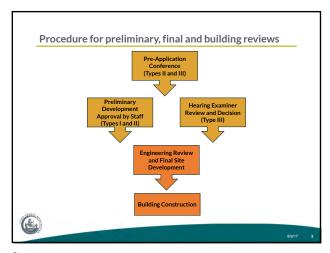
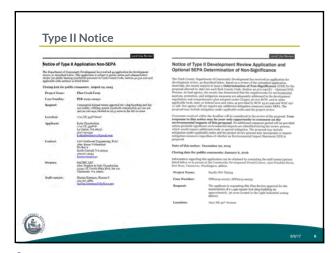


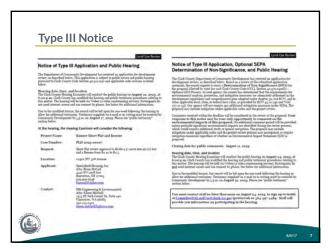
Presentation Agenda Community Development review process Difference between Type I, II, II-A, III, and IV reviews Steps of the process from application to construction Differences in Pre-Application, SEPA and Hearing notices Opportunities in the process to provide public comment Where to find more information on a project



Review Type	Pre- App	Public Notice	Review Time Frame	Comment Period	Decision / Issuance of Permits	Permitting Examples
Type I	No	None	21 days	None	County staff	Signs, decks, family day cares, Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs)
Type II	Yes	*USPS to property owners within 300/Urban or 500/Rural radius from site *NA Leader *Any who request	78 days		County staff	Residential or Commercial site plan, short plats, variance requests of 10 25%
Type II-A	Yes	"Applicant required to hold neighborhood information mitg. prior to application submission. "USPS to 300/Urban or 500/Rural radius from site "NA Leader "Any who request	78 days if no hearing requested 92 days if hearing is requested	15 days Comments will be addressed at hearing if received at least 15 days before the hearing.	County staff if no hearing. Hearing Examiner if hearing was requested.	Conditional Use Permit, Planned Unit Development, Master Plans (Heritage Farm, Camp Bonneville)
Type III	Yes	*USPS to 300'/Urban or 500'/Rural radius from site *NA Leader *Any who request	92 days		Hearing Examiner	Subdivisions, Zone Changes, Appeals

Туре	Pre- App	Public Notice	Review Time Frame	Comment Period	Decision / Issuance of Permits	Permitting Examples
Type IV	Yes	*USPS to 300"/Urban or 500"/Rural radius from site "NA Leader *Any who request	Varies	Usually requires SEPA DNS with opportunity to comment. Opportunity to comment at Planning Commission process and again during County Council process.	Planning Commission (PC) Review with worksession and Hearing. Planning Commission recommendation forwarded to County Council for worksession and then Hearing with decision.	Comprehensive Plan zone changes and overlays.





Abbreviation stands for "State Environmental Protection Agency, Determination of Non-Significance". The state requires this checklist to determine whether a proposal has any significant environmental impacts. This completed checklist helps Examples of applications that require SEPA checklists: Rezone Shoreline Permits Amendments to codes/ordinances/plans Public comments Must be received within 14

 This completed checklist helps to determine if an applicant can put measures in place to avoid, minimize, or counter adverse effects.

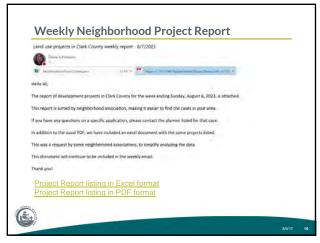
SEPA DNS Notice

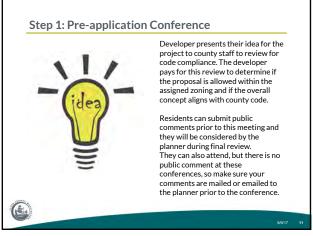
- days of the date on the notice.
- Should be focused on environmental issues detailed on the checklist; i.e. air and water quality, habitat, etc.

