

The Clark County Council adopted Ordinance No. 2024-06-08 proposing an amendment to the County Home Rule Charter regarding the county council districts redistricting process. If approved, this amendment would increase the redistricting committee to seven (7) nonpartisan members, instead of members selected from lists provided by political parties; require county council to appoint a qualified redistricting master; provide criteria for the redistricting plan; and would require adoption of the redistricting masters plan unless five (5) members amend it.

Should this amendment be:

Approved

Rejected

To vote, use your official ballot.

STATEMENT FOR

These changes require the County Council to appoint six members of the County Council Redistricting Committee no later than September 30 in the year the decennial census is conducted. This earlier date assists the committee to be prepared to begin its work when the state redistricting commission provides the federal census data. The Redistricting Committee must appoint the committee chair by an established deadline.

The Council is required to appoint a qualified Redistricting Master who is an employee of the County’s G.I.S. Department. The redistricting plan, created by the Redistricting Master, is subject to amendments by five of the seven Redistricting Committee members.

The redistricting plan, recommended to the County Council, must be consistent with elements set forth in state law, for example, equal population, communities of interest, compact, contiguous, and equal favor and non-discriminatory consideration for all segments of the population. It should equalize population within the districts with as few changes to existing boundaries as possible.

Please consider voting “yes” to strengthen the redistricting process.

Statement for and rebuttal of statement against submitted by:

Ann Rivers, Chair
annrivers18@comcast.net

Anne McEnery-Ogle

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

Voters made the County Council offices non-partisan, the Redistricting Committee should also be non-partisan. Of the more than 30 county committees, only the Redistricting Committee requires partisan members. This charter amendment limits gerrymandering by requiring a qualified Redistricting Master, whose plan can only be changed by a super majority vote. The con statement regarding three councilors gerrymandered into the same district relates to a charter amendment approved by voters, not actions by the Redistricting Committee.

Clark County

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

This amendment to the County Charter would increase the county council redistricting committee to seven (7) non-partisan members instead of members selected from lists provided by the two major political parties. The council would appoint a qualified redistricting master. This amendment would establish criteria for the redistricting plan: equalizing population between council districts, recognize political jurisdiction boundaries, communities of interest, minimize changes to existing boundaries, not to favor or discriminate against any political party or group. This amendment would require the redistricting masters' plan be adopted unless five committee members agree to amend it.

STATEMENT AGAINST

We oppose this charter amendment to drastically alter redistricting procedures in Clark County. This amendment by the County Auditor endangers the current bipartisan process whereby the 2 major parties submit candidates to County Council for consideration. Council then appoints 2 members from each party to the redistricting committee. If the committee can't agree on a chairperson, the Council can appoint one. The proposed amendment has no mechanism to ensure a balanced committee. Instead, the controlling majority on the County Council could stack the committee entirely, leading to possible gerrymandered district boundaries that serve politicians, not voters.

Over time, the whole council could represent one primary viewpoint. In 2021, the Charter Review Committee proposed a 5-District map, where 3 Councilors who were elected as Republicans were redistricted into the same district! The redistricting map was drawn lacking updated census data, and was put on the ballot without an opposing statement.

This 2024 amendment includes new criteria for redistricting not found in state redistricting law RCW 29A.76.010. The state criteria has been deliberated upon by legislators in public hearings, thus is a more reasonable foundation than untested ideas about redistricting criteria. The current process, though imperfect, offers a more fair and balanced approach by limiting the influence of any single political entity or person.

This amendment threatens that balance and could lead to increased manipulation. We urge voters to Reject this amendment, to preserve the integrity of our redistricting processes and protect the fairness of our elections.

Statement against and rebuttal of statement for submitted by:

Rob Anderson, Chair
rob@reformclarkcounty.com

ReformClarkCounty.com

Stephen Willie

Margaret Tweet

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

Government officials, not citizens, are pushing this amendment to shift redistricting power from a bipartisan committee to the County Council. It introduces vague criteria, lacks details, and requires a supermajority to alter proposals, paving the way for gerrymandering that benefits political elites over voters. Reject this dangerous power grab and faulty amendment that undermines fair representation. Learn more at www.reformclarkcounty.com

See pages 115-116 for complete text of resolution.

Clark County

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18

Concerning submission of initiative petitions by Clark County Registered Voters

The Clark County Council adopted Ordinance No. 2024-06-09 proposing an amendment to the County Home Rule Charter regarding the initiative process. If this amendment is approved, a petitioner must obtain a statement from the county of estimated increased expenditures, and if so, that statement and Prosecuting Attorney’s opinion must be on the petition and ballot. Signatures required for petitions only affecting unincorporated areas would be calculated using the same method as petitions for the entire county.

Should this amendment be:

Approved

Rejected

To vote, use your official ballot.

STATEMENT FOR

We are voting “yes” on this amendment to the county charter because we want to keep improving the relatively new initiative process. As a Charter County, Clark County is proud to be one of only seven counties in Washington that allows for citizen lawmaking through initiatives.

Estimated cost: With passage of this amendment, voters will know up front the cost of the initiative to taxpayers. All benefit from knowing the taxpayers’ cost of proposed laws. The county budget and auditor’s offices would determine if a proposed initiative would result in increased expenses and, if it would, estimate those expenses. The estimate would appear on both the petition that initiative sponsors ask voters to sign and if the petition is successful, on the ballot as well.

Reduced complexity: Initiative sponsors need to know the number of valid signatures they must secure in order to place an initiative on the ballot. However, the current process is found to be confusing because of a complex calculation; this amendment simplifies that calculation.

Is the initiative legal?: Currently the Prosecuting Attorney must provide a statement that the proposed initiative is within, or outside of, the scope of local initiative powers, or that the Prosecuting Attorney does not have an opinion on that issue. This amendment requires the Prosecuting Attorney’s statement to appear on both the petition and also on the ballot if the initiative is successful. Please vote “yes!” to help improve the initiative process and thereby keep it strong.

Statement for and rebuttal of statement against submitted by:

Ann Rivers, Chair
annrivers18@comcast.net

Karen Bowerman

Anne McEnery-Ogle

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

This amendment would make absolutely no changes in the ability of voters to enact county ordinances. This amendment would provide valuable information for voters to consider. It would not “concentrate power”, “restrict the initiative process”, “expand the list of topics not allowed”, or “make grassroots efforts more difficult”. In 2022 voters did not reject giving the Prosecuting Attorney authority to “inject” legal opinions into petitions and ballots. It would simply provide voters with valuable information.

Clark County

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The Clark County Council has reviewed the process for filing initiatives in the Clark County Home Rule Charter. This amendment would require the Budget Office to determine if the initiative would increase Clark County expenditures and if so, the Auditor's Office must provide a Financial Impact Statement. If a financial impact statement is prepared, that statement and the Prosecuting Attorney's opinion would appear on the petition and ballot. This amendment would calculate the number of signatures required for initiatives that only affect the unincorporated area using the same method as initiatives that affect the entire county.

STATEMENT AGAINST

The Washington Constitution firmly protects the right to petition, declaring it "shall never be abridged." Yet, this proposed charter amendment, the third change to initiatives since 2015, threatens this fundamental right by concentrating power in the hands of a few government officials at the expense of ordinary citizens. Championed by the County Auditor despite strong objections from engaged citizens, these amendments could severely restrict the initiative process.

Clark County already has more restrictions than other Charter Counties in Washington State. If these amendments pass, the Prosecuting Attorney would gain new authority to inject legal opinions into petitions and ballots—an idea voters rejected in 2022. Additionally, the County Auditor would acquire the power to estimate initiative costs, a role currently undertaken when a petition receives a County hearing. The Auditor could also create and approve petition formats that include elements not mandated by state law, such as signers' birthdates on petitions.

The initiative process is crucial for self-governance, especially when elected officials fail to address key issues. Expanding government review powers beyond what state and federal laws require would shift decision-making away from the public and concentrate it in the hands of a few. This is not about improving the system but about consolidating power and making grassroots efforts more difficult.

This amendment expands the list of potential topics not allowed as subjects of initiative. To safeguard the people's voice and preserve the integrity of the initiative process, voters should reject this amendment.

Statement against and rebuttal of statement for submitted by:

Rob Anderson, Chair
rob@reformclarkcounty.com

ReformClarkCounty.com

Stephen Willie

Margaret Tweet

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

The proposed amendment expands government officials' power to limit future petitions by expanding subject limitations and allowing them to hinder initiatives under the guise of legal opinions and financial estimates. With no appeal process for potentially debatable opinions and estimates, government officials would have an outsized influence on worthy citizen initiatives that could be suppressed. Reject these added restrictions and requirements that could undermine the right to petition. Learn more at www.reformclarkcounty.com

See pages 117-118 for complete text of resolution.

City of Vancouver

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8
Concerning Vancouver City Officer Vacancies

The City Council of Vancouver adopted Resolution M-4278 proposing an amendment to the City Charter concerning the criteria under which an office is deemed vacated. If approved, this amendment would modify and clarify the criteria that trigger a vacancy in an elected or appointed City office and would provide that an office is deemed vacant if the office holder is unable to discharge their duties with or without a reasonable accommodation, or if they are absent from the City for 60 consecutive days without permission from City Council.

Should this amendment be approved?

Yes

No

To vote, use your official ballot.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Section 2.06 of the City Charter currently provides criteria for determining whether an appointive or elected City officer position has been vacated. This amendment would eliminate references to criteria that are inconsistent with state or federal law and would otherwise clarify the circumstances under which a City officer holder's position is deemed vacant. This amendment would add language providing that an office is deemed vacant if the office holder is unable to discharge their duties, or if they are absent from the City for 60 consecutive days without permission from City Council.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT FOR

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

City of Vancouver

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 9

Concerning Methodology for Adjusting Vancouver Councilmember Salary

The City Council of Vancouver adopted Resolution M-4279 concerning how and when salary increases are calculated for City Councilmembers. If approved, this amendment would clarify language relating to the use of an external economic indicator (the Consumer Price Index) to calculate adjustments to City Councilmember salaries and would adjust by two months, the date by which a biennial salary schedule must be adopted by the City's Salary Review Commission.

Should this amendment be approved?

Yes

No

To vote, use your official ballot.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Section 2.18(d) of the City Charter currently contains ambiguous language regarding the use of the Consumer Price Index in determining when and how City Council salaries are adjusted within the two-year cycle for salary review and the City's budget cycle. This amendment would clarify language, adjust timelines, and provide a specific methodology to account for changes in the Consumer Price Index over two calendar years, in a manner that is consistent with the two-year Salary Review Commission and City Budget Cycles.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT FOR

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

See page 120 for complete text of resolution.

City of Vancouver

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10
Concerning the duties of Vancouver’s City Manager

The City Council of Vancouver adopted Resolution M-4280 proposing an amendment to the City Charter concerning the City Manager’s budgetary responsibilities. If approved, this amendment would clarify that the City Manager must prepare and submit to City Council a two-year budget as required by State law and City Charter and must submit a complete report dedicated to the City’s finances at the end of each fiscal year.

Should this amendment be approved?

Yes

No

To vote, use your official ballot.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Section 3.03 of the City Charter currently states the City Manager must prepare the City budget annually even though state law, the City Charter, and City Ordinance provide for a two year budget cycle. In addition, this section requires that the City Manager submit an annual report to City Council regarding the City’s finances and administrative activities. This amendment would require the City Manager to prepare and submit the City budget consistent with the City’s two-year budget cycle and a complete report of the City’s finances at the end of each fiscal year.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT FOR

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

City of Vancouver

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11

Concerning City of Vancouver Contracting Procedures

The City Council of Vancouver adopted Resolution M-4281 proposing an amendment to the City Charter concerning the procedure for approving certain contracts. If approved, this amendment would eliminate the procedural requirement that City contracts with a term of more than five years must be approved by adoption of a City Ordinance. Such contracts would be approved according to the requirements of state law, the City Charter, and the Vancouver Municipal Code.

Should this amendment be approved?

Yes

No

To vote, use your official ballot.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Section 11.05 of the City Charter currently provides that City contracts involving the payment of money with a term of more than five years must be approved by a City Ordinance regardless of the subject matter or dollar value of the contract. This amendment would eliminate the requirement that contracts with terms of more than five years be approved by City Ordinance. Such contracts would be approved according to the requirements of state law, the City Charter, and the Vancouver Municipal Code.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT FOR

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

See page 122 for complete text of resolution.

City of Vancouver

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12
Concerning Initiative and Referendum Petitions

The City Council of Vancouver adopted Resolution M-4282 proposing an amendment to the City Charter concerning the technical requirements for initiative and referendum petitions. If approved, this amendment would remove language referencing physical paper and indelible signatures that would prevent the acceptance of electronic signatures on petitions and would permit the City Council to authorize the acceptance of electronic signatures on petitions when, and to the extent, allowed by state law.

Should this amendment be approved?

Yes

No

To vote, use your official ballot.

