

# What to do if you were potentially exposed to someone with COVID-19

If you have been exposed to COVID-19, or think you have been exposed, you can help prevent the spread of the virus to others in your home and community. Please follow the guidance below.

## Symptoms of COVID-19

Common <u>symptoms</u> are fever, cough and shortness of breath. Other symptoms may include chills, muscle pain, headache, sore throat, and new loss of taste or smell.

### How do I know if I've been exposed to COVID-19?

You can get exposed when you come into direct contact with the secretions (droplets) of someone who has COVID-19 (being coughed or sneezed on, kissing, sharing utensils, etc.). People often get exposed by a household member or through close contact with another person. Close contact means that you have been within 6 feet of someone with COVID-19 for 15 minutes or more. Some people get COVID-19 without knowing how they were exposed.

### Participate in a public health interview

If someone with COVID-19 tells public health they have recently been in close contact with you, you may hear from us by text or phone call. An interviewer will help you understand what to do and what support is available. The interviewer will not tell you who gave them your name.

If you later become ill, they will ask you for the names and contact information of people you were recently in close contact with to notify them about exposure. They will not share your name when they reach out to them.

### I had close contact with someone who has COVID-19 but I am not sick. What should I do?

You should stay home and away from others. Check yourself for fever, cough, and shortness of breath for 14 days from the last day you had close contact with the person. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Washington Department of Health and local health departments recommend that close contacts do not go to work or school, and avoid public places for 14 days (*self quarantine*).

People who are in quarantine and do not live or work in a high-priority setting (see below) may shorten their quarantine in certain circumstances. Those include:

- If a person who is in quarantine has no symptoms, quarantine can end after Day 10.
- If a person who is in quarantine receives a negative COVID-19 test and has no symptoms, quarantine can end <u>after</u> Day 7. The person must be tested on or after Day 5, and quarantine cannot be discontinued earlier than Day 8. Even if a negative test is received before Day 8, the quarantine period should still be a full seven days.

There is a small chance that people who choose to shorten their quarantine period may transmit the infection to others post-quarantine. It is critical that the person who has been in quarantine continues to monitor their symptoms and wear a mask around others through Day 14. If they develop symptoms, they should isolate themselves to avoid infecting others and get tested.



People who live or work in a high-priority setting should quarantine for the full 14-day period, due to the increased risk for a potential outbreak in congregate settings. High-priority settings include long-term care facilities, health care facilities, food processing facilities, the jail, schools and child care facilities.

# I had close contact with someone who tested positive for COVID-19 and now I'm sick. What should I do?

If you were exposed to COVID-19 and get symptoms, you should stay home and away from other people, including household members (*self isolate*), even if you have very mild symptoms. Contact your health care provider for a test. Tell them you were exposed to someone with COVID-19 and are now sick.

# How long do I need to isolate myself?

- 1. If you have confirmed or suspected COVID-19 and **have symptoms**, you can end home isolation when:
  - It's been at least 24 hours with no fever without using fever-reducing medication AND
  - Your symptoms have improved, AND
  - At least 10 days since symptoms first appeared.
- 2. If you test positive for COVID-19, but **have not had any symptoms**, you can end home isolation when:
  - At least 10 days have passed since the date of your first positive COVID-19 test, AND
  - You have had no subsequent illness.

More guidance is available for people who have or are suspected to have COVID-19.

## What's the difference between isolation and quarantine?

- **Isolation** is what you do if you have COVID-19 symptoms, or have tested positive for COVID-19. Isolation means you stay home and away from others (including household members) for the recommended period of time to avoid spreading illness.
- Quarantine is what you do if you have been exposed to COVID-19. Quarantine means you stay
  home and away from others for the recommended period of time in case you are infected and
  are contagious. Quarantine becomes isolation if you later test positive for COVID-19 or develop
  COVID-19 symptoms.

# More COVID-19 Information and Resources

Stay up-to-date on the <u>current COVID-19</u> situation in Washington, <u>Governor Inslee's proclamations</u>, <u>symptoms</u>, <u>how it spreads</u>, and <u>how and when people should get tested</u>. See the <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u> for more information.



The risk of COVID-19 is not connected to race, ethnicity or nationality. Stigma will not help to fight the illness. Share accurate information with others to keep rumors and misinformation from spreading.

- WA State Department of Health 2019 Novel Coronavirus Outbreak (COVID-19)
- WA State Coronavirus Response (COVID-19)
- Clark County Public Health novel coronavirus
- CDC Coronavirus (COVID-19)
- Stigma Reduction Resources

### **Questions about COVID-19?**

Call the Washington State Department of Health hotline at **1-800-525-0127 and press #**. For interpretative services, say your language when the call is answered. **Hotline hours:** 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. Monday-Friday and 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. on weekends. For questions about your health, COVID-19 testing, or testing results, contact your health care provider.

For other formats, contact the Clark County ADA Office
Voice 564.397.2322 / Relay 711 or 800.833.6388 / Fax 360.397.6165 / Email ADA@clark.wa.gov