8

8/9/17

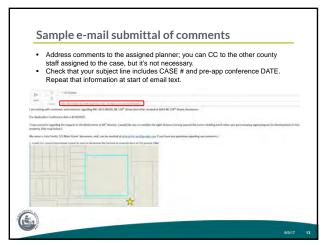


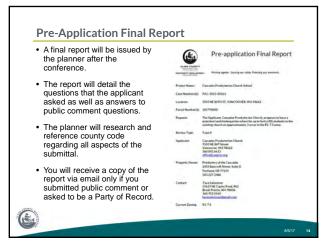


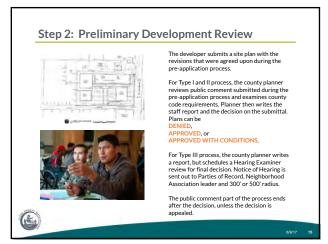


11

Tips for Submitting Comments for Pre-App . Things to include: • Things NOT to include: CASE NUMBER and name of project at top of letter or in subject line of your email. • "I don't like the looks of this." "Too many new houses being built here." Traffic concerns such as: Road entry point Sight distance issues Questions on traffic control; i.e. right-or left-hand turn lane, stop signs, traffic lights, roundabouts, etc. "Realtor told me that was going to be a park (or that it was always going to be undeveloped).' School bus stop locations Reference specific intersections and roads. Submit map if possible. • "It's going to block my view." · General comments like: Environmental impact concerns General comments like: "this is going to create too much traffic" are not helpful because they are not specific enough to work towards any type of mitigation. Air quality, watershed and habitat Items that have county code references







NOTICE OF APPLICATION AND HEARING DATE Notice is sent out within 14 days of the application being fully complete, and at least 15 calendar days prior to the hearing date. Mailed to households within 300' of project in urban/500' in rural Mailed to the recognized Neighborhood Association contact The applicant is responsible for posting a signboard on the property at the project location within 30 days of the hearing. If the signboard is not up 30 days before the hearing, the hearing is rescheduled. Staff will issue a report and recommendation to the Hearing Examiner at least 15 calendar days prior to the hearing. A copy of the site plan or land division plan with a description of the proposal and the staff report can be viewed at: https://clark.wa.gov/community-development/proposed-developments

16



17

Land Use Hearing Process The Hearing Examiner reviews the proposed development. The examiner makes the decision of approval or denial based upon the following evidence. • State and county codes and/or any relevant legal precedence. • The proposed plan and evidence submitted by the applicant. • Staff analysis and recommendations presented in the staff report, which is based on state and county code. • Written testimony submitted to the county prior to the hearing. • Verbal testimony by applicant, public and staff.

Land Use Hearings - Submitting Written Testimony

- Submit your written testimony at least one week prior to the hearing. Some things to reference:
 - Include the CASE NUMBER and the name of the project at the top of your letter and include the hearing date.
 - If submitting via email, include this information in the SUBJECT LINE of your email and include the hearing date.
 - Code sections that are applicable. Type them out in your written testimony, so the hearing examiner doesn't have to go through the code to find them.
 - Include photos and maps if applicable, and clearly define roads and landmarks.
- Petitions demonstrate the number of concerned residents but remember that land use decisions are determined by code and law, not by popular vote.



8/9/17 19

19

Land Use Hearings – Tips for Testifying in Person

- Keep verbal testimony to the point; remember you only have three minutes. Make sure your verbal testimony meets the three minutes by practicing ahead of time.
- Bring at least two copies of the written testimony to submit to the record (one for the Hearing Examiner, one for the Clerk), especially if it includes photos or maps.
- During verbal testimony, reference the code section number(s), but don't use your time reading all of the code language.
- Be polite and thank the Hearing Examiner for the opportunity to comment
- You may request the Hearing Examiner leave the record open if a substantial amount of new information was submitted after the staff report was issued.