STATEMENT FOR

The existing language of the Vancouver City Charter is outdated and limits the accessibility of civic engagement opportunities for our residents. Approving this amendment is crucial to removing barriers to participation in the petitioning process.

The current language’s specific references to physical paper and wet ink mean that participation in petition efforts must be done in-person, creating risks and challenges across diverse demographics including elderly, disabled, and immunocompromised residents. In times of public health crises, minimizing physical contact is essential. The amended language prepares the City for future-state alternatives that reduce the need for in-person interactions, helping to protect our most vulnerable populations.

In-person participation requirements also create barriers during severe weather events, such as winter storms and extreme heat, as well as during periods of poor air quality caused by wildfires. Approval of this amendment will allow the City to explore alternative methods for capturing voter support for petitions without relying solely on in-person signature gathering. Additionally, adopting alternative petitioning methods in the future could reduce the environmental impact of the process by cutting down on the printing, distribution, and storage of large quantities of paper.

As Vancouver's population continues to grow and technology evolves, we must be prepared to embrace modern advancements to ensure that all residents have the opportunity to engage in our democratic processes safely and effectively.

Statement for submitted by:

Terah Ebie, Chair
terahebie@gmail.com

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Sections 10.03 and 10.04 of the City Charter currently require that initiative and referendum petitions be circulated on physical paper and that all signatures be made with indelible ink or pencil. This amendment would remove the physical paper and indelible signature requirement and would permit the City Council to authorize the acceptance of electronic signatures on initiative and referendum petitions when, and to the extent, allowed by state law.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

City of Vancouver

Proposition No. 4

Police and Public Safety Services Levy Lid Lift

The Vancouver City Council adopted Resolution M-4288 concerning a levy lid lift to fund police and public safety. If approved, this proposition would fund police and public safety services, including staffing, equipment, technology, facilities, and criminal justice costs; increase Vancouver's regular property tax by approximately \$0.41/\$1,000 assessed valuation, for a maximum levy rate not to exceed \$2.63/\$1,000 for 2025; set the limit factor for Vancouver's total regular property tax levy for 2026-2030 to 100% plus annual increase of 5%; and authorize the 2030 levy amount as the basis to calculate subsequent levies (84.55 RCW).

Should this amendment be approved?

Yes

No

To vote, use your official ballot.

STATEMENT FOR

Reliable public safety is vital to a thriving community. This is why we ask you to vote yes on Proposition 4. Vancouver is at a pivotal point. Population growth to nearly 200,000 has strained policing resources. Adequate staffing and supportive assets are necessary to address our growing public safety needs. We must send a strong message of accountability for perpetrators of crime and demonstrate support for law enforcement with this measure. We should all feel safe in our homes, businesses, and public spaces. Inadequate staffing levels do not allow sufficient crime prevention or investigations to the degree expected by Vancouver's residents.

With passage of this proposition, improvements include: 80 additional full-time sworn officers; 36 additional full-time equivalent non-sworn police positions; efficiency enhancing technologies; and support for jail, corrections, and public defense resources. Proposition 4 includes facilities investment necessary to support increased staffing and equipment and vehicles consistent with current and future standards.

Targeted outcomes for Vancouver's residents include: reductions in violent and property crime; additional capacity for investigations; increased routine patrol and traffic enforcement; and stronger community conflict resolution. We can anticipate additions to our Neighborhood Police Officer Program and Homeless Assistance Resource Team. Deployment of innovative technologies will improve efficiency, officer safety, and response times.

We recognize the impact of this request on Vancouver's property owners, but urgency dictates that we must act boldly now to secure funding critical to Vancouver's public safety.

Statement for submitted by:

Bart Hansen, Chair
Bart@barthansen.com

Martha Baumgarten

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Washington law authorizes cities to seek voter approval to increase, or "lift", the regular property tax limit. If approved, this proposition would increase Vancouver's regular levy by approximately \$0.41/\$1,000 for a maximum rate of \$2.63/\$1,000 in 2025, increasing annually by up to 5% through 2030, and would fund increased levels of police and public safety services, to include additional officers, equipment, technology, facilities, and other criminal justice costs. The 2030 levy amount would be the basis to calculate subsequent levies. The estimated 2025 impact of this proposition for a home assessed at \$500,000 would be an additional \$205.

No statements were submitted for:

STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR

See pages 124-125 for complete text of resolution.

Clark County — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16

Ordinance No. 2024-06-07

AN ORDINANCE to submit to the voters of Clark County which would update the salary for the sheriff in the Charter.

WHEREAS, In November 2014, the voters of Clark County voted to adopt the home rule charter form of government; and

WHEREAS, In November 2020, pursuant to Article 9 of the Clark County Home Rule Charter, the voters of Clark County elected fifteen (15) commissioners to serve on the Charter Review Commission to review the Clark County Home Rule Charter and propose amendments; and

WHEREAS, In November 2021, the voters of Clark County voted to approve eight (8) out of ten (10) proposed amendments to the Clark County Home Rule Charter; and

WHEREAS, In November 2022, the voters of Clark County voted to approve four (4) out of six (6) proposed amendments to the Clark County Home Rule Charter; and

WHEREAS, Section 9.3 of the Clark County Home Rule Charter provides the general provisions on filing charter amendments by the charter review commission, council or public; and

WHEREAS, Section 9.6 of the Clark County Home Rule Charter provides specific details of charter amendments proposed by the Clark County Council; and

WHEREAS the Council is considering the matter at a duly-advertised public hearing and concludes that adoption will further the public health, safety and welfare; now, therefore

BE IT ORDERED, RESOLVED, AND DECREED BY THE CLARK COUNTY COUNCIL, STATE OF WASHINGTON, AS FOLLOWS.

Section 1. Amendatory. Charter Section 5.5 B.1, Elected official salaries and compensation, Executive Elected Officials, is hereby proposed to be amended as follows:

1. The salary of the sheriff is eight percent (8%) higher than the highest step of the Undersheriff salary range and shall be adjusted if the highest step of the Undersheriff salary range changes. The adjustment will be effective on the date of the change in the highest step of the Undersheriff salary range. one hundred six thousand two hundred twenty-four dollars (\$106,224) in 2014, and shall be adjusted based on percentage changes established by the Washington State Salary Commission for state legislators on the effective date determined by that commission for legislative salary adjustments.

Section 2. Effective Date. This Ordinance proposing an amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter shall be effective immediately upon adoption.

Section 3. Instructions to Staff. The Clerk to the Council shall:

- A. File a copy of this Ordinance with the Clark County Auditor for submittal to the voters at the next general election as a proposal to amend the Clark County Home Rule Charter.
- B. Transmit a copy to the Clark County Prosecutor and request preparation of an appropriate ballot title for the proposed amendment.
- C. If a majority of the voters vote in favor of the proposed amendment, provide a copy to Code Publishing for inclusion in the Charter.

Section 4. Roll Call Vote. The following persons voted in favor of the above ordinance: Glen Yung; Gary Medvigy; Karen Dill Bowerman; and Sue Marshall.

The following persons voted in opposition to the above ordinance:

ADOPTED at a regular meeting of the Clark County Council this 25th day of June, 2024.

Clark County — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17

Ordinance No. 2024-06-08

AN ORDINANCE proposing an amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter relating to the redistricting process for Clark County Councilor districts.

WHEREAS, the Clark County Home Rule Charter allows for a redistricting committee to be formed after every federal census to adjust the boundaries of the Clark County Council Districts; and

WHEREAS, the current Clark County Home Rule Charter redistricting process allows for the two major parties to submit names to for the Council to nominate members to the redistricting committee; and

WHEREAS, the Clark County Home Rule Charter similarly limits the redistricting committee to five (5) members; and

WHEREAS, the Clark County Council desires to put a proposed amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter that, if enacted by a majority of the voters, will require the County Council to select six (6) members to the redistricting committee without the two major parties submitting candidates for council selection; and

WHEREAS, the Council is considering the matter at a duly-advertised public hearing and concludes that adoption will further the public health, safety and welfare; now, therefore,

BE IT ORDERED, RESOLVED AND DECREED BY THE CLARK COUNTY COUNCIL, STATE OF WASHINGTON, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Ammendatory. Charter Sections 6.5, Redistricting Committee, and Charter Section 6.6 Redistricting Plan is hereby proposed to be amended as follows:

Article 6 – Elections and Districts

...

Section 6.5 Redistricting committee

Within sixty (60) days of receipt of federal decennial census data from the state redistricting commission or its successor, No later than September 30 of the year the decennial United States Federal Census is conducted the council shall establish a five (5) seven (7) member redistricting committee and appoint a redistricting master for that committee who is an employee in the Clark County Geographic Information Services department (or successor). The redistricting master shall be qualified by education, training, and experience to draw a redistricting plan. The council shall appoint four (4) six (6) persons to the committee, two (2) from each major political party from a list of five (5) submitted by the party's central committee. The four (4) six (6) members of the redistricting committee shall appoint a fifth seventh member who shall be chair. If a majority of the committee members cannot agree on a committee chair within thirty (30) calendar days after the appointment of the committee members the council, no later than sixty (60) calendar days after the appointment of the committee members, shall appoint a seventh person to serve as committee chair. Members of the redistricting committee shall serve without salary but shall be compensated for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The redistricting committee shall, within thirty (30) calendar days of its appointment, meet and appoint a redistricting master. The redistricting master shall be qualified by education, training and experience to draw a redistricting plan. If the redistricting committee cannot agree on the appointment of

a redistricting master within thirty (30) calendar days, the council shall appoint a districting master.

Section 6.6 Redistricting plan

Within two (2) months after appointment, the redistricting master shall draw a redistricting plan for the county that is consistent with the following and submit the plan to the committee for adoption:

- (1) Districts shall have a population as nearly equal as is practicable, excluding nonresident military personnel, based on the population reported in the federal decennial census as adjusted by RCW 44.05.140.
- (2) To the extent consistent with subsection (1) of this section the plan should, insofar as practical, accomplish the following:
 - a. District lines should be drawn so as to coincide with the boundaries of local political subdivisions and areas recognized as communities of interest;
 - b. Districts should be composed of convenient, contiguous, and compact territory. Land areas may be deemed contiguous if they share a common land border or are connected by a ferry, highway, bridge, or tunnel. Areas separated by geographical boundaries or artificial barriers that prevent transportation within a district should not be deemed contiguous;
 - c. Whenever practicable, a precinct shall be wholly within a single legislative district; and
 - d. Equalizing population within districts should be done with as few changes to existing boundaries as possible.
- (3) The committee shall exercise its powers to provide fair and effective representation and to encourage electoral competition. The committee's plan shall not be drawn purposely to favor or discriminate against any political party or group. The committee shall conduct a public hearing at least one week before proposed adoption. The redistricting committee shall adopt or amend the redistricting plan within thirty (30) days of submission to the committee. The redistricting plan shall be adopted as submitted by the redistricting master or as amended by two-thirds majority a vote of five (5) of the seven (7) members of the redistricting committee. Upon adoption, the plan shall be filed with the council by the redistricting committee. After submission of the plan, the council shall have thirty (30) calendar days to amend the committee's plan. If the council amends the committee's plan, the amendment must be approved by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of council members, and the area amended may not include more than two (2) percent of the population of any council district. No later than eight (8) six (6) months after receipt of the census data, the council shall adopt by ordinance a redistricting plan that is consistent with Section 6.6 (1), (2), (3). The adopted redistricting plan for the county must follow precinct boundaries established by the council prior to that year's candidate filing period.

Section 2. Effective Date. This ordinance shall be effective on the 10th day following adoption and shall result in the submission of the proposed amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter to the voters at the next eligible general election. Should a majority of voters vote in favor of the amendment, the amendment shall be incorporated immediately into the Clark County Home Rule Charter upon certification of the election results.

Clark County — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17

Ordinance No. 2024-06-08 (continued)

Section 3. Instructions to Clerk. The Clerk of the Council shall:

- A. Record and transmit a copy of this Ordinance with the Clark County Auditor; and
- B. Cause notice of adoption of this Ordinance to be published forthwith, pursuant to Clark County Code 1.02.140.
- C. Provide a copy of this Ordinance to Code Publishing.

Section 4. Roll Call Vote. The following persons voted in favor of the above ordinance: Glen Yung; Gary Medvigy; Karen Dill Bowerman; and Sue Marshall.

The following persons voted in opposition to the above ordinance:

ADOPTED on this 25th day of June, 2024.

Clark County — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18

Ordinance No. 2024-06-09

AN ORDINANCE proposing an amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter relating to the submission of initiative petitions by Clark County registered voters.

WHEREAS, the Clark County Home Rule Charter allows registered voters in Clark County to submit petitions for initiative to the Clark County Auditor; and

WHEREAS, the Clark County Home Rule Charter initiative process does not include a provision requiring information regarding the financial impact be included with the initiative; and

WHEREAS, the Clark County Home Rule Charter similarly limits legal review of initiative petitions to specific subject areas; and

WHEREAS, the Clark County Council desires to put a proposed amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter that, if enacted by a majority of the voters, will require the Clark County Budget Office to provide information about possible required expenditures of the initiative;

WHEREAS, the Clark County Council desires to put a proposed amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter that, if enacted by a majority of the voters, will require the initiative sponsor to include the Clark County Prosecutor's statements regarding the legality of the proposed amendment;

WHEREAS, the Clark County Council desires to put a proposed amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter that, if enacted by a majority of the voters, will revise the requirement that if the initiative only affects the unincorporated areas of the county, the number of signatures required to place the initiative on the ballot will be based on the number of votes cast in the prior gubernatorial election from the unincorporated area; and

WHEREAS, the Council is considering the matter at a duly-advertised public hearing and concludes that adoption will further the public health, safety and welfare; now, therefore,

BE IT ORDERED, RESOLVED AND DECREED BY THE CLARK COUNTY COUNCIL, STATE OF WASHINGTON, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Amendatory. Charter Section 7.2, Initiative, is hereby proposed to be amended as follows:

Article 7 – Initiative and Referendum

Section 7.2 Initiative

The people reserve the power of initiative. An ordinance or amendment to an ordinance, ~~except as limited by state or federal law or court interpretation,~~ may be proposed by filing an initiative petition with the auditor. The subject of initiatives are limited by state or federal law or court decisions. No ordinance enacted as a result of initiative shall be amended or repealed within two (2) years after enactment, except as a result of a subsequent initiative or referendum or as required by state or federal law.

A. Initiative Limitations. State or federal law or court decisions have placed limits on what may be proposed or adopted by initiative. The six (6) subjects described in this section are subjects that may not be proposed or adopted by initiative; however, this is not a complete list of the subjects that The following are limited by state or federal law or court decisions. The following are limited by state or federal law or court ~~interpretations~~ decisions and may not be proposed or adopted by initiative.

1. Ordinances providing for compensation or working conditions of county employees or elected officials.
2. Redistricting council districts.
3. Authorizing or repealing an appropriation of money or any portion of the annual budget.
4. Authorizing or repealing taxes or fees.
5. Authorizing or repealing any provision of a service or program provided by the county.
6. Amending or repealing this charter.

~~B. Initiative Requirements.~~

1. ~~Initiatives that require new or additional sources of revenue shall include a recommended revenue source adequate to finance the result of the initiative.~~

~~C. B. Initiative Procedures.~~

1. Any registered voter of Clark County may file an initiative proposal with the auditor, who shall transmit a copy to the prosecuting attorney, the Clark County Council Chair and the Clark County Budget Office. If the ordinance proposed by initiative would be effective exclusively in unincorporated Clark County, the registered voter must be a registered voter residing in unincorporated Clark County to file the initiative proposal with the auditor. Within ten (10) business days of the filing date, the prosecuting attorney shall formulate a true and impartial ballot title, posed as a positive question not exceeding fifty (50) words and the Clark County Budget Office shall determine if the petition would result in increased expenditures. If the Clark County Budget Office determines the petition would result in increased expenditures, within thirty (30) business days of the filing date, the Clark County Auditor's Office shall provide the petitioner with the following financial impact statement with the dollar amounts provided: "The Clark County Auditor's Office estimates the cost to implement this initiative would be \$ _____ and annual operating costs would be \$ _____." If the Clark County Auditor's Office provides this statement, it shall appear on the petition and on the ballot.
2. The prosecuting attorney shall transmit the initiative petition to the auditor, who shall give the proposed initiative a number that will be the identifying number. Within an additional five (5) business days, the auditor shall confer with the petitioner to review and establish the form and style of the initiative petition as required by the auditor or ordinance. Within an additional ten (10) days the prosecuting attorney shall evaluate the petition and provide the petitioner and auditor with the following statement: "In the opinion of the Clark County Prosecuting Attorney, the subject of this initiative is within the scope of local initiative powers. Yes [] No [] No opinion at this time []." The prosecuting attorney shall mark the box that reflects his or her opinion. The petitioner may shall include this statement on the petition and on the ballot.
3. The petitioner shall have one hundred twenty (120) days after the form and style of the initiative petition has been established and approved by the auditor and receipt of the Prosecuting Attorney's statement as required in 7.2 C(2), and if required, the Auditor's Office's financial impact statement

Clark County — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18

Ordinance No. 2024-06-09 (continued)

in 7.2 (B)(1) to collect signatures of registered county voters. Valid collected signatures shall number no less than:

- a. If the ordinance proposed by the initiative would be effective in both the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the County, valid signatures shall number no less than ten (10) percent of the number of votes cast in the last gubernatorial election; or
- b. If the ordinance proposed by the initiative would be effective exclusively in unincorporated areas of the County, valid signatures shall number no less than ten (10) percent of the votes cast in unincorporated Clark County at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, the registered voters signing the petition must be registered voters residing in unincorporated Clark County and, further provided that, the number of required signatures shall be calculated based only upon votes cast within areas which, on the date the initiative is initiated, are unincorporated areas of the County.

Each petition shall contain the warning clause prescribed by state law, full text of the proposed measure, ordinance or amendment to an ordinance, and ballot title.

4. The auditor shall verify the number of signatures on the petition, and, if a sufficient number of valid signatures has been submitted, place the proposal on the ballot for the next general election. If the Clark County Auditor’s Office provides a financial statement as described in Section 7.2(B) (1), it shall appear on the ballot.
 - a. Signatures on the petition must be submitted to the auditor no less than one hundred fifty (150) days before the date of the next general election.
 - b. If the council enacts the proposal without change or amendment not less than sixty (60) days prior to said election, the proposal shall be removed from the ballot.
 - c. If the council does not adopt the proposed measure but adopts a substitute measure not more than fifteen (15) days after petition validation, the substitute measure shall be placed on the same ballot with the initiative proposal.
 - d. If the ordinance proposed by the initiative is one that is effective exclusively in unincorporated areas of the county, only registered voters in unincorporated Clark County shall be permitted to vote on the initiative.
5. When a ballot contains an initiative petition, substitute measure or multiple initiative measures on the same topic, the voters shall be given the choice of rejecting or accepting each initiative.
 - a. If the voters accept more than one (1) initiative on the same topic, and the measures are incompatible, the initiative receiving the highest number of affirmative votes shall be approved.
 - b. If there are multiple measures on the same topic, compatible with one another, they may all be approved.
 - c. If the voters reject all initiatives, none shall be approved.
 - d. If the voters approve one (1) initiative and reject the others, the approved initiative shall be approved.

[Amended, Sec. 13, Res. 2021-7, Nov. 2021; Sec. 7.2, Ord. 2021-07-11, Nov. 2021; Sec. 7.2, Ord. 2021-07-12, Nov. 2021]

Section 2. Effective Date. This ordinance shall be effective on the 10th day following adoption and shall result in the submission of

the proposed amendment to the Clark County Home Rule Charter to the voters at the next eligible general election. Should a majority of voters vote in favor of the amendment, the amendment shall be incorporated immediately into the Clark County Home Rule Charter upon certification of the election results.

Section 3. Instructions to Clerk. The Clerk of the Council shall:

- A. Record and transmit a copy of this Ordinance with the Clark County Auditor; and
- B. Cause notice of adoption of this Ordinance to be published forthwith, pursuant to Clark County Code 1.02.140.
- C. Provide a copy of this Ordinance to Code Publishing.

Section 4. Roll Call Vote. The following persons voted in favor of the above ordinance: Glen Yung; Gary Medvigy; Karen Dill Bowerman; and Sue Marshall.

The following persons voted in opposition to the above ordinance:

ADOPTED on this 25th day of June, 2024.

City of Vancouver — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8

Resolution No. M-4278

A RESOLUTION to submit to the voters of the City of Vancouver a proposal to amend Article II, Section 2.06 of the City Charter removing obsolete and non-inclusive language and replacing it with language more aligned with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

WHEREAS, the Committee held seven meetings between October 2023 and April 2024, to review proposed amendments to the City Charter; and

WHEREAS, the Committee presented their recommendations to the City Council on May 20, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a duly noticed hearing on the 10th day of June, 2024 and considered the recommendations of the Committee and voted to submit the proposed amendment to the Charter below to the voters.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY OF VANCOUVER:

Section 1. That the following amendment to Article II, Section 2.06 of the City Charter, removing obsolete and non-inclusive language and replacing it with language more aligned with the Americans with Disabilities Act (“Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1”), be submitted to the voters of the City of Vancouver:

(Proposed language to be deleted is shown by strikethrough.
Added language is shown by underline.)

2.06 Vacancies Defined: *An office, either appointive or elective, becomes vacant upon failure to qualify within the time limited by law; upon the death or removal from office; ~~or~~ resignation of the incumbent; ~~or removal from~~ or absence from the city for sixty consecutive days without leave of the city council; ~~or upon an adjudication of insanity; by virtue of a mental health condition that renders the person substantially incapable of doing their duty; by a conviction of drunkenness or by any permanent disability, preventing the proper discharge of duty; upon the inability to properly discharge their duty with or without a reasonable accommodation; by ceasing to be a resident of the city; by conviction of an infamous crime, or any crime involving a violation of official oath; by refusal or neglect to take the oath of office, or to give or renew the official bond or deposit such oath or bond within the time prescribed by law; by a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction declaring void the election or appointment; or otherwise proscribed by state law. whenever a judgment is obtained against such officer for breach of condition of the official bond.~~*

2. The Clark County Auditor, as *ex officio* supervisor of elections in Clark County, is hereby requested to submit Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1 to the November 5, 2024 general election ballot.

3. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to take those actions necessary to submit Proposed Charter Amendments No. 1 before the voters at the November 5, 2024 election.

ADOPTED at regular session of the Council of the City of Vancouver, this 10th day of June, 2024.

City of Vancouver — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 9

Resolution No. M-4279

A RESOLUTION to submit to the voters of the City of Vancouver a proposal to amend Article II, Section 2.18d of the City Charter clarifying ambiguous language around the use of the external economic indicator for calculating salary increases and timing by which a biennial salary schedule ordinance be adopted.

WHEREAS, the Committee held seven meetings between October 2023 and April 2024, to review proposed amendments to the City Charter; and

WHEREAS, the Committee presented their recommendations to the City Council on May 20, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a duly noticed hearing on the 10th day of June, 2024 and considered the recommendations of the Committee and voted to submit the proposed amendment to the Charter below to the voters.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY OF VANCOUVER:

Section 1. That the following amendments to Article II, Section 2.18d of the City Charter, clarifying ambiguous language around the use of the external economic indicator for calculating salary increases and timing by which a biennial salary schedule ordinance be adopted (“Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2”), be submitted to the voters of the City of Vancouver:

(Proposed language to be deleted is shown by ~~strikethrough~~.
Added language is shown by underline.)

Section 2.18d Citizens’ Commission on Mayor/City Council

Salaries: *The commission may adopt a schedule of annual salary increases the same way the City adjusts fees and charges to reflect an increase up to the change in the Consumer Price Index equal to an average of the prior two complete calendar years (Two-Year Average Adjustment). ~~at the Consumer Price Index for Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the West region as established by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the prior two years. If the Bureau of Labor Statistics discontinues publishing such index, the most similar index as determined by the city chief financial officer shall be applied.~~ The commission may propose a schedule of salary increases of more than ~~CPI-W~~ the Two-Year Average Adjustment provided that such schedule shall be submitted to the voters for approval. In the event the voters reject such greater increase, the increase within the foregoing limits shall go into effect. The commission may decrease salaries, provided that such decreases shall not be effective until the commencement of a new term of office. The commission may also choose not to adopt any salary change. The commission shall file its schedule of salary adjustments, if any, for the positions of Mayor, Mayor Pro Tempore, and Councilmember with the City Clerk by ~~May~~ July 1 of the applicable year, so as to coincide with the City budget cycle.*

2. The Clark County Auditor, as *ex officio* supervisor of elections in Clark County, is hereby requested to submit Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2 to the November 5, 2024 general election ballot.

3. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to take those actions necessary to submit Proposed Charter Amendments No. 2 before the voters at the November 5, 2024 election.

ADOPTED at regular session of the Council of the City of Vancouver, this 10th day of June, 2024.

City of Vancouver — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10**Resolution No. M-4280**

A RESOLUTION to submit to the voters of the City of Vancouver a proposal to amend Article III, Section 3.03 of the City Charter removing language that does not reflect the two-year fiscal biennium budget cycle mandated by RCW 35.34.040 and as presently provided for by city ordinance.