Land Use Processes 05/31/23

20

Land Use Hearing Process

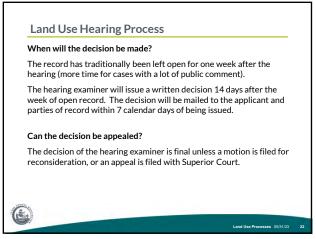
What are the possible outcomes/decisions?

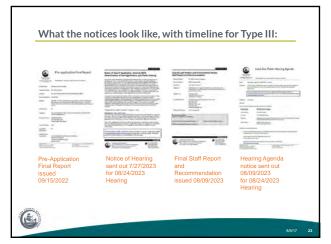
- APPROVE the development if the proposal meets the code requirements.
- 2. APPROVE the development SUBJECT TO "CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL" if the proposal does NOT meet the code requirements but can meet it if conditions are required.
- DENY the application if the proposed development does NOT meet the code requirements or the applicant failed to submit sufficient or credible evidence into the record to demonstrate that the proposal can meet code requirements, even if conditions of approval are required.

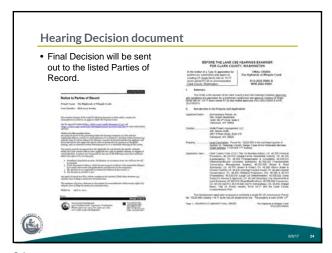
The applicant has the burden of proof as to whether the proposed development meets or exceeds the code requirements.



Land Use Processes 05/31/23







Step 4: Development Engineering Review/Inspection



In this phase of review, county engineers review the infrastructure criteria of the approved site plan to ensure the plan meets code.

*Stormwater and drainage plans *Sight distance & traffic safety *Flood plain review and grading plans (if needed)

The dirt does not start moving on the site until after the plan has been approved by county engineers.

The county's development inspectors physically visit and inspect the site during the site construction of roads, sidewalks, utilities, and stormwater facilities.



25

Step 5: Construction of buildings



County plans examiners review the structure plans for code compliance.

As the structure(s) are built the developer will need to apply for and get approval for various permits including plumbing, electrical, and mechanical. Each of these need to be scheduled and signed off by county building inspectors for each phase of construction on the building.

When structure(s) are complete, the county performs a last occupancy inspection process prior to final sign



26

Appeals and Motions for Reconsideration

A final decision regarding an application may be appealed to different levels depending on the type of review.

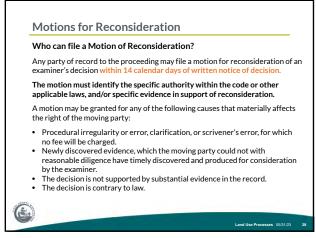
- Type I or Type II decisions made by staff review may be appealed to the
- hearing examiner within 14 calendar days from the mailing of the decision.

 Type III decisions made by the hearing examiner review may be appealed to Superior Court, or a motion of reconsideration may be filed on Type III decisions made by hearing examiner review within 21 calendar days after
- $\bullet \quad Visit \\ \underline{ https://clark.wa.gov/media/document/131361} \\ for more information.$

Who can appeal a decision?

- Type I any interested party may appeal.
- Type II only those who have submitted written comments to the Responsible Official within the comment period and provided accurate mailing address, also known as Parties of Record, may appeal the decision. Type III – only applicant and Parties or Record.





References and Links to more information • Clark County's Property Information Center: https://gis.clark.wa.gov/gishome/property/ • Community Development Proposed Developments page, with links to the upcoming Pre-Application conferences: https://clark.wa.gov/community-development/proposed-developments • Residential Zoning code: https://www.codepublishing.com/WA/ClarkCounty/?clarkco40/clarkco40220/clarkco40220010.html • Can't find information on a proposal online? Call or email the assigned planner directly. Information will be on the notice. You can also call Community Development at 564.397.2375.