WHEREAS, the Committee held seven meetings between October 2023 and April 2024, to review proposed amendments to the City Charter; and

WHEREAS, the Committee presented their recommendations to the City Council on May 20, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a duly noticed hearing on the 10th day of June, 2024 and considered the recommendations of the Committee and voted to submit the proposed amendment to the Charter below to the voters.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY OF VANCOUVER:

Section 1. That the following amendments to Article III, Section 3.03 of the City Charter, removing language that does not reflect the two-year fiscal biennium budget cycle mandated by RCW 35.34.040 and as presently provided for by city ordinance, (“Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3”), be submitted to the voters of the City of Vancouver:

(Proposed language to be deleted is shown by ~~strikethrough~~. Added language is shown by underline.)

3.03 Powers and Duties: *The city manager shall be head of the administrative branch of the city government and shall be responsible to the city council for the proper administration of all affairs of the city and to that end, subject to the personnel provisions of this charter, shall have the power and shall be required to: (1) appoint or remove the city attorney, subject to the approval of the city council; (2) appoint and, when necessary for the good of the service, remove all officers and employees of the city except as otherwise provided by this charter, or by state laws and except as the manager may authorize the head of a department or office to appoint and remove subordinates in such department or office; (3) prepare the budget ~~annually~~ in accordance with Article IV of the Charter, and submit it to the city council and be responsible for its administration upon adoption; (4) prepare and submit to the city council as of the end of the fiscal year a complete report on the finances ~~and administrative activities~~ of the city for the preceding year; (5) ~~keep~~ advise the city council on the financial condition and future needs of the city and make such recommendations as may to the manager seem desirable; (6) perform such other duties as may be prescribed by this charter or required by the city council, not inconsistent with this charter.*

2. The Clark County Auditor, as *ex officio* supervisor of elections in Clark County, is hereby requested to submit Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3 to the November 5, 2024 general election ballot.

3. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to take those actions necessary to submit Proposed Charter Amendments No. 3 before the voters at the November 5, 2024 election.

ADOPTED at regular session of the Council of the City of Vancouver, this 10th day of June, 2024.

City of Vancouver — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11

Resolution No. M-4281

A RESOLUTION to submit to the voters of the City of Vancouver a proposal to delete Article XI, Section 11.05 of the City Charter, eliminating an administrative burden that is no longer necessary.

WHEREAS, the Committee held seven meetings between October 2023 and April 2024, to review proposed amendments to the City Charter; and

WHEREAS, the Committee presented their recommendations to the City Council on May 20, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a duly noticed hearing on the 10th day of June, 2024 and considered the recommendations of the Committee and voted to submit the proposed amendment to the Charter below to the voters.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY OF VANCOUVER:

Section 1. That the following amendment to Article XI, Section 11.05 of the City Charter, removing this section to eliminate an administrative burden that is no longer necessary, (“Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5”), be submitted to the voters of the City of Vancouver:

(Proposed language to be deleted is shown by ~~strikethrough~~.
Added language is shown by underline.)

~~**Section 11.05 Contracts Beyond One Year:** No contract involving the payment of money shall be made for a period of more than five years unless approved by ordinance.
(Amended by the vote of the people on November 5, 2019.)~~

2. The Clark County Auditor, as *ex officio* supervisor of elections in Clark County, is hereby requested to submit Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5 to the November 5, 2024 general election ballot.

3. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to take those actions necessary to submit Proposed Charter Amendments No. 5 before the voters at the November 5, 2024 election.

ADOPTED at regular session of the Council of the City of Vancouver, this 10th day of June, 2024.

City of Vancouver — Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12

Resolution No. M-4282

A RESOLUTION to submit to the voters of the City of Vancouver a proposal to amend Article X, Sections 10.03 and 10.04 of the City Charter removing language referencing physical paper and indelible signatures that would prevent the acceptance of electronic signature on petitions.

WHEREAS, the Committee held seven meetings between October 2023 and April 2024, to review proposed amendments to the City Charter; and

WHEREAS, the Committee presented their recommendations to the City Council on May 20, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a duly noticed hearing on the 17th day of June, 2024 and considered the recommendations of the Committee and voted to submit the proposed amendment to the Charter below to the voters.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY OF VANCOUVER:

Section 1. That the following amendments to Article X, Sections 10.03 and 10.04 of the City Charter, removing language referencing physical paper and indelible signatures that would prevent the acceptance of electronic signature on petitions, (“Proposed Charter Amendments No. 4”), be submitted to the voters of the City of Vancouver:

(Proposed language to be deleted is shown by ~~strikethrough~~. Added language is shown by underline.)

Section 10.03 Petitions and Committees:

(1) All petitions ~~papers~~ circulated for the purposes of an initiative or referendum shall be uniform ~~in size and style~~. Initiative petitions ~~papers~~ shall contain the full text of the proposed ordinance and all other information and warnings required by law. Petitions shall be in a form prescribed by the City Clerk, and may be approved in advance as to form by the City Attorney. Before gathering signatures, any proposed initiated ordinance must be filed with the City Clerk. Within twenty working days after filing, the City Attorney shall evaluate the initiative proposal and express ~~his/her~~ their opinion as to whether or not the initiative proposal is within the scope of a legally permissible local initiative. The signatures to initiative or referendum petitions shall be from registered voters of the City of Vancouver and subject to acceptance by the officer responsible for verification of the sufficiency of signatures under state law. ~~need not all be appended to one paper, but to each separate petition there shall be attached a statement of the circulator thereof as provided by this section. Each signer of any such petition paper shall sign in ink or indelible pencil and shall indicate after such signer's name, the signer's place of residence by street and number, or other description sufficient to identify the place. On each petition shall appear the names and addresses of the same five registered voters of the city, who, as a committee of the petitioners, shall be regarded as responsible for the circulation and filing of the petition. Printed on each separate petition paper there shall be an affidavit of the circulator thereof, affirmed under penalty of perjury, that said circulator personally circulated the foregoing paper, that it bears a stated number of signatures, that all the signatures appended thereto were made in the circulator's presence, and that the circulator believes them to be the genuine signatures of the persons whose names they purport to be.~~

(2) Acceptance of electronic signatures authorized but not required: nothing in this Charter shall preclude the City Council from authorizing, by resolution, the acceptance of electronic signatures when, and to the extent, allowed by state law.

Section 10.04 Filing and Certifying:

All petition ~~papers~~ sections comprising an initiative or referendum petition shall be assembled and filed with the ~~City Clerk~~ as one instrument. Petitions ~~pages~~ must be filed no later than February 1 of the same year as the Municipal General Election is held. Within ten days after a petition is filed, the ~~City Clerk~~ shall determine whether each ~~paper~~ section of the petition has a proper statement of the circulator and shall convey the valid signed petition ~~pages~~ sections to the officer responsible for the verification of the sufficiency of the signatures to the petition under state law for such verification. The ~~City Clerk~~ shall declare any petition ~~paper~~ section entirely invalid and not submit said petition ~~page~~ section for verification, which does not ~~have printed thereon~~ include an affidavit affirmed under penalty of perjury signed by the circulator thereof. If a petition ~~paper~~ section is found to be signed by more persons than the number of signatures certified by the circulator, the last signatures in excess of the number certified shall be disregarded, and the City Clerk shall strike out the excess signatures. If a petition ~~paper~~ section is found to be signed by fewer persons than the number certified, the signatures shall be accepted unless void on other grounds. After completing examination of the petition, and after receiving verification of the sufficiency of such petition signatures from the officer responsible for verification of the sufficiency of signatures under state law, the ~~City Clerk~~ shall certify the result thereof to the city council at its next regular meeting. If the ~~Clerk~~ certifies that the petition is invalid or has insufficient signatures, the ~~Clerk~~ shall set forth in a certificate the particulars in which it is defective and shall at once notify the committee of the petitioners of such findings.

2. The Clark County Auditor, as *ex officio* supervisor of elections in Clark County, is hereby requested to submit Proposed Charter Amendments No. 4 to the November 5, 2024 general election ballot.

3. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to take those actions necessary to submit Proposed Charter Amendments No. 4 before the voters at the November 5, 2024 election.

ADOPTED at regular session of the Council of the City of Vancouver, this 17th day of June, 2024.

City of Vancouver — Proposition No. 4

Resolution No. M-4288

A RESOLUTION of the City Council of the City of Vancouver, Washington, providing for the submission to the qualified electors of the City of Vancouver at the November 5, 2024, General Election of a proposition authorizing the City to increase its regular property tax levy above the limit established in chapter 84.55 RCW to fund police and public safety services, staffing, facilities and equipment; requesting the Clark County Auditor to place the proposition on the November 5, 2024, ballot; and approving matters properly related thereto.

WHEREAS, community growth and the associated 35% increase in call volume for police services from 2017-2023 has resulted in a decline in police response times; and

WHEREAS, a growth in demand for police services has strained investigative capacity of detectives such that nearly 3,100 cases go uninvestigated each year; and

WHEREAS, there is an insufficient effective police force to meet demands of the community; and

WHEREAS, building capacity to meet the demand for services can be accomplished through investments in sworn staff, non-sworn staff, co- and complimentary-response teams and programs, and technology; and

WHEREAS, in addition to the operational gaps, the new staff will require equipment, technology and new precinct space; and

WHEREAS, during 2023, Vancouver Police Department staff identified the necessary additional operating resources needed to increase the ability of the department to more effectively respond to the public safety needs of the community, and to build capacity to proactively engage the community in pre-emptive strategies to prevent threats to community safety, and worked with other City departments to estimate the cost of these additional resources; and

WHEREAS, the city manager convened a community advisory committee on policing to review and advise on identified needs and recommendations from the police department and to formulate a recommendation on potential investments in police and related capacities; and

WHEREAS, operating demands citywide necessitate an additional sworn staff of approximately eighty (80) commissioned/sworn full-time employees (FTEs) in a range of ranks and assignments, and approximately thirty-six (36) non-sworn/non-commissioned FTE positions, related support costs, equipment and related facilities; and

WHEREAS, additional staffing will likely result in additional costs to the criminal justice system and will be eligible for this funding; and

WHEREAS, there are complimentary response services, such as the City's homelessness assistance response team and mental health and substance use disorder response teams, that, if deployed alongside police, may enhance the effectiveness and capacity of an expansion of authorized sworn officer ranks, and contribute to overall community safety and wellbeing; and

WHEREAS, during the workshop on July 1, 2024, Vancouver City Council reviewed the operating improvements necessary to increase call response time; and

WHEREAS, during the July 1 and July 8, 2024 workshops,

Vancouver City Council considered the recommendation by the Public Safety Advisory Committee to increase the City's regular property tax levy to fund the operating expenses needed to improve public safety in Vancouver as the first step in a three-step funding approach for the increased police staffing; and

WHEREAS, additional voted revenue increases will be necessary to fully fund the proposed increase in police and public safety service costs, including a voted excess levy to fund the capital costs and a voted sales tax levy will be necessary to fund the proposed investments beyond 2030; and

WHEREAS, Washington State law limits the annual increase of a city's regular property tax levy amount to 1% plus an allowance for new construction unless the voters of a city approve the collection of regular property taxes in a greater amount; and

WHEREAS, the City's 2024 regular property tax levy is approximately \$2.36 per \$1,000 of assessed value, which includes a \$0.2738 per \$1,000 of assessed value affordable housing levy. The City's total levy is approximately \$0.96 per \$1,000 of assessed value less than what is statutorily authorized; and

WHEREAS, RCW 84.55.050 provides for the levy of regular property taxes in an amount exceeding the limitation specified in chapter 84.55 RCW if such increased levy is authorized by a ballot proposition approved by a majority of the voters at an election held with the taxing district (a "levy lid lift"); and

WHEREAS, the City Council deems it necessary to submit to the voters of the City a permanent levy lid lift proposition of whether or not the City shall levy regular property taxes for collection in 2025 in excess of the limit factor provided for in RCW 84.55.050(1); and

WHEREAS, the City Council anticipates future levies to further fund and sustain the investments contemplated herein; and

WHEREAS, on July 15, 2024, the City Council deliberated on the desired size of the levy increase and selected \$0.41/\$1,000 of assessed value as the levy rate increase to put before the voters during the general election to be held on November 5, 2024;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF VANCOUVER:

Section 1. Findings. The Council hereby adopts and incorporates by reference the above recitals as findings. The Council further finds that the best interests of the residents of the City require the City to fund police services, staffing, equipment, and facilities, including but not limited to the following (together referred to herein as "Police and Public Safety Services"):

- Add up to eighty (80) FTEs sworn officers in a range of ranks and assignments;
- Add up to thirty-six (36) FTEs non-sworn police positions;
- Fund equipment, technology, and vehicles consistent with both current and future standards;
- Fund a traffic enforcement camera program;
- Expand Homeless Assistance & Resources Team (HART) response;
- Fund additional operating, related services, to include the impact of the additional staffing on jail, corrections, public defense and other criminal justice related services,

City of Vancouver — Proposition No. 4
Resolution No. M-4288

maintenance and facility expenses to provide police services, as determined by the City Council; and

- Fund necessary administrative and staffing costs in other City of Vancouver departments to support investments outlined above.

The programmatic expenses above are to be limited by sustainable new revenue and appropriated through the City’s regular budgetary process.

The City Council shall determine the timing, order and manner of funding Police and Public Safety Services and the use of levy lid lift proceeds, including those investments described above, as part of the budgeting process. The cost of all compensation, benefits, training, support services, equipment, technology, vehicles, infrastructure, facilities, real property, and administrative expenses and other costs incurred in connection with the Police and Public Safety Services shall be deemed a part of the costs of such Police and Public Safety Services. The City Council may alter, make substitutions to and amend such components as it determines are in the best interests of the City and consistent with the police service purposes described herein.

Section 2. Calling of Election Regarding the Levy of Additional Property Taxes. There shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the City of Vancouver, Washington a proposition whether the City shall levy regular property taxes above the levy limitations established in RCW 84.55.050 and RCW 84.55.010 for their ratification or rejection at a special election to be held on November 5, 2024. The Clark County Auditor, as ex officio supervisor of elections in Clark County, is hereby requested to call and conduct the election referenced on such day and to submit to the qualified electors of the City for their approval or rejection a proposition to (a) increase the City’s regular property tax levy by approximately \$0.41 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation in addition to the regular annual levy inflationary increase, to a total maximum regular property tax rate not to exceed \$2.63 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for collection in 2025, as allowed by chapter 84.55 RCW, and (b) for the five calendar years following 2025 (2026-2030), increase the City’s total regular property tax levy amount by a limit factor of 5%. The 2030 levy amount will be used as the basis to calculate subsequent levy limits beginning in 2031.

Upon approval of the voters of the proposition set forth herein, the City may use proceeds of such levy to pay the costs of Police and Public Safety Services as set forth in Section 1 of this resolution.

Section 3. Ballot Proposition. The City Clerk is hereby authorized and directed as required by law, to certify a proposition to the Clark County Auditor, as ex officio supervisor of elections in Clark County, Washington, in substantially the following form:

PROPOSITION NO. 4
CITY OF VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON
POLICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY SERVICES
LEVY LID LIFT

The Vancouver City Council adopted Resolution M-4288 concerning a levy lid lift to fund police and public safety. If approved, this proposition would fund police and public safety

services, including staffing, equipment, technology, facilities, and criminal justice costs; increase Vancouver’s regular property tax by approximately \$0.41/\$1,000 assessed valuation, for a maximum levy rate not to exceed \$2.63/\$1,000 for 2025; set the limit factor for Vancouver’s total regular property tax levy for 2026-2030 to 100% plus annual increase of 5%; and authorize the 2030 levy amount as the basis to calculate subsequent levies (84.55 RCW).

Should this proposition be approved?

YES

NO

For purposes of receiving notice of the language of the ballot proposition required by RCW 29A.36.080, the City Council hereby designates: (a) the City Clerk (Natasha Ramras), telephone (360) 487-8484; email: natasha.ramras@cityofvancouver.us; and (b) the City Attorney (Jonathan Young); telephone: (360) 487-8500; email: jonathan.young@cityofvancouver.us, as the individuals to whom such notice from the Auditor should be provided. The City Attorney and the City Clerk are each authorized individually to approve changes to the wording of such proposition as may be recommended by the Clark County Auditor and the Clark County Prosecuting Attorney, as long as the intent of the proposition remains clear and consistent with the intent of this resolution.

Section 4. Voters Pamphlet. To the extent that a local voters’ pamphlet and/or online voters’ guide (“Voters’ Pamphlet”) will be produced for the November 5, 2024 election, the Voters’ Pamphlet shall include an explanatory statement to be prepared according to state and local requirements, and arguments advocating approval and disapproval of the ballot measure, if any. Pursuant to RCW 29A.32.280, the arguments advocating approval and rejection of the ballot measure shall be prepared by committees appointed by the City Council. Each committee shall be composed of not more than three persons; however, a committee may seek the advice of any person or persons. The committee advocating approval shall be composed of persons known to favor the ballot measure, and the committee advocating rejection shall be composed of persons known to oppose the ballot measure. Should the City Council not appoint the persons to each Committee by the time required by law, the Clark County Auditor shall appoint said committees.

Section 5. Severability. If any provisions of this resolution shall be declared by any court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to law, then such provision shall be null and void and shall be deemed severable from the remaining provisions of this resolution and shall in no way affect the validity of the other provisions of this resolution or of the levy or collection of the taxes authorized by this proposition.

Section 6. Effective Date. This resolution shall take effect and be in full force immediately upon adoption by the City Council.

ADOPTED at a Regular Meeting of the Vancouver City Council this 15th day of July, 2024.



How do I read measure text?

Language in double parentheses with a line through it is existing state law; it will be taken out of the law if this measure is approved by voters.

~~(sample of text to be deleted)~~

Underlined language does not appear in current state law but will be added to the law if this measure is approved by voters.

sample of text to be added

Complete Text

Initiative Measure No. 2066

AN ACT Relating to promoting energy choice by protecting access to gas for Washington homes and businesses; amending RCW 80.28.110, 35.92.050, 80.28.425, 80.---,---, 19.27A.020, 19.27A.025, and 19.27A.045; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70A.15 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 80.---,---, 80.---,---, and 80.---,---; and repealing 2024 c 351 ss 1 and 21 (uncodified).

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The people find that having access to natural gas enhances the safety, welfare, and standard of living of all people in Washington. The people further find that preserving Washington's gas infrastructure and systems will promote energy choice, security, independence, and resilience throughout the state. Natural gas is a convenient and important necessity because it: Serves as a backup source of energy during emergencies; provides consumers with more options for heating, sanitation, cooking and food preparation, and other household activities, helping to control their costs; and sustains essential businesses, such as restaurants.

(2) Unfortunately, due to recent policy and corporate decisions, the people's ability to make choices about their energy sources is at risk. Therefore, the people determine that access to gas and gas appliances must be preserved for Washington homes and businesses, by strengthening utilities' obligation to provide natural gas to customers who want it, and by preventing regulatory actions that will limit access to gas.

Sec. 2. RCW 80.28.110 and 2024 c 348 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every gas company, electrical company, wastewater company, or water company, engaged in the sale and distribution of gas, electricity, or water, or the provision of wastewater company services, shall, upon reasonable notice, furnish to all persons and corporations who may apply therefor and be reasonably entitled thereto, suitable facilities for furnishing and furnish all available gas, electricity, wastewater company services, and water as demanded, except that: ~~((1))~~ (a) A water company may not furnish water contrary to the provisions of water system plans approved

under chapter 43.20 or 70A.100 RCW; ~~((2))~~ (b) wastewater companies may not provide services contrary to the approved general sewer plan; and ~~((3))~~ (c) exclusively upon petition of a gas company, and subject to the commission's approval, a gas company's obligation to serve gas to customers that have access to the gas company's thermal energy network may be met by providing thermal energy through a thermal energy network.

(2) Every gas company or large combination utility shall provide natural gas to all persons and corporations in their service area or territory that demand, apply for, and are reasonably entitled to receive, natural gas under this section, even if other energy services or energy sources may be available.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.92.050 and 2022 c 292 s 405 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A city or town may also construct, condemn and purchase, purchase, acquire, add to, alter, maintain, and operate works, plants, facilities for the purpose of furnishing the city or town and its inhabitants, and any other persons, with gas, electricity, green electrolytic hydrogen as defined in RCW 54.04.190, renewable hydrogen as defined in RCW 54.04.190, and other means of power and facilities for lighting, including streetlights as an integral utility service incorporated within general rates, heating, fuel, and power purposes, public and private, with full authority to regulate and control the use, distribution, and price thereof, together with the right to handle and sell or lease, any meters, lamps, motors, transformers, and equipment or accessories of any kind, necessary and convenient for the use, distribution, and sale thereof; authorize the construction of such plant or plants by others for the same purpose, and purchase gas, electricity, or power from either within or without the city or town for its own use and for the purpose of selling to its inhabitants and to other persons doing business within the city or town and regulate and control the use and price thereof.

(2) A city or town that furnishes natural gas shall provide natural gas to those inhabitants that demand, apply for, and are reasonably entitled to receive, natural gas under this section, even if other energy services or energy sources may be available.

Sec. 4. RCW 80.28.425 and 2024 c 351 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Beginning January 1, 2022, every general rate case filing of a gas or electrical company must include a proposal for a multiyear rate plan as provided in this chapter. The commission may, by order after an adjudicative proceeding as provided by chapter 34.05 RCW, approve, approve with conditions, or reject, a multiyear rate plan proposal made by a gas or electrical company or an alternative proposal made by one or more parties, or any combination thereof. The commission's consideration of a proposal for a multiyear rate plan is subject to the same standards applicable to other rate filings made under this title, including the public interest and fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient rates. In determining the public interest, the commission may consider such factors including, but not limited to, environmental health and greenhouse gas emissions reductions, health and safety concerns, economic development, and equity, to the extent

such factors affect the rates, services, and practices of a gas or electrical company regulated by the commission.

(2) The commission may approve, disapprove, or approve with modifications any proposal to recover from ratepayers up to five percent of the total revenue requirement approved by the commission for each year of a multiyear rate plan for tariffs that reduce the energy burden of low-income residential customers including, but not limited to: (a) Bill assistance programs; or (b) one or more special rates. For any multiyear rate plan approved under this section resulting in a rate increase, the commission must approve an increase in the amount of low-income bill assistance to take effect in each year of the rate plan where there is a rate increase. At a minimum, the amount of such low-income assistance increase must be equal to double the percentage increase, if any, in the residential base rates approved for each year of the rate plan. The commission may approve a larger increase to low-income bill assistance based on an appropriate record.

(3) (a) If it approves a multiyear rate plan, the commission shall separately approve rates for each of the initial rate year, the second rate year and, if applicable, the third rate year, and the fourth rate year.

(b) The commission shall ascertain and determine the fair value for rate-making purposes of the property of any gas or electrical company that is or will be used and useful under RCW 80.04.250 for service in this state by or during each rate year of the multiyear rate plan. For the initial rate year, the commission shall, at a minimum, ascertain and determine the fair value for rate-making purposes of the property of any gas or electrical company that is used and useful for service in this state as of the rate effective date. The commission may order refunds to customers if property expected to be used and useful by the rate effective date when the commission approves a multiyear rate plan is in fact not used and useful by such a date.

(c) The commission shall ascertain and determine the revenues and operating expenses for rate-making purposes of any gas or electrical company for each rate year of the multiyear rate plan.

(d) In ascertaining and determining the fair value of property of a gas or electrical company pursuant to (b) of this subsection and projecting the revenues and operating expenses of a gas or electrical company pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the commission may use any standard, formula, method, or theory of valuation reasonably calculated to arrive at fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient rates.

(e) If the commission approves a multiyear rate plan with a duration of three or four years, then the electrical company must update its power costs as of the rate effective date of the third rate year. The proceeding to update the electrical company's power costs is subject to the same standards that apply to other rate filings made under this title.

(4) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, the commission may by order establish terms, conditions, and procedures for a multiyear rate plan and ensure that rates remain fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient during the course of the plan.

(5) Notwithstanding subsection (4) of this section, a gas or electrical company is bound by the terms of the multiyear rate plan approved by the commission for each of the

initial rate year and the second rate year. A gas or electrical company may file a new multiyear rate plan in accordance with this section for the third rate year and fourth rate year, if any, of a multiyear rate plan.

(6) If the annual commission basis report for a gas or electrical company demonstrates that the reported rate of return on rate base of the company for the 12-month period ending as of the end of the period for which the annual commission basis report is filed is more than .5 percent higher than the rate of return authorized by the commission in the multiyear rate plan for such a company, the company shall defer all revenues that are in excess of .5 percent higher than the rate of return authorized by the commission for refunds to customers or another determination by the commission in a subsequent adjudicative proceeding. If a multistate electrical company with fewer than 250,000 customers in Washington files a multiyear rate plan that provides for no increases in base rates in consecutive years beyond the initial rate year, the commission shall waive the requirements of this subsection provided that such a waiver results in just and reasonable rates.

(7) The commission must, in approving a multiyear rate plan, determine a set of performance measures that will be used to assess a gas or electrical company operating under a multiyear rate plan. These performance measures may be based on proposals made by the gas or electrical company in its initial application, by any other party to the proceeding in its response to the company's filing, or in the testimony and evidence admitted in the proceeding. In developing performance measures, incentives, and penalty mechanisms, the commission may consider factors including, but not limited to, lowest reasonable cost planning, affordability, increases in energy burden, cost of service, customer satisfaction and engagement, service reliability, clean energy or renewable procurement, conservation acquisition, demand side management expansion, rate stability, timely execution of competitive procurement practices, attainment of state energy and emissions reduction policies, rapid integration of renewable energy resources, and fair compensation of utility employees.

(8) Nothing in this section precludes any gas or electrical company from making filings required or permitted by the commission.

(9) The commission shall align, to the extent practical, the timing of approval of a multiyear rate plan of an electrical company submitted pursuant to this section with the clean energy implementation plan of the electrical company filed pursuant to RCW 19.405.060.

(10) The provisions of this section may not be construed to limit the existing rate-making authority of the commission.

(11) The commission may require a large combination utility as defined in RCW 80.--.-- (section 2, chapter 351, Laws of 2024) to incorporate the requirements of this section into an integrated system plan established under RCW 80.--.-- (section 3, chapter 351, Laws of 2024).

(12) The commission shall not approve, or approve with conditions, a multiyear rate plan that requires or incentivizes a gas company or large combination utility to terminate natural gas service to customers.

(13) The commission shall not approve, or approve with conditions, a multiyear rate plan that authorizes a

gas company or large combination utility to require a customer to involuntarily switch fuel use either by restricting access to natural gas service or by implementing planning requirements that would make access to natural gas service cost-prohibitive.

Sec. 5. RCW 80.--.-- and 2024 c 351 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that large combination utilities are subject to a range of reporting and planning requirements as part of the clean energy transition. The legislature further finds that current natural gas integrated resource plans under development might not yield optimal results for timely and cost-effective decarbonization. To reduce regulatory barriers, achieve equitable and transparent outcomes, and integrate planning requirements, the commission may consolidate a large combination utility's planning requirements for both gas and electric operations, including consolidation into a single integrated system plan that is approved by the commission.

(2) (a) By July 1, 2025, the commission shall complete a rule-making proceeding to implement consolidated planning requirements for gas and electric services for large combination utilities that may include plans required under: (i) RCW 19.280.030; (ii) RCW 19.285.040; (iii) RCW 19.405.060; (iv) RCW 80.28.380; (v) RCW 80.28.365; (vi) RCW 80.28.425; and (vii) RCW 80.28.130. The commission may extend the rule-making proceeding for 90 days for good cause shown. The large combination utilities' filing deadline required in subsection (4) of this section will be extended commensurate to the rule-making extension period set by the commission. Subsequent planning requirements for future integrated system plans must be fulfilled on a timeline set by the commission. Large combination utilities that file integrated system plans are no longer required to file separate plans that are required in an integrated system plan. The statutorily required contents of any plan consolidated into an integrated system plan must be met by the integrated system plan.

(b) In its order adopting rules or issuing a policy statement approving the consolidation of planning requirements, the commission shall include a compliance checklist and any additional guidance that is necessary to assist the large combination utility in meeting the minimum requirements of all relevant statutes and rules.

(3) Upon request by a large combination utility, the commission may issue an order extending the filing and reporting requirements of a large combination utility under RCW 19.405.060 and 19.280.030, and requiring the large combination utility to file an integrated system plan pursuant to subsection (4) of this section if the commission finds that the large combination utility has made public a work plan that demonstrates reasonable progress toward meeting the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) and achieving equity goals. The commission's approval of an extension of filing and reporting requirements does not relieve the large combination utility from the obligation to demonstrate progress towards meeting the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) and the interim targets approved in its most recent clean energy implementation plan. Commission approval of an extension under this section fulfills the large combination ~~((utilities)) utility's~~ statutory filing deadlines under RCW 19.405.060(1).

(4) By January 1, 2027, and on a timeline set by the commission thereafter, large combination utilities shall file an integrated system plan demonstrating how the large combination utilities' plans are consistent with the requirements of this chapter and any rules and guidance adopted by the commission, and which:

(a) Achieve the obligations of all plans consolidated into the integrated system plan;

(b) Provide a range of forecasts, for at least the next 20 years, of projected customer demand that takes into account econometric data and addresses changes in the number, type, and efficiency of customer usage;

(c) Include scenarios that achieve emissions reductions for both gas and electric operations equal to at least their proportional share of emissions reductions required under RCW 70A.45.020;

(d) Include scenarios with emissions reduction targets for both gas and electric operations for each emissions reduction period that account for the interactions between gas and electric systems;

(e) Achieve two percent of electric load annually with conservation and energy efficiency resources, unless the commission finds that a higher target is cost-effective. However, the commission may accept a lower level of achievement if it determines that the requirement in this subsection (4) (e) is neither technically nor commercially feasible during the applicable emissions reduction period;

(f) Assess commercially available conservation and efficiency resources, including demand response and load management, to achieve the conservation and energy efficiency requirements in (e) of this subsection, and as informed by the assessment for conservation potential under RCW 19.285.040 for the planning horizon consistent with (b) of this subsection. Such an assessment may include, as appropriate, opportunities for development of combined heat and power as an energy and capacity resource, demand response and load management programs, and currently employed and new policies and programs needed to obtain the conservation and efficiency resources. The value of recoverable waste heat resulting from combined heat and power must be reflected in analyses of cost-effectiveness under this subsection;

(g) Achieve annual demand response and demand flexibility equal to or greater than 10 percent of winter and summer peak electric demand, unless the commission finds that a higher target is cost-effective. However, the commission may accept a lower level of achievement if it determines that the requirement in this subsection (4) (g) is neither technically nor commercially feasible during the applicable emissions reduction period;

~~(h) ((Achieve all cost-effective electrification of end-uses currently served by natural gas identified through an assessment of alternatives to known and planned gas infrastructure projects, including nonpipeline alternatives, rebates and incentives, and geographically targeted electrification;~~

~~(i))~~ Include low-income electrification programs that must:
(i) Include rebates and incentives to low-income customers and customers experiencing high energy burden for the deployment of high-efficiency electric-only heat pumps in homes and buildings currently heating with wood, oil,

propane, electric resistance, or gas;

(ii) Provide demonstrated material benefits to low-income participants including, but not limited to, decreased energy burden, the addition of air conditioning, and backup heat sources using natural gas or energy storage systems, if necessary to protect health and safety in areas with frequent outages, or improved indoor air quality;

(iii) Enroll customers in energy assistance programs or provide bill assistance;

~~(iv) Provide dedicated funding for electrification readiness;~~
~~(v) Include low-income customer protections to mitigate energy burden, if electrification measures will increase a low-income participant's energy burden; and~~

~~((vi)) (v) Coordinate with community-based organizations in the (gas or electrical company's) large combination utility's service territory including, but not limited to, grantees of the department of commerce, community action agencies, and community-based nonprofit organizations, to remove barriers and effectively serve low-income customers;~~

~~((j)) (i) Accept as proof of eligibility for energy assistance enrollment in any means-tested public benefit, or low-income energy assistance program, for which eligibility does not exceed the low-income definition set by the commission pursuant to RCW 19.405.020;~~

~~((k) Assess the potential for geographically targeted electrification including, but not limited to, in overburdened communities, on gas plant that is fully depreciated or gas plant that is included in a proposal for geographically targeted electrification that requires accelerating depreciation pursuant to RCW 80.---(1) (section 7(1), chapter 351, Laws of 2024) for the gas plant subject to such electrification proposal;~~

~~((l)) (i) Assess commercially available supply side resources, including a comparison of the benefits and risks of purchasing electricity or gas or building new resources;~~

~~((m) Assess nonpipeline alternatives, including geographically targeted electrification and demand response, as an alternative to replacing aging gas infrastructure or expanded gas capacity. Assessments must involve, at a minimum:~~

~~(i) Identifying all known and planned gas infrastructure projects, including those without a fully defined scope or cost estimate, for at least the 10 years following the filing;~~

~~(ii) Estimating programmatic expenses of maintaining that portion of the gas system for at least the 10 years following the filing; and~~

~~(iii) Ranking all gas pipeline segments for their suitability for nonpipeline alternatives;~~

~~((n)) (k) Assess distributed energy resources that meets the requirements of RCW 19.280.100;~~

~~((o)) (l) Provide an assessment and 20-year forecast of the availability of and requirements for regional supply side resource and delivery system capacity to provide and deliver electricity and gas to the large combination utility's customers and to meet, as applicable, the requirements of chapter 19.405 RCW and the state's greenhouse gas emissions reduction limits in RCW 70A.45.020. The delivery system assessment must identify the large combination utility's expected needs to acquire new long-term firm rights, develop new, or expand or upgrade existing, delivery system facilities consistent with the requirements of this section and~~

reliability standards and take into account opportunities to make more effective use of existing delivery facility capacity through improved delivery system operating practices, conservation and efficiency resources, distributed energy resources, demand response, grid modernization, nonwires solutions, and other programs if applicable;

~~((p)) (m) Assess methods, commercially available technologies, or facilities for integrating renewable resources and nonemitting electric generation including, but not limited to, battery storage and pumped storage, and addressing overgeneration events, if applicable to the large combination utility's resource portfolio;~~

~~((q)) (n) Provide a comparative evaluation of supply side resources, delivery system resources, and conservation and efficiency resources using lowest reasonable cost as a criterion;~~

~~((r)) (o) Include a determination of resource adequacy metrics for the integrated system plan consistent with the forecasts;~~

~~((s)) (p) Forecast distributed energy resources that may be installed by the large combination utility's customers and an assessment of their effect on the large combination utility's load and operations;~~

~~((t)) (q) Identify an appropriate resource adequacy requirement and measurement metric consistent with prudent utility practice in implementing RCW 19.405.030 through 19.405.050;~~

~~((u)) (r) Integrate demand forecasts, resource evaluations, and resource adequacy requirements into a long-range assessment describing the mix of supply side resources and conservation and efficiency resources that will meet current and projected needs, including mitigating overgeneration events and implementing RCW 19.405.030 through 19.405.050, at the lowest reasonable cost and risk to the large combination utility and its customers, while maintaining and protecting the safety, reliable operation, and balancing of the energy system of the large combination utility;~~

~~((v)) (s) Include an assessment, informed by the cumulative impact analysis conducted under RCW 19.405.140, of: Energy and nonenergy benefits and the avoidance and reductions of burdens to vulnerable populations and highly impacted communities; long-term and short-term public health and environmental benefits, costs, and risks; and energy security and risk;~~

~~((w)) (t) Include a 10-year clean energy action plan for implementing RCW 19.405.030 through 19.405.050 at the lowest reasonable cost, and at an acceptable resource adequacy standard;~~

~~((x)) (u) Include an analysis of how the integrated system plan accounts for:~~

~~(i) Model load forecast scenarios that consider the anticipated levels of zero emissions vehicle use in a large combination utility's service area, including anticipated levels of zero emissions vehicle use in the large combination utility's service area provided in RCW 47.01.520, if feasible;~~

~~(ii) Analysis, research, findings, recommendations, actions, and any other relevant information found in the electrification of transportation plans submitted under RCW 80.28.365; and~~

~~(iii) Assumed use case forecasts and the associated energy impacts, which may use the forecasts generated by the mapping and forecasting tool created in RCW 47.01.520;~~

~~((y))~~ (v) Establish that the large combination utility has:

(i) Consigned to auction for the benefit of ratepayers the minimum required number of allowances allocated to the large combination utility for the applicable compliance period pursuant to RCW 70A.65.130, consistent with the climate commitment act, chapter 70A.65 RCW, and rules adopted pursuant to the climate commitment act; and

(ii) Prioritized, to the maximum extent permissible under the climate commitment act, chapter 70A.65 RCW, revenues derived from the auction of allowances allocated to the utility for the applicable compliance period pursuant to RCW 70A.65.130, first to programs that eliminate the cost burden for low-income ratepayers, such as bill assistance, or nonvolumetric credits on ratepayer utility bills, ~~((or electrification programs;))~~ and second to ~~((electrification))~~ programs benefiting residential and small commercial customers;

~~((z))~~ (w) Propose an action plan outlining the specific actions to be taken by the large combination utility in implementing the integrated system plan following submission; and

~~((aa))~~ (x) Report on the large combination utility's progress towards implementing the recommendations contained in its previously filed integrated system plan.

~~(5) ((In evaluating the lowest reasonable cost of decarbonization measures included in an integrated system plan, large combination utilities must apply a risk reduction premium that must account for the applicable allowance ceiling price approved by the department of ecology pursuant to the climate commitment act, chapter 70A.65-RCW. For the purpose of this chapter, the risk reduction premium is necessary to ensure that a large combination utility is making appropriate long-term investments to mitigate against the allowance and fuel price risks to customers of the large combination utility.~~

~~(6))~~ The clean energy action plan must:

(a) Identify and be informed by the large combination utility's 10-year cost-effective conservation potential assessment as determined under RCW 19.285.040, if applicable;

(b) Establish a resource adequacy requirement;

(c) Identify the potential cost-effective demand response and load management programs that may be acquired;

(d) Identify renewable resources, nonemitting electric generation, and distributed energy resources that may be acquired and evaluate how each identified resource may be expected to contribute to meeting the large combination utility's resource adequacy requirement;

(e) Identify any need to develop new, or expand or upgrade existing, bulk transmission and distribution facilities and document existing and planned efforts by the large combination utility to make more effective use of existing transmission capacity and secure additional transmission capacity consistent with the requirements of subsection (4)

~~((e))~~ (l) of this section; and

(f) Identify the nature and possible extent to which the large combination utility may need to rely on alternative compliance options under RCW 19.405.040(1)(b), if appropriate.

~~((7))~~ (6) A large combination utility shall consider the social cost of greenhouse gas emissions, as determined by the

commission pursuant to RCW 80.28.405, when developing integrated system plans and clean energy action plans. A large combination utility must incorporate the social cost of greenhouse gas emissions as a cost adder when:

(a) Evaluating and selecting conservation policies, programs, and targets;

(b) Developing integrated system plans and clean energy action plans; and

(c) Evaluating and selecting intermediate term and long-term resource options.

~~((8))~~ (7) Plans developed under this section must be updated on a regular basis, on intervals approved by the commission.

~~((9))~~ (8) (a) To maximize transparency, the commission may require a large combination utility to make the utility's data input files available in a native format. Each large combination utility shall publish its final plan either as part of an annual report or as a separate document available to the public. The report may be in an electronic form.

(b) Nothing in this subsection limits the protection of records containing commercial information under RCW 80.04.095.

~~((10))~~ (9) The commission shall establish by rule a cost test for emissions reduction measures achieved by large combination utilities to comply with state clean energy and climate policies. The cost test must be used by large combination utilities under this chapter for the purpose of determining the lowest reasonable cost of decarbonization and low-income electrification measures in integrated system plans, at the portfolio level, and for any other purpose determined by the commission by rule.

~~((11))~~ (10) The commission must approve, reject, or approve with conditions an integrated system plan within 12 months of the filing of such an integrated system plan. The commission may for good cause shown extend the time by 90 days for a decision on an integrated system plan filed on or before January 1, 2027, as such date is extended pursuant to subsection (2) (a) of this section.

~~((12))~~ (11) In determining whether to approve the integrated system plan, reject the integrated system plan, or approve the integrated system plan with conditions, the commission must evaluate whether the plan is in the public interest, and includes the following:

(a) The equitable distribution and prioritization of energy benefits and reduction of burdens to vulnerable populations, highly impacted communities, and overburdened communities;

(b) Long-term and short-term public health, economic, and environmental benefits and the reduction of costs and risks;

(c) Health and safety concerns;

(d) Economic development;

(e) Equity;

(f) Energy security and resiliency;

(g) Whether the integrated system plan:

(i) Would achieve a proportional share of reductions in greenhouse gas emissions for each emissions reduction period on the gas and electric systems;

(ii) Would achieve the energy efficiency and demand response targets in subsection (4) (e) and (g) of this section;

(iii) ~~((Would achieve cost-effective electrification of end uses as required by subsection (4) (h) of this section;~~

(iv)) Results in a reasonable cost to customers, and projects the rate impacts of specific actions, programs, and investments on customers;

((v)) (iv) Would maintain system reliability and reduces long-term costs and risks to customers;

((vi)) (v) Would lead to new construction career opportunities ~~((and prioritizes a transition of natural gas and electricity utility))~~ for workers to perform work on construction and maintenance of new and existing renewable energy infrastructure; and

((vii)) (vi) Describes specific actions that the large combination utility plans to take to achieve the requirements of the integrated system plan.

(12) The commission shall not approve, or approve with conditions, an integrated system plan that requires or incentivizes a large combination utility to terminate natural gas service to customers.

(13) The commission shall not approve, or approve with conditions, an integrated system plan that authorizes a large combination utility to require a customer to involuntarily switch fuel use either by restricting access to natural gas service or by implementing planning requirements that would make access to natural gas service cost-prohibitive.

Sec. 6. RCW 19.27A.020 and 2018 c 207 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state building code council in the department of enterprise services shall adopt rules to be known as the Washington state energy code as part of the state building code.

(2) The council shall follow the legislature's standards set forth in this section to adopt rules to be known as the Washington state energy code. The Washington state energy code shall be designed to:

(a) Construct increasingly energy efficient homes and buildings ~~((that help achieve the broader goal of building zero-fossil-fuel-greenhouse-gas-emission-homes-and-buildings))~~ by the year 2031;

(b) Require new buildings to meet a certain level of energy efficiency, but allow flexibility in building design, construction, and heating equipment efficiencies within that framework; and

(c) Allow space heating equipment efficiency to offset or substitute for building envelope thermal performance.

(3) The Washington state energy code may not in any way prohibit, penalize, or discourage the use of gas for any form of heating, or for uses related to any appliance or equipment, in any building.

(4) The Washington state energy code shall take into account regional climatic conditions. One climate zone includes: Adams, Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Kittitas, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pend Oreille, Skamania, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Yakima counties. The other climate zone includes all other counties not listed in this subsection ~~((3))~~ (4). The assignment of a county to a climate zone may not be changed by adoption of a model code or rule. Nothing in this section prohibits the council from adopting the same rules or standards for each climate zone.

~~((4))~~ (5) The Washington state energy code for residential buildings shall be the 2006 edition of the Washington state

energy code, or as amended by rule by the council.

~~((5))~~ (6) The minimum state energy code for new nonresidential buildings shall be the Washington state energy code, 2006 edition, or as amended by the council by rule.

~~((6))~~ (7) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the Washington state energy code for residential structures shall preempt the residential energy code of each city, town, and county in the state of Washington.

(b) The state energy code for residential structures does not preempt a city, town, or county's energy code for residential structures which exceeds the requirements of the state energy code and which was adopted by the city, town, or county prior to March 1, 1990. Such cities, towns, or counties may not subsequently amend their energy code for residential structures to exceed the requirements adopted prior to March 1, 1990.

~~((7))~~ (8) The state building code council shall consult with the department of enterprise services as provided in RCW 34.05.310 prior to publication of proposed rules. The director of the department of enterprise services shall recommend to the state building code council any changes necessary to conform the proposed rules to the requirements of this section.

~~((8))~~ (9) The state building code council shall evaluate and consider adoption of the international energy conservation code in Washington state in place of the existing state energy code.

~~((9))~~ (10) The definitions in RCW 19.27A.140 apply throughout this section.

Sec. 7. RCW 19.27A.025 and 2024 c 170 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The minimum state energy code for new and renovated nonresidential buildings, as specified in this chapter, shall be the Washington state energy code, 1986 edition, as amended. The state building code council may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, RCW 19.27.031, and RCW 19.27.---, 19.27.---, and 19.27.--- (sections 6, 7, and 8, chapter 170, Laws of 2024), amend that code's requirements for new nonresidential buildings provided that:

(a) Such amendments increase the energy efficiency of typical newly constructed nonresidential buildings; and

(b) Any new measures, standards, or requirements adopted must be technically feasible, commercially available, and developed to yield the lowest overall cost to the building owner and occupant while meeting the energy reduction goals established under RCW 19.27A.160.

(2) In considering amendments to the state energy code for nonresidential buildings, the state building code council shall establish and consult with a technical advisory group in accordance with RCW 19.27.--- (section 7, chapter 170, Laws of 2024) including representatives of appropriate state agencies, local governments, general contractors, building owners and managers, design professionals, utilities, and other interested and affected parties.

(3) Decisions to amend the Washington state energy code for new nonresidential buildings shall be made prior to December 15th of any year and shall not take effect before the end of the regular legislative session in the next year. Any disputed provisions within an amendment presented to the legislature shall be approved by the legislature before going

into effect. A disputed provision is one which was adopted by the state building code council with less than a two-thirds vote of the voting members. Substantial amendments to the code shall be adopted no more frequently than every three years except as allowed in RCW 19.27.031 and RCW 19.27.-- (section 6, chapter 170, Laws of 2024).

(4) When amending a code under this section, the state building code council shall not in any way prohibit, penalize, or discourage the use of gas for any form of heating, or for uses related to any appliance or equipment, in any building.

Sec. 8. RCW 19.27A.045 and 2024 c 170 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state building code council shall maintain the state energy code for residential structures in a status which is consistent with the state's interest as set forth in section 1, chapter 2, Laws of 1990. In maintaining the Washington state energy code for residential structures, beginning in 1996 the council shall review the Washington state energy code every three years. After January 1, 1996, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, RCW 19.27.031, and RCW 19.27.--, 19.27.--, and 19.27.-- (sections 6, 7, and 8, chapter 170, Laws of 2024), the council may amend any provisions of the Washington state energy code to increase the energy efficiency of newly constructed residential buildings. Decisions to amend the Washington state energy code for residential structures shall be made prior to December 1st of any year and shall not take effect before the end of the regular legislative session in the next year.

(2) When amending a code under this section, the state building code council shall not in any way prohibit, penalize, or discourage the use of gas for any form of heating, or for uses related to any appliance or equipment, in any building.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:

A city or town shall not in any way prohibit, penalize, or discourage the use of gas for any form of heating, or for uses related to any appliance or equipment, in any building.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 36.01 RCW to read as follows:

A county shall not in any way prohibit, penalize, or discourage the use of gas for any form of heating, or for uses related to any appliance or equipment, in any building.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 70A.15 RCW to read as follows:

An authority shall not in any way prohibit, penalize, or discourage the use of gas for any form of heating, or for uses related to any appliance or equipment, in any building.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) 2024 c 351 s 1 (uncodified);
- (2) RCW 80.--.-- and 2024 c 351 s 7;
- (3) RCW 80.--.-- and 2024 c 351 s 8;
- (4) RCW 80.--.-- and 2024 c 351 s 10; and
- (5) 2024 c 351 s 21 (uncodified).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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Complete Text

Initiative Measure No. 2109

AN ACT Relating to repealing the tax on capital gains income authorized in chapter 82.87 RCW; repealing RCW 82.87.010, 82.87.020, 82.87.030, 82.87.040, 82.87.050, 82.87.060, 82.87.070, 82.87.080, 82.87.090, 82.87.100, 82.87.110, 82.87.120, 82.87.130, 82.87.140, 82.87.150, and 82.04.4497; and repealing 2021 c 196 ss 18 and 20 (uncodified).

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 82.87.010 (Findings—Intent—2021 c 196) and 2021 c 196 s 1;
- (2) RCW 82.87.020 (Definitions) and 2021 c 196 s 4;
- (3) RCW 82.87.030 (Distribution of revenues) and 2021 c 196 s 2;
- (4) RCW 82.87.040 (Tax imposed—Long-term capital assets) and 2021 c 196 s 5;
- (5) RCW 82.87.050 (Exemptions) and 2021 c 196 s 6;
- (6) RCW 82.87.060 (Deductions) and 2021 c 196 s 7;
- (7) RCW 82.87.070 (Qualified family-owned small business deduction) and 2021 c 196 s 8;
- (8) RCW 82.87.080 (Charitable donation deduction) and 2021 c 196 s 9;
- (9) RCW 82.87.090 (Other taxes) and 2021 c 196 s 10;
- (10) RCW 82.87.100 (Allocation of long-term capital gains and losses—Credit) and 2021 c 196 s 11;
- (11) RCW 82.87.110 (Filing of returns—Additional documentation—Penalty) and 2021 c 196 s 12;
- (12) RCW 82.87.120 (Joint filers—Separate filers—Tax liability) and 2021 c 196 s 13;
- (13) RCW 82.87.130 (Administration of taxes) and 2021 c 196 s 14;
- (14) RCW 82.87.140 (Tax criminal penalties) and 2021 c 196 s 15;
- (15) RCW 82.87.150 (Annual adjustments) and 2021 c 196 s 17;
- (16) RCW 82.04.4497 (Credit—Sale or exchange of long-term capital assets) and 2021 c 196 s 16;
- (17) 2021 c 196 s 18 (uncodified); and
- (18) 2021 c 196 s 20 (uncodified).

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Complete Text

Initiative Measure No. 2117

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting all state agencies, counties, and cities from implementing any type of carbon tax credit trading, also known as “cap and trade” or “cap and tax” scheme; adding a new section to chapter 70A.65 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 43.21C.520, 70A.15.1100, 70A.45.110, 70A.65.005, 70A.65.010, 70A.65.020, 70A.65.030, 70A.65.040, 70A.65.050, 70A.65.060, 70A.65.070, 70A.65.080, 70A.65.090, 70A.65.100, 70A.65.110, 70A.65.120, 70A.65.130, 70A.65.140, 70A.65.150, 70A.65.160, 70A.65.170, 70A.65.180, 70A.65.200, 70A.65.210, 70A.65.220, 70A.65.230, 70A.65.240, 70A.65.250, 70A.65.260, 70A.65.270, 70A.65.280, 70A.65.290, 70A.65.300, 70A.65.305, 70A.65.310, 70A.65.900, and 70A.65.901.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 70A.65 RCW to read as follows:

All state agencies are prohibited from implementing any type of carbon tax credit trading, also known as “cap and trade” or “cap and tax” scheme, including the climate commitment act previously codified as chapter 70A.65 RCW. This prohibition applies whether the resulting increased costs are imposed on fuel recipients or fuel suppliers.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 43.21C.520 (Review of greenhouse gas emissions from a new or expanded facility) and 2021 c 316 s 34;
- (2) RCW 70A.15.1100 (Issuance of enforceable order—Overburdened communities) and 2021 c 316 s 35;
- (3) RCW 70A.45.110 (Siting of certain facilities) and 2021 c 316 s 36;
- (4) RCW 70A.65.005 (Findings—Intent) and 2021 c 316 s 1;
- (5) RCW 70A.65.010 (Definitions) and 2022 c 181 s 10 & 2021 c 316 s 2;
- (6) RCW 70A.65.020 (Environmental justice review) and 2022 c 181 s 5 & 2021 c 316 s 3;
- (7) RCW 70A.65.030 (Environmental justice assessment) and 2023 c 475 s 1902, 2023 c 475 s 936, 2022 c 182 s 104, 2022 c 181 s 13, & 2021 c 316 s 4;
- (8) RCW 70A.65.040 (Environmental justice council—Duties) and 2022 c 182 s 105, 2022 c 181 s 14, & 2021 c 316 s 5;
- (9) RCW 70A.65.050 (Governance structure) and 2021 c 316 s 7;
- (10) RCW 70A.65.060 (Cap on greenhouse gas emissions) and 2021 c 316 s 8;
- (11) RCW 70A.65.070 (Annual allowance budget and timelines) and 2022 c 181 s 1 & 2021 c 316 s 9;
- (12) RCW 70A.65.080 (Program coverage) and 2022 c 179 s 14 & 2021 c 316 s 10;
- (13) RCW 70A.65.090 (Requirements) and 2021 c 316 s 11;
- (14) RCW 70A.65.100 (Auctions of allowances) and 2023 c 475 s 937, 2022 c 181 s 3, & 2021 c 316 s 12;
- (15) RCW 70A.65.110 (Allocation of allowances to

emissions-intensive, trade-exposed industries) and 2021 c 316 s 13;

(16) RCW 70A.65.120 (Allocation of allowances to electric utilities) and 2021 c 316 s 14;

(17) RCW 70A.65.130 (Allocation of allowances to natural gas utilities) and 2021 c 316 s 15;

(18) RCW 70A.65.140 (Emissions containment reserve withholding) and 2022 c 181 s 11 & 2021 c 316 s 16;

(19) RCW 70A.65.150 (Allowance price containment) and 2022 c 181 s 6 & 2021 c 316 s 17;

(20) RCW 70A.65.160 (Price ceiling) and 2022 c 181 s 7 & 2021 c 316 s 18;

(21) RCW 70A.65.170 (Offsets) and 2022 c 181 s 12 & 2021 c 316 s 19;

(22) RCW 70A.65.180 (Assistance program for offsets on tribal lands) and 2021 c 316 s 20;

(23) RCW 70A.65.200 (Enforcement—Penalty) and 2022 c 181 s 4 & 2021 c 316 s 23;

(24) RCW 70A.65.210 (Linkage with other jurisdictions) and 2021 c 316 s 24;

(25) RCW 70A.65.220 (Adoption of rules) and 2021 c 316 s 25;

(26) RCW 70A.65.230 (Investments—Legislative intent—Evaluation) and 2022 c 182 s 426, 2022 c 181 s 8, & 2021 c 316 s 26;

(27) RCW 70A.65.240 (Carbon emissions reduction account) and 2022 c 182 s 101 & 2021 c 316 s 27;

(28) RCW 70A.65.250 (Climate investment account) and 2023 c 475 s 938, 2023 c 435 s 12, 2022 c 253 s 2, & 2021 c 316 s 28;

(29) RCW 70A.65.260 (Climate commitment account) and 2023 c 475 s 939, 2022 c 179 s 17, & 2021 c 316 s 29;

(30) RCW 70A.65.270 (Natural climate solutions account) and 2021 c 316 s 30;

(31) RCW 70A.65.280 (Air quality and health disparities improvement account) and 2021 c 316 s 31;

(32) RCW 70A.65.290 (Joint legislative audit and review committee—Program implementation analysis. (*Expires June 30, 2030.*)) and 2021 c 316 s 32;

(33) RCW 70A.65.300 (Distributions of moneys—Annual report) and 2021 c 316 s 46;

(34) RCW 70A.65.305 (Tribal consultation) and 2022 c 253 s 1;

(35) RCW 70A.65.310 (Covered or opt-in entity compliance obligation) and 2022 c 181 s 2;

(36) RCW 70A.65.900 (Short title—2021 c 316) and 2021 c 316 s 37; and

(37) RCW 70A.65.901 (Suspension of certain sections and rules) and 2021 c 316 s 39.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The provisions of this act are to be liberally construed to effectuate the policies, purposes, and intent of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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Complete Text

Initiative Measure No. 2124

OPT OUT OF STATE-RUN LONG TERM CARE COVERAGE ACT

AN ACT Relating to all Washington workers having the choice to opt out of the government-operated long term insurance scheme; amending RCW 50B.04.090; creating new sections; and repealing RCW 50B.04.085.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. RCW 50B.04.090 and 2022 c 1 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Beginning July 1, 2023, and subject to the protections established by subsection 8 of this section, any self-employed person, including a sole proprietor, independent contractor, partner, or joint venturer, may elect coverage under this chapter. Coverage must be elected before July 1, 2026, or within three years of becoming self-employed for the first time. Those electing coverage under this subsection are responsible for payment of 100 percent of all premiums assessed to an employee under RCW 50B.04.080. The self-employed person must file a notice of election in writing with the employment security department, in the manner required by the employment security department in rule. The self-employed person is eligible for benefits after paying the long-term services and supports premium for the time required under RCW 50B.04.050.

(2) A self-employed person who has elected coverage may not withdraw from coverage unless they opt out under subsection 8 of this section.

(3) A self-employed person who elects coverage must continue to pay premiums until such time that the individual retires from the workforce or is no longer self-employed or they opt out under subsection 8 of this section. To cease premium assessment and collection, the self-employed person must file a notice with the employment security department if the individual retires from the workforce or is no longer self-employed or they opt out under subsection 8 of this section.

(4) The employment security department may cancel elective coverage if the self-employed person fails to make required payments or file reports. The employment security department may collect due and unpaid premiums and may levy an additional premium for the remainder of the period of coverage. The cancellation must be effective no later than 30 days from the date of the notice in writing advising the self-employed person of the cancellation.

(5) Those electing coverage are considered employers or employees where the context so dictates.

(6) For the purposes of this section, “independent contractor” means an individual excluded from the definition of “employment” in RCW 50B.04.010.

(7) The employment security department shall adopt rules for determining the hours worked and the wages of individuals who elect coverage under this section and rules for enforcement of this section.

(8) An employee or self-employed person in Washington

must elect to keep coverage under this Chapter. If an employee or self-employed person has elected coverage under this Chapter, the employee or self-employed person must also have the option to opt out at any time. The employment security department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Sec. 2. RCW 50B.04.085 (Premium assessment-Exemptions) and 2021 c 113 s 5 & 2020 c 98 s 7 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The provisions of this act are to be liberally construed to effectuate the policies, purposes, and intent of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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Voter tip:



Be suspicious of calls claiming to help you fill out your ballot. If you cannot personally return your ballot, only let people you trust deliver it for you.

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elections@co.benton.wa.us

Chelan County

350 Orondo Ave, Ste 306
Wenatchee, WA 98801
(509) 667-6808
elections@co.chelan.wa.us

Clallam County

223 E 4th St, Ste 1
Port Angeles, WA 98362
(360) 417-2221
elections@clallamcountywa.gov

Clark County

1408 Franklin St
Vancouver, WA 98660
(564) 397-2345
elections@clark.wa.gov

Columbia County

341 E Main St, Ste 3
Dayton, WA 99328
(509) 382-4541
auditor_elections@
co.columbia.wa.us

Cowlitz County

207 4th Ave N, Rm 205
Kelso, WA 98626
(360) 577-3005
elections@cowlitzwa.gov

Douglas County

213 S Rainier St
Waterville, WA 98858
(509) 888-6402
elections@co.douglas.wa.us

Ferry County

350 E Delaware Ave, Ste 2
Republic, WA 99166
(509) 775-5225 ext. 1139
delections@co.ferry.wa.us

Franklin County

1016 N 4th Ave, Ste A206
Pasco, WA 99301
(509) 545-3538
elections@franklincountywa.gov

Garfield County

789 Main St
Pomeroy, WA 99347
(509) 843-1411
mlueck@co.garfield.wa.us

Grant County

35 C St NW, Rm 203
Ephrata, WA 98823
(509) 754-2011 ext 2704
elections@grantcountywa.gov

Grays Harbor County

100 W Broadway Ave, Ste 2
Montesano, WA 98563
(360) 249-4232
elections@graysharbor.us

Island County

400 N Main St
Coupeville, WA 98239
(360) 678-8290
elections@islandcountywa.gov

Jefferson County

1820 Jefferson St
Port Townsend, WA 98368
(360) 385-9119
elections@co.jefferson.wa.us

King County

919 SW Grady Way
Renton, WA 98057
(206) 296-8683
elections@kingcounty.gov

Kitsap County

619 Division St
Port Orchard, WA 98366
(360) 337-7128
auditor@kitsap.gov

Kittitas County

205 W 5th Ave, Ste 105
Ellensburg, WA 98926
(509) 962-7503
elections@co.kittitas.wa.us

Klickitat County

205 S Columbus Ave, Rm 203
Goldendale, WA 98620
(509) 773-4001
voting@klickitatcounty.org

Lewis County

351 NW North St
Chehalis, WA 98532
(360) 740-1278
elections@lewiscountywa.gov

Lincoln County

450 Logan St
Davenport, WA 99122
(509) 725-4971
elections@co.lincoln.wa.us

Mason County

411 N 5th St
Shelton, WA 98584
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elections@masoncountywa.gov

Okanogan County

149 3rd Ave N, Rm 104
Okanogan, WA 98840
(509) 422-7240
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Pacific County

300 Memorial Dr
South Bend, WA 98586
(360) 875-9317
elections@co.pacific.wa.us

Pend Oreille County

625 W 4th St
Newport, WA 99156
(509) 447-6472
elections@pendoreille.org

Pierce County

2501 S 35th St, Ste C
Tacoma, WA 98409
(253) 798-VOTE (8683)
elections@piercecountywa.gov

San Juan County

55 2nd St, Ste A
Friday Harbor, WA 98250
(360) 378-3357
elections@sanjuancountywa.gov

Skagit County

700 S 2nd St
Mount Vernon, WA 98273
(360) 416-1702
sselections@co.skagit.wa.us

Skamania County

240 NW Vancouver Ave
Stevenson, WA 98648
(509) 427-3730
elections@co.skamania.wa.us

Snohomish County

3000 Rockefeller Ave, MS 505
Everett, WA 98201
(425) 388-3444
elections@snoco.org

Spokane County

1033 W Gardner Ave
Spokane, WA 99260
(509) 477-2320
elections@spokanecounty.gov

Stevens County

215 S Oak St, Rm 106
Colville, WA 99114
(509) 684-7514
elections@stevenscountywa.gov

Thurston County

2915 29th Ave SW
Tumwater, WA 98512
(360) 786-5408
elections@co.thurston.wa.us

Wahkiakum County

64 Main St
Cathlamet, WA 98612
(360) 795-3219
elections@co.wahkiakum.wa.us

Walla Walla County

315 W Main St
Walla Walla, WA 99362
(509) 524-2530
elections@co.walla-walla.wa.us

Whatcom County

311 Grand Ave, Ste 103
Bellingham, WA 98225
(360) 778-5102
elections@co.whatcom.wa.us

Whitman County

304 N Main St
Colfax, WA 99111
(509) 397-5284
elections@whitmancounty.gov

Yakima County

128 N 2nd St, Rm 117
Yakima, WA 98901
(509) 574-1340
iVote@co.yakima.wa.us

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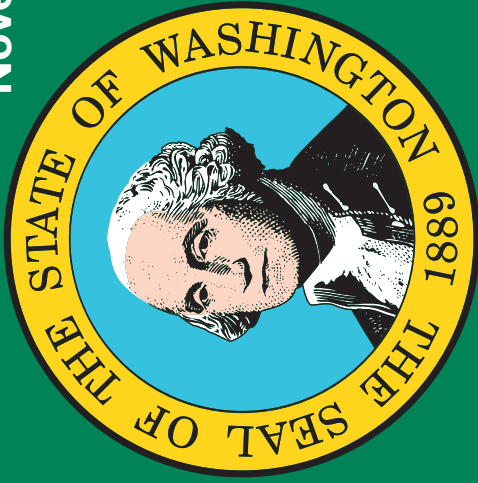
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VOTERS' PAMPHLET

Washington State Elections
& Clark County

General Election
November 5



2024

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